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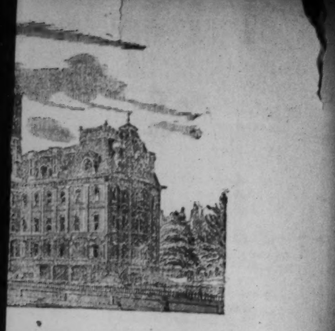

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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XVII. SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1884. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BLAINE ACCEPTS.

A VERY FORMAL LETTER FROM THE MAINE STATESMAN.

A Letter Which Will Not Prove Such a Terror to the Democrats After All—Not Much "Dash" Displayed A Document Which Will Disappoint Expectant Friends.

AUGUSTA, Me., July 18.—Mr. Blaine's letter of acceptance has been given to the public. It is dated Augusta, Maine, July 15th, and is addressed to Hon. John B. Henderson and others of the committee, etc. Mr. Blaine in accepting the nomination, says:

GENTLEMEN—In accepting the nomination for the presidency tendered me by the republican national convention, I beg to express a deep sense of the honor which is conferred and of the duty which is imposed. I venture to accompany the acceptance with some observations upon the questions involved in the contest—questions whose settlement may affect the future of the nation favorably or unfavorably for a long series of years.

In enumerating the issues upon which the republican party appeals for popular support, the convention has been singularly explicit and felicitous. It has properly given the leading position to the industrial interests of the country as affected by the tariff on imports. On that question the two political parties are radically in conflict. Almost the first act of the republicans, when they came into power in 1861, was the establishment of the principle of protection to American labor and to American capital. This principle the republican party has ever since steadily maintained, while on the other hand the democratic party in congress has for fifty years persistently warred upon it. Twice within that period our opponents have destroyed tariffs arranged for protection, and since the close of the civil war, whenever they have controlled the house of representatives, hostile legislation has been attempted—never more conspicuously than in their principal measures at the late session of congress.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.

Revenue laws are in their very nature subject to frequent revision in order that they may be adapted to changes and modifications of trade. The republican party is not contending for the permanency of any particular statute. The issue between the two parties does not have reference to a specific law. It is far broader and far deeper. It involves a principle of wide application and beneficent influence, against a theory which we believe to be unsound in conception and inevitably hurtful in practice. In the many tariff revisions which have been necessary for the past twenty three years, or which may hereafter become necessary, the republican party has maintained and will maintain the policy of protection to American industry, while our opponents insist upon a revision, which practically destroys that policy. The issue is thus distinct, well defined and unavoidable. The pending election may determine the fate of protection for a generation. The overthrow of the policy means a large and permanent reduction in the wages of the American laborer, besides involving the loss of vast amounts of American capital invested in manufacturing enterprises. The value of the present revenue system to the people of the United States is not a matter of theory, and I shall submit no argument to sustain it. I only invite attention to certain facts of official record which seem to constitute a demonstration.

In the census of 1850 an effort was made, for the first time in our history, to obtain a valuation of all the property in the United states. The attempt was in large degree unsuccessful. Partly from lack of time, partly from prejudices among many who thought the inquiries foreshadowed a new scheme of taxation, the returns were incomplete and unsatisfactory. Little more was done than to consolidate the local valuation used in the states for purposes of assessment, and that, as everyone knows, differs widely from a complete exhibit of all the property.

In the census of 1860, however, the work was done with great thoroughness—the distinction between "assessed" value and "true" value being carefully observed. The grand result was that the "true value" of all the property in the states and territories (excluding slaves) amounted to fourteen thousand millions of dollars ($14,000,000,000.) This aggregate was the net result of the labor and the savings of all the people who then lived in the area of the United States from the time the first British colonist landed in 1607 down to the year 1860. It represented the fruit of the toil of two hundred and fifty years.

After 1860 the business of the country was encouraged and developed by a protective tariff. At the end of twenty years the total property of the United States, as returned by the census of 1880, amounted to the enormous aggregate of forty-four thousand millions of dollars ($44,000,000,000.) This great result was attained, notwithstanding the fact that countless millions had in the interval been wasted in the progress of a bloody war. It thus appears that while our population between 1860 and 1880 increased sixty per cent the aggregate property of the country increased two hundred and fourteen per cent—showing a vastly enhanced wealth per capita among the people. Thirty thousand millions of dollars ($30,000,000,000) had been added during these twenty years to the permanent wealth of the nation.

These results are regarded by the older nations of the world as phenomenal. That our country should surmount the peril and the cost of a gigantic war and for an entire period of twenty years make an average gain to its wealth of one hundred and twenty-five million dollars per month surpasses the experience of all other nations, ancient or modern. Even the opponents of the present revenue system do not pretend that in the whole history of civilization any parallel can be found to the material progress of the United States, since the accession of the republican party to power.

The period between 1860 and to-day has not been one of material prosperity only. At no time in the history of the United States has there been such progress in the moral and philanthropic field. Religious and charitable institutions, schools, seminaries and colleges, have been founded and endowed far more generously than at any previous time in our history. Greater and more varied relief has been extended to human suffering and the entire progress of the country in wealth has been accompanied and dignified by a broadening and elevation of our national character as a people.

Our opponents find fault that our revenue system produces a surplus. But they should not forget that the law has given a specific purpose to which all of the surplus is profitably and honorably applied—the reduction of the public debt and the consequent relief of the burden of taxation. No dollar has been wasted and the only extravagance with which the party stands charged is the generous pensioning of soldiers, sailors and their families—an extravegance which embodies the highest form of justice in the recognition and payment of a sacred debt. When reduction of taxation is to be made, the republican party can be trusted to accomplish it in such a form as will most effectively aid the industries of the nation.

OUR FOREIGN COMMERCE.

A frequent accusation by our opponents is that the foreign commerce of the country has steadily decayed under the influence of the protective tariff. In this way they seek to array the importing interest against the republican party. It is a common and yet radical error to confound the commerce of the country with its carrying trade—an error often committed innocently and sometimes designedly—but an error so gross that it does not distinguish between the ship and the cargo. Foreign commerce represents the exports and imports of a country regardless of the nationality of the vessel that may carry the commodities of exchange. Our carrying trade has from obvious causes suffered many discouragements since 1860, but our foreign commerce has in the same period steadily and prodigiously increased—increased indeed at a rate and to an amount which absolutely dwarf all previous developments of our trade beyond the sea. From 1860 to the present time the foreign commerce of the United States, (divided with approximate equality between exports and imports,) reached the astounding aggregate of twenty-four thousand millions of dollars ($24,000,000,000). The balance in this vast commerce inclined in our favor, but it would have been much larger if our trade with the countries of America, elsewhere referred to, had been more wisely adjusted.

It is difficult even to appreciate the magnitude of our export trade since 1860, and we can gain a correct conception of it only by comparison with preceding results in the same field. The total exports from the United States from the declaration of independence in 1776 down to the day of Lincoln's election in 1860, added to all that had previously been exported from the American colonies from their original settlement, amounted to less than nine thousand millions of dollars ($9,000,000,000.) On the other hand our exports from 1860 to the close of the last fiscal year exceeded twelve thousand millions of dollars ($12,000,000,000)—the whole of it being the product of American labor. Evidently a protective tariff has not injured our export trade when, under its influence, we exported in twenty-four years forty per cent more than the total amount that had been exported in the entire previous history of American commerce. All the details, when analyzed, correspond with this gigantic result. The commercial cities of the union never had such growth as they have enjoyed since 1860. Our chief emporium, the city of New York, with its dependencies, has within that period doubled her population and increased her wealth five fold. During the same period the imports and exports which have entered and left her harbor are more than double in bulk and value the whole amount exported by her between the settlement of the first Dutch colony on the island of Manhattan and the outbreak of the civil war in 1860.

AGRICULTURE AND THE TARIFF.

The agricultural interest is by far the largest in the nation, and is entitled in every adjustment of revenue laws to the first consideration. Any policy hostile to the fullest development of agriculture in the United States must be abandoned. Realizing this fact the opponents of the present system of revenue have labored very earnestly to persuade the farmers of the United States that they are robbed by a protective tariff, and the effort is thus made to consolidate their vast influence in favor of free trade. But happily the farmers of America are intelligent, and cannot be misled by sophistry when conclusive facts are before them. They see plainly that during the past twenty-four years, wealth has not been acquired in one section or by one interest at the expense of another section or another interest. They see that the agricultural states have made even more rapid progress than the manufacturing states.

The farmers see that in 1860 Massachusetts and Illinois had about the same wealth—between eight and nine hundred million dollars each—and that in 1880 Massachusetts had advanced to twenty-six hundred millions, while Illinois had advanced to thirty-two hundred millions. They see that New Jersey and Iowa were just equal in population in 1860 and that in twenty years the wealth of New Jersey was increased by the sum of eight hundred and fifty millions of dollars, while the wealth of Iowa was increased by the sum of fifteen hundred millions. They see that the nine leading agricultural states of the west have grown so rapidly in prosperity that the aggregate addition to their wealth since 1860 is almost as great as the wealth of the entire country in that year. They see that the south, which is almost exclusively agricultural, has shared in the general prosperity and that having recovered from the loss and devastation of war, has gained so rapidly that its total wealth is at least the double of that which it possessed in 1860, exclusive of slaves.

In these extraordinary developments the farmers see the helpful impulse of a home market, and they see that the financial and revenue system, enacted since the republican party came into power, has established and constantly expanded the home market. They see that even in the case of wheat, which is our chief cereal export, they have sold, in the average of the years since the close of the war, three bushels at home to one they have sold abroad, and that in the case of corn, the only other cereal which we export to any extent, one hundred bushels have been sold at home to three and a half bushels exported. In some years the disparity has been so great that for every peck of corn exported one hundred bushels have been consumed in the home market. The farmers see that in the increasing competition from the grain fields of Russia and from the distant plains of India, the growth of the home market becomes daily of greater concern to them and that its impairment would depreciate the value of every acre of tillable land in the union.

OUR INTERNAL COMMERCE.

Such facts as these touching the growth and consumption of cereals at home give us some slight conception of the vastness of the internal commerce of the United States. They suggest also that, in addition to the advantages which the American people enjoy from protection against foreign competition, they enjoy the advantages of absolute free trade over a large area and with a greater population than any other nation. The farmers

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

Drowning of a Little Girl in Milton County—Presentation to the Methodist Mission in China—A Young Lady Finds a Snake in Her Bedroom—Other General Items.

Canton has three white and one colored Sunday school, all in a flourishing condition, with a combined membership of about 500.

The Hawkinsville News says that Captain Wm. Miller brought in two bales of cotton last Saturday. It classed low middling, and he was offered 9¾ cents for it, but didn't sell. The captain probably saw too many long and anxious-looking faces, and decided that he might be called on by about one hundred parties for a small loan, hence his declination to sell.

Fort Valley Mirror: A touching and appropriate episode in the proceedings of the Macon district conference in session last week at Henderson were the resolutions of sympathy, condolence and confidence offered by Dr. Greene in reference to Father Dunwoody. This grand old Christian warrior, at his home four miles from the seat of conference, is passing through the closing afflictions of a long and useful life. For three or four weeks just passed he has endured more physical suffering than at any time during his life. Blind, palsied and dropsical he sits bowed in humble, peaceful resignation, "until his change cometh," a conspicuous, incontestible proof of the reality of the religion he professes, and of its power to give joy and peace in the most distressing circumstances of bodily affliction.

Of the recent homicide in Smith's convict camp the Crawford News says:

One day last week, Mr. Luck, the captain of the convict forces at Mr. James Smith's camp, in this county, attempted to whip one of the convicts, in accordance with his duty, but the convict resisted and after a considerable tussle with Captain Luck, ran. The guard, to whose squad the negro belonged, ordered him several times to stop, but the negro paid no attention to the command, whereupon the guard fired upon him, from the effects of which the convict died Wednesday night last. An inquest was held over the body by a coroner's jury who returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Professor T. B. Moss has consented to remain at the head of Meson academy another year.

A little five-year-old child of Mr. Cotter, who lives at Hassler's mill, four miles north of Dalton, had a narrow escape from death by poisoning one day last week. A box of "Rough on Rats" had been carelessly left upon a table, and while its mother was absent from the room the child possessed itself of the poison and had eaten a considerable amount of it before discovered. No physician being nearer than Dalton, Dr. J. C. Bivings was hurriedly summoned, who gave the necessary antidotes and succeeded in placing the child beyond danger, to the great delight of the frightened mother.

Dalton Citizen: The one-story frame dwelling of Michael Joyce, in north Dalton, was entirely consumed by fire, Sunday night last, between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock. The fire was well advanced before it was discovered and the family narrowly escaped with their lives. The building had no insurance on it, and the effects of two rooms was all that was saved. It is not known how the fire originated.

Says the Citizen, a young lady of Dalton was awakened from her slumbers the other night by a feeling of intense dread and a premonition of danger. Before retiring she had left the lamp burning low and the apartment was dimly lighted. Some fascination drew her eyes to the opposite side of the bed, and to her horror she saw the uncanny coils of a snake, perhaps a foot and a half long, reclining on the white coverlet, with its basilisk eyes fastened upon her. When discovered the reptile glided swiftly and silently away, but left the young lady in such a state of terror that sleep forsook her eyes for the rest of the night. The limbs of a tree, interlaced with honey-suckle vines, grew near a window of a room, and it is supposed by this means the snake effected an entrance in search of rats or mice.

One day last week a young man named Pendergrast, who was employed as a farm laborer by Mr. William Morton, near Mazeppa, Milton county, was plowing in the field, when the mule he was working did not suit him, which so irritated him that he drew his knife and cut its throat. The mule at last accounts was not dead, but will likely die. Pendergrast has fled the country.

Boss Culberson, a negro boy about sixteen years old, killed by stabbing with his knife, the daughter of Green Freeman, about the same age. Also a negro, six miles from LaGrange, in the Mountville district and Flowers settlement. The murderer was brought to town and lodged in jail.

Milton Democrat: On last Thursday evening as two little children of Mr. Robert Hembree's, a little boy aged about eight years, and little Carrie, aged about six years, were returning home from school, having on their way a small stream to cross, which had become very much swollen by the heavy rain that had just fallen. On reaching it and being alone they took each other's hand, attempted to cross on a small foot-log, and when they had gone part of the way over they lost their foothold, and together fell into the stream. When the little boy recovered his faculties he was beached some distance below the foot-log, and on looking around could not here find his little sister. After recovering sufficiently he gave the alarm, soon drew together a large number of persons, who, after searching for some time, found the lifeless body of little Carrie, a full half mile below where she had fallen in, having been borne there by the force of the stream.

One day last week W. O. Cooper,' of Ogle thorpe county, shot what he supposed to be a large snake in a hedge of weeds, and on investigation found that he had killed two large moccasins, three feet long and six inches in circumference, and each containing thirty small ones, about three inches long.

Last Thursday morning, says the Crawford News, a negro woman living on Mr. Jesse M. Armistead's place, three miles below here, went off from home and left her six months old child in charge of her ten year old daughter. After the absence of the mother, the daughter prepared a sugar rag and placing it in the infant's mouth, in her turn left, leaving the infant alone. Upon the mother's return she found her child dead with the rag of sugar in its throat.

Rome Courier: Tax Collector Black is experiencing some difficulty in collecting road tax. There are four thousand road hands in the county, and only five hundred and sixty have paid their tax. The time for payment expired on the 15th of this month, and Mr. Black has commenced issuing executions. Should he succeed in making full collections the road tax fund will amount to $12,000. To this will be added one-tenth of one per cent of the regular county tax to be levied next fall.

Athens Banner: We learn that the seniors challenged the board of visitors to the State university for a spelling bee, and a contest in writing, grammar and other studies, but the gentlemen comprising that delegation declined to accept.

An interesting story is thus culled from the Wesleyan Methodist Advocate: The Methodist mission in Souchow, China, has among its workers Rev. D. L. Anderson, one of the most zealous missionaries ever sent out from Georgia. Miss Anna J. Muse, one of the best known Christian young ladies of Atlanta, who a couple of years since devoted herself to the work in China, is in Shanghai. Trinity Sunday-school has ever followed with interest the work of these two missionaries and some time ago sent them a surprise in the shape of a Mason & Hamlin organ each which is thus acknowledged in a letter addressed by Rev. D. L. Anderson and Miss Muse to Mr. W. A. Hemphill, the superintendent of Trinity Sunday-school. The first is from Mr. Anderson as follows:

DEAR BROTHER: About ten days ago the beautiful organ presented to me by the Trinity Sunday-school, reached Souchow, and I now write by the first mail out to acknowledge my appreciation of the school's kind remembrance, and also to thank you most heartily for it.....The faces of dear friends whom I can only think of in connection with Trinity Sunday school would come before me, and my thoughts would go back to the time when my name was enrolled among her scholars.....The kind remembrance, the thoughtful love that the organ represents gives me new courage and zeal for my work here. My wife took her seat before the organ, and the first music its rich toned voice yielded was "Home, Sweet Home." Then little Jinamie called for "Happy Land," and with him we sang of the happy land where dwells the King in His beauty, while the thoughts of another happy land, just across the sea, made that "far away land" seem much nearer. . . . . Just here I want to congratulate Trinity Sunday-school. Its ability to present such a worker as Miss Laura Haygood, and willingness to spare her, is truly a matter of congratulation and thankfulness to God. I need hardly ask you to remember China and China's people, and our work among them. With two of your children already here, and another almost on the way, I have too much confidence in your love to prefer such a request. God is blessing and helping us here in our work, and while the dark cloud of heathenism is overshadowing the whole land, here and there we can catch a gleam of light which gives promise of the coming day. May God speed its coming. As it was in the time of our Lord, so here now: "The harvest is plenteous but the laborers are few." We pray for more laborers and ask you to join us in the cry. You children of Trinity, who, in your Christian homes and well ordered schools, are so thoroughly taught how, in Jesus's name, "to rescue the perishing and care for the dying" can find here in China a field where loving hearts and gentle hands may snatch many such from "death and the grave." It is just pitiful to see the masses around us without light and without hope. I know you do feel for them: I know you do pray for them and for those who are laboring among them, and this knowledge gives me much comfort and strength.

Miss Muse also writes as follows:

MY DEAR MR. HEMPHILL: Permit me, through you, to return my warmest thanks to Trinity Sunday school for the beautiful organ received a few weeks ago. Words perhaps can thank you for the organ, but they are far too weak to express my appreciation of the love that must have prompted you to send it. You have given me the organ, and now may I ask each one who contributed to it to ask God to help me use it in the way that will do most good in promoting His work here. On yesterday afternoon we were greatly encouraged by seventeen boys openly acknowledging their faith in God. We have organized a weekly prayer meeting. The first meeting was conducted by sien-seng. At the close of his talk he asked all who believed in God to stand up. At once nine boys were upon their feet and a moment later the others rose . . . . The boy for whom you all have been praying, has asked to receive baptism. My Sunday-school class is composed of young men, the most advanced pupils in school, and for them I wish to beg the united unceasing prayers of the Sunday-school and church. Faithfully yours,

ANNA J. MUSE.

My only excuse for this long article is the deep interest this subject bears to every Christian heart and that we all love to read the words of our missionaries, to see the work as they do. O. V. M.

DR. J. D. UPSON, a dentist of Cartersville, died Wednesday afternoon, after several weeks' of severe suffering. His remains were intered in the cemetery near Euharlee, Ga., Tuesday.

In Bartow superior court in the case of Neel, receiver, etc., vs Planters & Miners' bank the jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for seventeen hundred dollars, principal and interest.

Some one broke into Mrs. Hartsfield's kitchen in Newnan on Tuesday night and took the hinges off the pantry door, and stole about twenty-five pounds of flour and about fifteen pounds lard. They left things of more value. It is thought that they were scared by the dog barking. The weather is very hot and oppressive. Trade is dull in Newnan.

Preparations are being made for a grand time on the 22nd inst., at the reunion of the Thirtieth Georgia regiment in Clayton county.

Instead of one there are to be two good schools in Jonesboro.

Alf Prater has donated the money which he made in the recent walking matches to his mother and sister in Gainesville for the purpose of purchasing a home.

The Hawkinsville Dispatch prints the following:

A postal card bearing the following was received at the postoffice in Hawkinsville this (Wednesday) morning:

OGLETHORPE, Macon County, Ga., July 15, 1884.—To the Sheriff of Pulaski county: Arrest the murderer, T. E. Lane, white, aged 24 or 25 years; weight 140 or 145 pounds; height 5 feet 6 or 7 inches; has thin brown whiskers, red thick skin, lump-shouldered, bends forward when he walks. The noted mark about him is his under lip. It is very thick and red purple. I think he will travel by private conveyance. Arrest and let me know.

M. B. GILMORE, Sheriff.

Mr. Henry Fleetwood, living near Chauncey, has created a great deal of excitement in the neighborhood by his peculiar condition of mind and body. He refuses to wear clothes, and will eat nothing but sweet milk—says the Lord feeds him from heaven with uncooked food, and clothes him with pilgrim's clothes. Several neighbors carried clothes and washed and dressed him. He then asked them to leave him alone, which they did, and watched through a crack in the house, and saw him pull them off. On their return he said that God pulled them off. Sometimes he seems to be exceedingly happy, and says he is in heaven, and in a few minutes is raging and talking of the devil.

POLITICS IN GEORGIA.

Politics in Terrell.

DAWSON, July 18.—[Special.]—The primary election held in this county on Wednesday to nominate Terrell's representative in the next legislature was full of interest and was strenuously contested by the rival candidates and their friends. The result was a surprise to both parties. The friends of Captain Pickett were confident of his election, and the followers of Mr. O. B. Stevens predicted his success by a much larger majority than the ballots showed. The race was exceedingly close, and though Captain Pickett was defeated in the final count he carried four out of the six districts in the county, and deserves to be congratulated on the fine following that he had in this, his first political contest. We predict that he will yet be sent to the legislature from our county in the years to come. Mr. Stevens, the nominee, is a man of indomitable energy and has been remarkably successful in his undertakings, and he is sure to make Terrell county a useful and efficient representative in the next general assembly. Mr. Steven's actual majority in the county is twenty-nine out of a total poll of eight hundred and nine votes.

Solicitor General Guerry, was thrown from a horse yesterday and was painfully though not seriously hurt. He is still able to relate his adventures and the pleasures of his trip to the Chicago convention.

Politics in Sandersville.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—It is stated on good authority that Judge Green Brantley will make the race for the legislature in this county, on the independent line.

Mr. D. E. B. Wells, an enterprising merchant of this place, says that he will be in the next race for the mayoralty of Sandersville.

Morgan Rawls for Congress.

SAVANNAH, July 18.—[Special.]—Colonel Morgan Rawls is out in a card in the Times this afternoon pressing his claims for congress.

Colored Juvenile Depravity.

From the LaGrange, Ga., Reporter.

Troup county jail now holds a brace of colored youths who have made a great progress in crime for their years, and who bid fair to spend a greater part of their lives in the service of that state, if they do not end them on the gibbet.

Tom Trammell was sent up on Tuesday from West Point, committed for arson. He is of a gingerbake hue, has a bad, repulsive face and is about fourteen years of age. He was detected in the act of burglarizing Mr. W. B. Higginbothem's store, and after his arrest confessed to having set fire to Darden & Kennedy's warehouse some weeks ago, which act caused the destruction of the best block in the city. This he now denies, but acknowledges applying the torch to Mr. Landr's stables. Tom is a bad case, and if these things are proved at the trial it will go ill with him, unless his youth shall palliate his crime.

His companion prisoner is Charlie Culberson, whose heart is not blacker than Tom's, though his color is ebony. He says that he is in his fourteenth year. Last Thursday Charlie (or "Chinch") was shaking peaches from a tree, on Mr. Willie Miller's place, where he lives, and Lou Freeman, a daughter of Green Freeman, who is a tenant on Mrs. Flowers's farm, was gathering them up. This "Chinch" forbade, but (we give his version of the affair) the girl replied, "I'll pick you up if you fool with me," and threw a pencil, hitting him under the arm. "Chinch" descended the tree, a scuffle ensued, and he cut Lou about the knee. The wound resulted in death on Tuesday night.

Illicit Distilling.

ATHENS, Ga. July 18.—[Special.]—Marshal Carter brought in three men from Elbert, charged with illicit distilling. The cases were tried before Commissioner Culp, and the prisoners came clear.

Melons and Pears.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—There remains yet a few car loads of melons, but the crop may be said to be marketed. LeConte pears are finding their way to every market offering reasonable transportation rates. Prices are remunerative.

Of the first stain or speck beware
That on your teeth you may espy,
There is by far more danger there,
Than at the moment meets the eye.
Use SOZODONT without delay,
And thus arrest the first decay.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED.

A Negro Fiend Shot Down by a Mob of His Own Color in West Point—Jail Breaking in Gordon County—A Colored Ravisher Arrested—Other State News, Etc.

ATHENS, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Much of the corn on bottom lands that was overflowed and thought to be killed is coming out, and promises a fine yield. Croppers' prospects have improved 100 per cent in the past week.

Improvements in Gainesville.

GAINESVILLE, July 18.—[Special.]—Dr. J. W. Bailey has broken dirt for the erection of his handsome brick residence, corner of Washington and Green streets. It will be a fine structure, of the latest architectural design, with all modern improvements, and will be rushed to an early completion. Horace Payne, the Atlanta house-mover, is now at New Holland springs, moving houses.

The Dalton Conference.

CALHOUN, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—The Methodist district conference of the Dalton district is now in session at this place. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. Simon P. Richardson to-day. A large number of delegates are in attendance. The conference will continue till Sunday. Rev. Sam Jones will preach to-night.

SHOT DEAD BY LYNCHERS.

A Negro Fiend Put Out of Life by His Own People.

WEST POINT, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—This city has been thrown into intense excitement by the events of the past two days. Near this place there lived a desperate negro named Sam Gibson, whose participation in the crimes and burglaries for several years past have made him an object of terror to the people. When, therefore, it was announced that he had committed an unmentionable outrage upon the person of his fourteen-year-old daughter, not the whites alone but the colored people as well, were wrought into the wildest state of excitement. The girl was confined to her bed in pitiful agony, while the presence of her father, who kept his eye upon her all the while, deterred her from telling the story. Suspicion was so strong, however, that he was arrested and brought before Justice Kennedy in Bluffton, where the damning evidence of his guilt was fully proven. The story of his repeated cruelties to the child was simply beyond belief, were it not that the evidence was so clear. The courtroom was filled with negroes, who were loud in their condemnation of the brute. When the officers took Gibson out for the purpose of putting him in the calaboose, a move was made for him, but by show of resistance the officers got their prisoner away. Baffled, the assembled blacks retired, declaring that they would be heard from again.

With the coming of night all seemed quiet, and the officers were lulled to security by the absence of any hostile demonstration. After several hours had thus passed the presence of a large party of blacks was discovered steadily closing in upon the calaboose. When one, who seemed to be the leader, was remonstrated with he answered: "The whites lynched a negro in LaGrange for touching a white woman; now we mean to lynch one for his crime on a colored girl." With a rush they closed on the calaboose, and with axs and sledgehammers began pounding away on the door, exclaiming, "away with such a curse to his race." The prisoner within cursed lustily at the men who were seeking him, and dared them to come in. At last the door was cleared away, when they found Gibson standing against the back wall like a tiger at bay. His hands were manacled, but he held between them the shining razor. "Come on," he exclaimed, "and I will cut your hearts out." They accepted, and rushed upon him when they were speedily hacked by the razor in such a way as to make them retreat. He then advanced upon two others, cutting away at them, and giving an upward graze of the blade, disemboweled a sixth. It was evident that Gibson was not to be taken in this way, when a voice rang ot, "shoot the dog," and instantly several pistols were discharged, and the desperado fell dead to the floor. One of the balls went clean through his head. The party then retired, leaving his dead body on the floor.

THE ROPE IN BURKE.

Sam Williams, a Negro Desperado, Legally Executed.

WAYNESBORO, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Sam Williams, who killed Clem Bush, October 20th, 1883, was hung here at 12:17 o'clock, to-day. He strangled to death and hung fourteen minutes before death. Williams had been very neglectful of his wife. Bush tried to get him to change his course. Out of this grew quarrels, in one of which Williams committed the murderous deed.

Jail Breaking in Gordon.

CALHOUN, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—About one o'clock this morning J. N. Kiker, a resident of this place, was awakened from his slumbers by the voice of a woman, calling for help. In response to the call Mr. Kiker found it to be the wife of Sheriff W. G. Taylor, who was alarmingly distressed over the escaping of a negro, who was being held over to superior court to answer the charge of larceny. Mr. Kiker arrived at the jail just as the outer door was swung open, armed with a good pistol, and fired as the negro came out, the ball passing through a blanket in the negro's possession and entering the steps. The second shot was fired within fifteen feet of the escaping villian, who yelled as though the ball had accomplished its mission, but the game was not to be found when an examination was made. Sheriff Taylor's absence on official business probably accounts for the effort for liberty by the imprisoned negro.

A Shower of Shot.

WAYNESBORO, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—A negro man committed to jail some time ago for an assault with intent to murder, tried to make his escape a few mornings ago. The guard had him carrying water into the cells of the other prisoners, and when the guard turned to go up stairs the negro turned and pounded down into the street, and away he went. The guard followed, pistol in hand, firing at him every step, the alarm was given, and a dozen or more clerks and storekeepers followed in the chase with their guns and pistols. Fifteen shots were fired at him, none taking effect. He was finally overtaken and a gun leveled at his head by a Mr. Cavalier, who captured him. He was not shot a single time out of all the lead that was flung at him.

An Attempted Escape.

EASTMAN, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—There is a negro in the Eastman jail for stealing a cow in Telfair county. Yesterday Sheriff Rawlins, when he went to take the prisoner his breakfast let him out of his cell into the inner corridor of the jail, but put him back in his cell before leaving the jail. While out, however, the prisoner got hold of a piece of iron that happened to be lying in the corridor, left there by the prisoners who recently escaped, and concealed it in his cell. When the jail was opened to give the prisoner his dinner, yesterday, and to put in Chester Brown, from Montgomery county, he had nearly completed his plan to escape, and in another half hour would have been out.

A Colored Ravisher Arrested.

EASTMAN, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Yesterday the officers from Montgomery county brought to Eastman and lodged in jail Chester Brown, a colored brute, charged with having committed rape upon Miss Joyce of that county, an old mad about eighty years old, who lives entirely alone in the world. The crime was committed last Wednesday night, the eight inst., but the perpetrator was not arrested until day before yesterday. He was positively identified when taken before his victim. The officers say that it was with difficulty that he was prevented from being lynched. Miss Joyce is said to be the possessor of considerable property. She is an eccentric old lady.

A Colored Thief Arrested.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Warren Harrell, a negro, broke in the freight car, Way's station 4½ Savannah, Florida and Western railway, on the 20th of June last, and stole over $75 worth of goods. The company obtained a clue, and placed a detective on the track of Harrell. He was traced yesterday to Savannah. It was then learned that he had gone on foot on the Central railroad, and the officer followed on the train, and succeeded this morning in overtaking him near Eden, captured him and brought him back. He is now in jail.

A Woman Shot.

CLEVELAND, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Mrs. Eliza C. Henson, wife of John C. Henson, living eight miles southwest of Cleveland, in White county, was shot on the 14th inst. by Newt Daniel with a doublebarrel shot gun. About twenty small shot hit Mrs. Henson. Dr. J. W. Underwood thinks she will get well. Mr. Daniel is now in jail.

A Faithless Shepherd.

ROME, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Madison Marshall, a colored Methodist preacher, was tried and convicted of adultery with a member of his church and sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars or six months in jail. Marshall ran away after committing the crime two years ago, but was captured and brought back.

A FIFTY HOUR WALK.

The Savannah Contest for the First Place—The Record.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—The walking match for fifty hours, go-as-you-please, started in St. Andrew hall last night at eight o'clock, with the following walkers: Patrick McCarthy, Thomas Carrig, George Redgate, H. J. Davis, from Savannah; John McCarthy, living sixteen miles from the city on the Augusta road; and Patrick Murphy, of Belfast, Ireland. At two o'clock the score stood: McCarthy, 69 miles, 7 laps; Davis, 55 miles, 21 laps; Corring, 69 miles, 24 laps; Murphy, 70 miles, 4 laps; McCarthy, J., 62 miles, 21 laps; Redgate, 61 miles, 11 laps. J. McCarthy is fagged out almost, and is looked upon as a dead hope. Redgate is a slow walker, and has not the bottom necessary to win. P. McCarthy is fresh and elastic, and says he is going to win if he can. Murphey is as fresh as a daisy and has kept up a heel-and-toe walk ever since he went on. The impression is that the latter two walkers are the strongest in the ring, and that the race lies between them. The attendance has never been over three hundred at one time, and interest is only taken by certain classes.

Proposed Court Change in Chatham.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—The grand jury of Chatham superior court, in their general presentments, recommend the passage of a law abolishing the city court, consolidating the superior and city courts, increasing the salary of the judge, and making Chatham one circuit. The matter creates considerable discussion, and the project has many opponents, though it is shown that a big saving to the county will result.

A Terrible Delirium.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Last night a young mechanic named Charles Alexander, attempted suicide by shooting himself. The weapon was wrestled from him. Later in the night he secured a razor and cut his throat, making an ugly but not a dangerous gash, and the physician thinks he will pull through. He was lately suspended from employment and had been stricken with fever. He was delirious at the time.

Chatham County Finances.

SAVANNAH, July 18.—[Special.]—Tax Collector J. J. McGowan's report for the year 1883, which has just been made up, shows that he had received for the state during the year $54,611.32 and for county $97,714.20. In addition he collected $514 on account of insolvent taxes. The sum of $4,735, the amount of poll taxes, was turned over to the county treasurer for the board of education.

Quick Loading of a Steamer.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—The steamship Amethyst finished loading for Havana this afternoon with lumber. The cargo composes 715,000 feet, and she has been loaded at the rate of 100,000 feet per day. This is said to be unprecedented in the trade of this city, the work of loading having been commenced on the 10th of July.

Personal in Sandersville.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Mr. Vivalder Bell, the clever clerk of Rawlings & May, druggists, is at his post again, after a serious spell of sickness.

Mr. N. H. Hooks, one of our foremost farmers, exhibited to us to-day sweet potatoes of the common yam variety, of this year's crop four inches in circumference, six inches in length. He has 400 bushels of last year's corn on hand.

Whisky in Screven.

SYLVANIA, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—At a mass-meeting of the democratic party to-day, called to say if any and what action should be taken in regard to the present exemption of Millen from the local liquor law of Screven, a resolution was passed unanimously requesting the member who should be elected to provide by law for an election to be held in January next to determine that question.

Taylor's Big Funeral.

ATHENS, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—About 300 negroes attended the funeral of Sam Taylor, killed by Policeman Arnold. Work was stopped on all the plantations for miles around, that the hands could attend. The negroes look upon Taylor as a martyr.

An Important Invention.

ATHENS, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Mr. Escoe, an Oglethorpe farmer, has invented a cotton planter that works splendidly. It is very simple and can be attached to any plowstock. He gave Mr. E. G. Roane, of Athens, a half interest in his invention to get it patented.

The Macon Entries.

The following entries for the champion match have been made by the Macon walkers: Ford, Farmer, Harris, Haskins and Jacobus. Prater, Seel and Ford will certainly make a whooping team. There will be eighteen or twenty entries in all.

A Temperance Rally.

ATHENS, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—A grand temperance mass meeting will be held in the Presbyterian church Sunday, and all the local ministers will deliver addresses. The exercises will be interspersed with music.

Death of Mrs. Peters.

ROME, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—Mrs. H. G. Peters died to-day after a short illness. She was a lady esteemed for her many virtues, and her death is universally regretted.

Found Dead.

LEXINGTON, July 18.—[Special.]—Lucy Glenn, an aged negress, was found dead on the plantation of John Glenn. It is supposed she died with apoplexy.

A Pleasant Occasion.

CONYERS, Ga., July 18.—The commencement exercises of Professors Guinn and O'Kelley's school closed to-day. Everything passed off pleasantly and every one did well. The annual address was delivered by Professor S. C. Caldwell, of Rome, Ga. His subject was, "Woman's Kingdom," and he handled it well. It was a fine effort.

The Fence Election in DeKalb.

DECATUR, Ga., July 18.—[Special.]—The contested election case from Cross Keys district will be argued next Tuesday before Judge J. B. Steward, ordinary. The fence men are the contestants and are represented by Hon. H. C. Jones. The contestants are represented by L. J. Winns. The contestees claim the polls were closed before 3 o'clock p. m., sun time; that nine men presented themselves at the polls before that hour and wanted to vote for fence, and were denied the right to do so; that the managers did not keep three tally sheets and three lists of votes, nor sign the returns and seal up the ballots, as required by law.

To Settle in Atlanta.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., June 18.—[Special.]—Mr. J. Hooper Alexander, late president of the South Georgia college, left to-day for his home in Rome, where he will remain a short time before permanently locating in Atlanta to engage in the practice of the law. He is a graduate of the State university, and a gentleman in every sense of the word.

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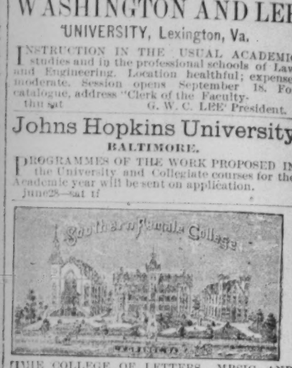

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THE RAILROADS.

The Louisville and Nashville--Local and General Notes.

The schooner Isaac N. Kernin will sail from Brunswick for New York on the 26th.

Mr. Jenner, the agent of the Georgia Pacific, has at his office specimens of the finest coke ever seen. This coke was made from coal mined at Coburg, near Birmingham. It contains one-third less sulphur than the famous Collinsville, Pa., coke, and is destined to create a sensation.

The Union Pacific has put on a fast freight schedule of 42 hours between Kansas City and Denver, in connection with the fast freight schedule now operated between Kansas City and southern points via the K. C. F. S. and G., the Memphis and Charleston, and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia.

Railroad Personals.

Mr. B. W. Wrenn, of the Kennesaw route, is expected to return from Beaufort to-day.

Mr. B. B. Anderson, representing Rand, McNally & Co., of Chicago, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Paul Ravizies, agent of the Queen and Crescent line, at Birmingham, was in the city yesterday.

Colonel Frank Stevenson, of the C. H. and D., and Pan Handle, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Dan J. Mulloney, traveling agent of the Cincinnati Southern, is creating as great a sensation in Jacksonville, Fla., with his dude hat as he did while in Atlanta a few days ago.

Captain Raoul returned yesterday from the annual meeting of the Rome railroad, and left for Savannah. He is traveling in his elegant new private car.

Mr. C. B. Walker, passenger agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, has gone to North Carolina on business.

Captain Fred Bush, passenger agent of the L. and N., is out of the city for a few days.

The Louisville and Nashville.

The main topic of discussion among railroad men yesterday was the strike of the Louisville and Nashville freight conductors and brakesmen between Decatur, Ala., and New Orleans, on account of the non-payment of wages. The opinion was freely expressed that the strike would become general all along the lines of the Louisville and Nashville. A few, however, thought that the road would pay up. Even at the worst, new men would be hired and the trains would continue running.

Changes on the R. and D. R. R.

Captain John J. Gormley, who, since early in the summer of 1882, has been general agent in Charlotte, having in charge the affairs of the Richmond and Danville, Atlanta and Charlotte, Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta, Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio railways, has resigned that position. His resignation goes into effect on the first day of next August, when he is to be succeeded by Major W. A. Moody, superintendent of the car record office in this city. Major Moody will continue to conduct the affairs of the car-record office in addition to his duties of general agent of the associated roads, and will be in short, head "boss" of railroad officers in Charlotte, the whole business having been consolidated under one management. Major Moody's many friends will be pleased to know of this success in his railroad life.

The Postmaster at New Baden, Robertson Co., Texas, writes, that Mr. H. Kelger and Mrs. Mary Smith, were entirely cured of rheumatism by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, the magical pain-reliever. 50 cents a bottle.

The United States has become the fourth largest beer-drinking nation in the world.

Paralysis, loss of vital and muscular Powers, Spinal Meningitis, Nervousness, are cured by Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia and Giles' Pills. Write DOCTOR GILES, Box 3,482 N. Y. P. O., who will prescribe free of cost.

A well which throws up a gas flame four feet high has been struck near Los Angeles, Cal.

Be Careful.

Ask for Wells's "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

A French juryman is not permitted to reveal the secrets of the mode of reaching a verdict.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, the world-renowned appetiser and invigorator, a delicious flavor to all drinks and cures dyspepsia-diarrhœa, fever and ague. Try it, but beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

The North Carolina state exposition will be held in Raleigh from October 1 to October 28.

"Mens sana in corpore sano:" "A sound mind in a sound body" is the trade mark of Allen's Brain Food, and we assure our readers that, if dissatisfied with either weakness of brain or bodily powers, this remedy will permanently strengthen both. $1. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Ave., New York City.

The catch of Penobscot river salmon has been very light this spring, and the fish run small.

Lundborg's Perfume, Edenia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lilly of the Valley.

Mr. Corcoran, the Washington banker, is said to glory in the fact that his father was a cobbler.

Any attempt to produce a flavor in this or any other country that can surpass Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts will prove a failure, for Dr. Price's are as fresh and nice as the fruits from which they are made, and cannot be improved. Their superiority consists not only in their fruity odor, but also in their delicate taste.

A monument is proposed at Kingston, N.Y., to Lieutenant Chipp, who lost his life in the arctic regions.

Try it Yourself.

The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity to the article yourself. Sharp Bros., No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Parmacy, opposite National Hotel, and A. J. Pinson, the druggists, have a free trial bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for each and every one who is afflicted with Cough, Colds, Asthma, Consumption or Lung Affection.

It is rumored that for the next few years very few expensive houses will be built by rich ment.

CINCINNATI, O., April 14, 1884. S. B. SMITH & Bro., Covington, Ky.—*Esteemed Sirs:* I have been troubled with a serious kidney affection, and seeing your advertisement, concluded to try a bottle of your May Flower, though without much hope of being benefited by it. The first bottle worked splendidly, and persevering with its use, I am entirely relieved of my painful illness. Any one can write to me, and I will reiterate what is here written.
MRS. E. WITHER,
Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O.

Some one has taken trouble to figure it out that American hens lay 9,000,000,000 eggs a year.

Another Life Saved.

J. C. Gray, of Dadeville, Ala., writes us: "I have been using your DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and I can say, of a truth, it is far superior to any other lung preparation in the world. My mother was confined to her bed four weeks with a cough, and had every attention by a good physician, but he failed to effect a cure; and when I got one bottle of your DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, she began to mend right away. I can say in truth that IT WAS THE MEANS OF SAVING HER LIFE. I know of five cases that DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM has cured, and my mother is better than she has been for twenty years."

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO SMOKING

Mr. M. P. Blue, of Montgomery, Alabama, exhibits from his garden a cucumber of the variety known as White German. It measures two feet in length, ten inches in circumference and weighed four pounds and two ounces.

Hunt county, Texas, population has increased in the last year 8,000 to 10,000.

Twenty-one thousand pounds of wool was sold in one lot in Martin, Texas, a few days ago.

The public bridge at Selma, across the Alabama river, is to cost $7,000.

Tennessee and Alabama are the only states that hold county elections in August.

The Alabama state Baptist convention will convene in Tuscaloosa 18th July.

Twenty thousand pounds of tomatoes are shipped nightly from Chattanooga.

There are 1,57 postoffices in North Carolina.

Ripe figs sell in Jacksonville, Fla., at $2 per bushel.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 cents. Pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

Decatur county, Ia., has a girl who captured and sold fifteen wolves during the last season.

A Great Triumph.

As the result of long years of patient and careful application, aided by all the discoveries and improvements in modern chemical appliances, the process by which the fragrance of the richest tropical flowers is extracted and concentrated in Murray and Lanman Florida Water has reached a state of perfection which leaves nothing to be desired. To distinguish the genuine article from its numerous imitations look out for the "Trade Mark" which consists of a narrow white strip label bearing the facsimile signature of Lanman & Kemp, sole proprietors.

Letting a Contract.

Yesterday Mr. C. W. Hunnicutt contracted with Mr. J. G. Thrower for the plastering of his new and beautiful residence.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
FULL WEIGHT ROYAL ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL BAKING POWDER

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.
In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test.
THE TEST OF THE OVEN.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE MIDSUMMER HOLIDAY.
CENTURY.
This magazine for August is, as usual, the Midsummer Holiday Number. It is especially notable for the beauty of its illustrations, for short stories, anecdotal papers, out-of-door sketches, etc., adapted to the vacation season. It contains the
OPENING CHAPTERS OF TWO NOVELETTES by Henry James and H. H. Boyesen.
HUMOROUS SHORT STORIES, by Frank R. Stockton and "Ivory Black."
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES, on
British Wild Flowers, by John Burroughs; with over a dozen illustrations of fox-glove, primrose, daisy, daffodil, etc., etc., by Alfred Parsons.
Recent Architecture in America, III, Commercial buildings, by Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer.
On the Track of Ulysses, by W. J. Stillman. Illustrated by Harry Fenn. The first of a series of papers of rare archæological interest, describing a cruise in the Mediterranean, undertaken at the expense of The Century Magazine.
SKETCHES OF PERSONAL INTEREST, concerning
Chinese Gordon.
General Sam Houston, (Portraits.)
Queen of Romania, (Portraits.)
DR. SEVIER, by George W. Cable. This part contains stirring descriptions of the Confederate troops leaving New Orleans and of the march of the 7th Regiment down Broadway, June, 1861.
OTHER CONTRIBUTORS are:
Washington Gladden, W. D. Howells, Edith M. Thomas, Edward Egleston, Maurice Thompson, George Parsons La-

UNDEL
Atlanta
KELLY & [illegible]
Friday,
THE PEDEST[illegible] several mon[illegible] runners in Geor[illegible] as-you-please ma[illegible] porter's match h[illegible]
62 6-10 Miles
It is now prop[illegible]
Grand Cha[illegible]
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FOR THE Ch[illegible]
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COPAR[illegible]
I HAVE THIS[illegible] Mr. T. W. Be[illegible] BOY[illegible] For the purp[illegible] Nos. 33½ and 3[illegible] As the succes[illegible] fully solicit a c[illegible] tofore given to[illegible]
ISAAC S. BOYD[illegible]
NE[illegible]
WE HAVE [illegible] selves tog[illegible] MANUF[illegible] At the Atlanta[illegible] Hinman's), Ne[illegible] are now prepar[illegible] trade with Pe[illegible] Washstands, B[illegible] We kindly so[illegible]
Wh[illegible]
IF YOU WANT[illegible]
CL[illegible]

TUTT'S PILLS
TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.
From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: **Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION,** and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine **TUTT'S PILLS** have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "**scavengers of the system,**" producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. **TUTT'S PILLS** cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect
ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.
HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.
"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and **TUTT'S** are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.
Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.
TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE

HARTER'S IRON TONIC
THE ONLY TRUE
Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.
LADIES Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.
(Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co. St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.)

FOR RENT OR LEASE.
OFFICES AND ROOMS IN THE
New Constitution Building
IN SUITS OR SINGLE ROOMS.
HEAT AND ELECTRIC LIGHT FURNISHED WITH EACH ROOM.
AN ELEGANT OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATOR
Running constantly. Also
A Handsome and Large Store,
Adjoining Constitution Business office.
Diagrams of the building can be seen at The Constitution office. Parties applying now can have rooms arranged as desired.
W. A. HEMPHILL, Business Manager.

J. J. McDONOUGH, Savannah, Ga. M. F. AMOROUS, Atlanta, Ga.
M. F. AMOROUS & CO.
48 MARIETTA ST.,
ATLANTA, GA.
Long Leaf Yellow Pine Lumber,
Shingles and Laths.
Framing, bridge and trestle timbers sawed to order at short notice.
Kiln dried, dressed and matched flooring and ceiling.
Cypress shingles and cedar post.
7 Chicago lumber dryers.
Capacity planing mills, 70,000 feet per day.
Daily mill capacity, 200,000 feet.
Will quote prices delivered in any part of the United States.

Notice to Bridge Contractors.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the Commissioners of Streets and Sewers until Wednesday, July 23d, at 2 o'clock p. m., for furnishing all the materials, and erecting a bridge under the Railroads at Calhoun street.
Bents to be of iron, with stringers of wood, capable of sustaining 66 ton engine, and floor of 80 pounds per square foot.
Plans and specifications at City Engineer's Office. The Commissioners of Streets and Sewers reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
t h sat su td

WANTED—THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL LIVE Stock Insurance company, of Baltimore, Maryland, want first class general agents. The company is nearly three years old, stands second to none, and proposes extending its business into the state of Georgia. We refer to the Maryland insurance commissioner or any banker, merchant or insurance firm in the city of Baltimore. Address with reference.
E. W. FREE, Sec'y.
Corner South and Water sts. Baltimore, M
sat tu th

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—John M. McGuirk, administrator of Edward Hicks, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, July 4, 1884.—Patrick Lynch, administrator of John Mann, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, July 4, 1884.—Edward Mercer, guardian of Henry P. and Mary Fleck, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said Edward Mercer should not be discharged from said guardianship.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, May 2d, 1884. J. H. Gammel, administrator on the estate of Almeda Lanier, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in August next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, May 2d, 1884. John T. Austin, administrator of the estate of Thomas F. Austin, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust and, prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in August next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—W. E. Treadwell has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Kate Beaty Mosely, minor, under the age of fourteen years.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884—Augustus Thompson has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Mary and Ida Pollard, minors under the age of fourteen years.
This is, thereforefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—Asa G. Candler has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Josiah J. Willard, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—Alfred G. Chisolm has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Harrison, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—W. E. Hanye, administrator of W. J. Small, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 4th, 1884.—Sidney Root, executor of the will of Eliza M. Glenn, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 4th, 1884.—Minnie H. Barrett has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Robert T. Barrett, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 4th, 1884.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Ellen E. Tucker, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in August next, unless valid objection is made thereto.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 4th, 1884.—Edward S. McCan dies has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John Broad, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 4th, 1884.—Walter H. Weems has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Pricilla Y. Hudson, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

ADVERTISEMENTS
Proposals and estimates in all newspapers by T. F. Hanley & Co. Advertising Agents, 15½ S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Correspondence solicited.

2 PER CENT DISCOUNT.
THE GENERAL COUNCIL HAS AUTHORIZED a discount of two per cent on all c. y taxes paid between this date and the 9th of August next, which is equivalent to the three per cent paid in June. After the 8th of August no further discount will be allowed.
D. A. COOK,
City Tax Collector.
Atlanta, July 9th, 1884. su wed frf

Catoosa Springs.
MUSIC AND DANCING EVERY NIGHT AT Catoosa Springs.
REGULAR THEATRE ORCHESTRA AT CAtoosa Springs.
ELEVEN O'CLOCK GERMAN EVERY MORNing at Catoosa Springs.
ASK FOR EXCURSION RATES TO CATOOSA Springs via Kennesaw route. Terms in accordance with the times. A. Leyden, proprietor. G. M. Tilton, manager.

HELP WANTED—Male.
WANTED—A FIRST CLASS STICK CANDY maker. Address, stating terms, Rogers & Winn, Macon, Ga.
WANTED—Salesmen visiting druggists and grocers, to sell, in connection with their line, a staple article on commission. Ad. Wurmser & Son, Cin.

HELP WANTED—Females.
WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—IN CITY or country, to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no stamps for reply. Please address Reliable Manf'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. tu thu sat sun

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.
WANTED—A HEARING FROM ANY GOOD house that needs a clerk, bookkeeper or shipping clerk. Best references. Address A. and A., care Constitution.

WANTED—Boarders.
WANTED—20 BOARDERS AT 49 LUCKIE street; fine accommodations; convenient to postoffice and cars; bath rooms and gas lights. Charges reasonable. Best water in the city. tf
ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE, 143 PEACHtree street, will be open for summer boarders from June 10 to September 1, 1884.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.
WANTED—TO EXCHANGE A FINE PARLOR organ for a good carriage horse. Address box 401 postoffice or call at 106 Smith street.
WANTED—DRY WHEAT STRAW AT THE Southern Spring Bed Co., 135 and 137 Marietta street. lw

AUCTION SALES.
L. B. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER AUCTION SALE of Chickering piano, furniture and millinery furnishing goods at 69½ Whitehall street on Saturday the 19th day July at 10 o'clock—bargains. L. B. Davis.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.
FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES 6 AND 7 ROOMS, VERY nice, near Whitehall street. Apply to Dr. Marvin, 365 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—Rooms.
FOR RENT—2 LARGE AND ELEGANT ROOMS, one minute's walk from car shed; best of locality; privilege of kitchen and bath room allowed; apply 76 East Hunter street, or 53 Alabama street. Ed. Wood.
ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED, LIGHT AND airy, on first floor, gas, bath, etc. Price moderate to desirable party. Address 41 E. Mitchell street. dtf

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.
FOR RENT—ONE STORE HOUSE WITH TWO nice rooms above. 77 Houston street. lw

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.
FRESH WATER FISH RECEIVED DAILY AT Arctic Ice House, 51 Peachtree street. tf
FINE COW WITH YOUNG CALF FOR SALE AT C. M. Morris's Wagon Yard, on Decatur street. w. F. Howell.
ICE AT WHOLESALE—SPECIAL RATES FOR car load lots and by the ton at Arctic Ice House. Capacity 20 tons a day. 51 Peachtree street. tf

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Wagons.
FOR SALE—ONE HORSE DRAY AT NO. 18 E. Hunter.
FOR SALE—A GOOD MULE WILL BE SOLD cheap. Apply 188 Decatur street.

WATERMELONS.
WATERMELONS AND CANTALOUPES—WE are prepared to handle them on this market or to forward to other good markets. Elam Johnson Son & Co. tf

Instruction.
PENMANSHIP—SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FROM 2½ to 3½ o'clock, p. m., daily at Moore's Business university, Nos. 26 and 28 East Alabama st.
TELEGRAPHY AND R. R. AGENT'S BUSIness taught at Moore's Business university, Nos. 26 and 28 East Alabama st.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
FOR SALE—IN ONE BLOCK OF CAR SHED and Kimball house, hotel and bar-room, doing a good business. Will sell one without the other. Address Business, 366 Decatur street. 4t

FOR SALE—Real Estate,
WILL SELL ON INSTALLMENTS OR EXchange for city property—nine small farms, ten to fourteen acres, and only one and a half miles from city limits and close to Georgia railroad. J. K. P., 31 South Broad street.

FINANCIAL.
TO LOAN—A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS ON real estate. Address B. J., care Constitution. tf

MISCELLANEOUS.
HOT AND COLD BATHS AT NATIONAL Hotel Barber shop. Clean towels, clean water, industrious rubber and good jumping off place. 4t
SMOKE THE CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS cigar. Can be found with other good things at National Hotel Bar and Billiard Saloon, the very coolest place in city. 3t

FOR SALE—Building Material.
LOOK—CONCRETE AND BUILDING STONE furnished cheaper than any body, out of the old Lynch quarry. S. H. Venable & Co. lw

FOR SALE—Machinery.
FOR SALE—COTTON MACHINERY.—7,000 RING and Mule Spindles. 40 Cards, Speeders, and everything comprising a first-class Yarn or Hosiery Mill. James D. Rhodes, Wilmington, Del.

Fruits, Vegetables, Groceries, Meats, etc.
TALK ABOUT HARD TIMES. BOSH! IF YOU want the necessities of life or luxuries call at 12 Decatur street, where you will find it coming by every express wagon and every railroad, on country wagons and every way. The genuine Augusta Canteloupe, half dozen varieties of peaches, eggs, poultry, butter, hams egg plants. Almost everything. Melons handled by car load. Elam Johnson, Son & Co.

Bulwer Lytton's Bridge.

Where it Touches the Shores and the Great Columns in Midstream.

"What a beautiful bridge between old age and childhood is religion. How intuitively the child begins with prayer and worship on entering life, and how intuitively, on quitting life, the old man turns back to prayer and worship, putting himself again side by side with the infant," remarks Sir E. Bulwer Lytton, in his "Strange Story."

Yes, but between its distant abutments the bridge of life has many high and awful arches, through which the wild waters dash and roar in wrath and desolation. Prayer and worship alone do not sustain these. Nature's solid rocks must lie unshaken beneath, and human art and skill must rear and solidify the structure overhead. God's will is best exemplified in the laws He has made for the creatures whom He has placed under their control. Neither the child's trustful "Our Father," nor the old man's "Forget me not in the midst of mine infirmities," will alter this by the weight of a single grain.

Science and art first—then faith and prayer—is the order of Heaven itself. Divinity heals through its agents, and those agents are the discoveries of man; not the vague announcements of prophets or seers. Is life a burden to you? Does time drag? Is your power to cope with life's problem and duties weakened? You are not well. Your blood is sluggish and tainted, perhaps; or some important organ is torpid or overworked. This fact may have taken the form of dyspepsia, rheumatism, gout, malaria, pains in the stomache, chronic headache, or any of a dozen other ills. **PARKER'S** Tonic will invigorate you, as fresh air invigorates those who have been shut up in damp, fetid cells. It is powerful, pure, delicious, scientific, safe—the keystone of the central arch of the bridge of life.

ATIONAL.

EMALE COLLEGE,
GEORGIA.
TOBER 1st. MOST ELEGANT BUILDINGS IN THE
antages in Literature, Music and Art. Special atten-
e charges. Apply early to W. C. BASS.

Farmdale P. O., Franklin Co., Ky., six miles
on Frankfort. Has the most healthful and beautiful lo-
tion in the State. Lit by gas as well as heated by steam.
full and able College Faculty. Expenses as moderate as
y first-class college. Fortieth year begins Septem-
r 1st. For catalogues, etc., address as above.
COL. R. D. ALLEN, Supt.

WASHINGTON AND LEE
UNIVERSITY, Lexington, Va.
INSTRUCTION IN THE USUAL ACADEMIC studies and in the professional schools of Law and Engineering. Location healthful; expenses moderate. Session opens September 18. For catalogue, address "Clerk of the Faculty."
thu sat G. W. C. LEE, President.

Johns Hopkins University
BALTIMORE.
PROGRAMMES OF THE WORK PROPOSED IN the University and Collegiate courses for the Academic year will be sent on application.
june28—sat tf

THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS, MRSIC AND Art opens September 24th. For catalogues demonstrating the unsurpassed advantages at lowest charges, address
I. F. COX, President,
july10—d&wky1m LaGrange, Ga.

CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND MINING ENGINEERING at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y. The oldest engineering school in America. Next term begins September 17th. The Register for 1884 contains a list of the graduates for the past 50 years, with their positions; also course of study, requirements, expenses, etc. Address
DAVID M. GREENE, Director.
th sa tu

WARD'S SEMINARY
NASHVILLE, TENN.
Closed its 19th year with 354 young ladies.
An active, progressive, non-sectarian school. Thousands of parents have tested its value, and still it increases. A grand new building with a dining-room fit for a queen was erected during the year. Opens Sept. 1st. Address, for new catalogue, DR. W. E. WARD.

SUMMER RESORTS

INDIAN SPRING,
Georgia.
BOARD CAN BE HAD AT THE "VARNER HOUS" $20.00 per month; $10.00 per week; Children and servants half price. Good conveyances will meet each train to convey persons to and from the house.
MISSES A. & J. VARNER.

ARLINGTON HOTEL,
HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.
S. H. STITT & CO.
THE PROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTON TO the head sources of the Hot Springs, together with the convenient and ample bathing accommodations, gives its patrons greater facilities in bathing and drinking the waters, than can be found elsewhere. An annex of sixty rooms has lately been added. Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED PASSENGER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid guests to be wheeled directly from their rooms to the baths. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Descriptive pamphlets furnished when desired

PORTER SPRINGS,
Lumpkin County, Georgia.
COOKE & CLARK, (PROPRIETORS OF NELSON House, Brunswick, Ga.) Managers. Dr. C. A. Simpson, Resident Physician. Board $30.00 per month; $10.00 per week; Children and servants, half price. Hack fare from Gainesville and return $5.00 over L. Q. Meader's Hack line. Post-office in hotel with daily mail. For particulars address
COOK & CLARK, Managers.

NEW SUMMER RESORT,
—THE—
NEW BRIGHTON HOTEL,"
CASINO AND COTTAGES
—ON—
SULLIVAN'S ISLAND,
NEAR CHARLESTON, S. C.
he only Hotel directly on the Ocean South of Cape May.
THE "BRIGHTON" IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE the best situated, best finished and handsomest any southern hotel, containing all modern improvements such as electric bells, gas in every om, speaking tubes and system of water pipes on ry floor for extinguishing fire, etc. Also perf system of drainage throughout the house. The hotel will be thrown open to the public on uesday evening June 18, on which occasion a nd promenade concert and reception will be en by Reeves's famous military band and orstra—25 pieces—from Providence, R. I.; D. W. eves, director.
Special rates by railroads. All information may obtained by addressing
G. T. ALFORD
P. O. Box 386. Charleston, S. C

Established in 1857.
PETER LYNCH
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, WINES,
Distilled and Malt Liquors,
rs, Tobacco and Snuff, Wood and Willowware, dware, Hollowware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, s, Pistols, Ammunition, Crockery, Glassware, A perfect
VARIETY STORE.
Just now receiving and on hand
son's Metal and Glass Top
—AND—
llville Fruit Jars, Etc.
NIP SEEDS, all kinds, (growth of 1884), prices w as the lowest. All orders from the city and ry filled promptly. Terms cash.
Whitehall and 7 Mitchell sts., Atlanta, Ga.
18, 1884.

THE RAILROADS.

The Louisville and Nashville--Local and General News.

The schooner Isaac N. K[illegible]nin will sail from Brunswick for New York on the 26th.

Mr. Jenner, the agent of the Georgia Pacific, has at his office specimens of the finest coke ever seen. This coke was made from coal mined at Coburg, near Birmingham. It contains one-third less sulphur than the famous Collinsville, Pa., coke, and is destined to create a sensation.

The Union Pacific has put on a fast freight schedule of 42 hours between Kansas City and Denver, in connection with the fast freight schedule now operated between Kansas City and southern points via the K. C. F. S. and G., the Memphis and Charleston, and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia.

Railroad Personals.

Mr. B. W. Wrenn, of the Kennesaw route, is expected to return from Beaufort to-day.

Mr. B. B. Anderson, representing Rand, McNally & Co., of Chicago, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Paul Ravizies, agent of the Queen and Crescent line, at Birmingham, was in the city yesterday.

Colonel Frank Stevenson, of the C. H. and D., and Pan Handle, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Dan J. Mulloney, traveling agent of the Cincinnati Southern, is creating as great a sensation in Jacksonville, Fla., with his dude hat as he did while in Atlanta a few days ago.

Captain Raoul returned yesterday from the annual meeting of the Rome railroad, and left for Savannah. He is traveling in his elegant new private car.

Mr. C. B. Walker, passenger agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, has gone to North Carolina on business.

Captain Fred Bush, passenger agent of the L. and N., is out of the city for a few days.

The Louisville and Nashville.

The main topic of discussion among railroad men yesterday was the strike of the Louisville and Nashville freight conductors and brakesmen between Decatur, Ala., and New Orleans, on account of the non-payment of wages. The opinion was freely expressed that the strike would become general all along the lines of the Louisville and Nashville. A few, however, thought that the road would pay up. Even at the worst, new men would be hired and the trains would continue running.

Changes on the R. and D. R. R.

Captain John J. Gormley, who, since early in the summer of 1882, has been general agent in Charlotte, having in charge the affairs of the Richmond and Danville, Atlanta and Charlotte, Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta, Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio railways, has resigned that position. His resignation goes into effect on the first day of next August, when he is to be succeeded by Major W. A. Moody, superintendent of the car record office in this city. Major Moody will continue to conduct the affairs of the car-record office in addition to his duties of general agent of the associated roads, and will be in short, head "boss" of railroad officers in Charlotte, the whole business having been consolidated under one management. Major Moody's many friends will be pleased to know of this his success in his railroad life.

The Postmaster at New Baden, Robertson Co., Texas, writes, that Mr. H. Kelger and Mrs. Mary Smith, were entirely cured of rheumatism by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, the magical pain-reliever. 50 cents a bottle.

The United States has become the fourth largest beer-drinking nation in the world.

Paralysis, loss of vital and muscular Powers, Spinal Meningitis, Nervousness, are cured by Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia and Giles' Pills. Write DOCTOR GILES, Box 3,482 N. Y. P. O., who will prescribe free of cost.

A well which throws up a gas flame four feet high has been struck near Los Angeles, Cal.

Be Careful.

Ask for Wells's "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

A French juryman is not permitted to reveal the secrets of the mode of reaching a verdict.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, the world-renowned appetiser and invigorator, a delicious flavor to all drinks and cures dyspepsia-diarrhœa, fever and ague. Try it, but beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

The North Carolina state exposition will be held in Raleigh from October 1 to October 28.

"Mens sana in corpore sano:" "A sound mind in a sound body" is the trade mark of Allen's Brain Food, and we assure our readers that, if dissatisfied with either weakness of brain or bodily powers, this remedy will permanently strengthen both. $1. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Ave., New York City.

The catch of Penobscot river salmon has been very light this spring, and the fish run small.

Lundborg's Perfume, Edenia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lilly of the Valley.

Mr. Corcoran, the Washington banker, is said to glory in the fact that his father was a cobbler.

Any attempt to produce a flavor in this or any other country that can surpass Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts will prove a failure, for Dr. Price's are as fresh and nice as the fruits from which they are made, and cannot be improved. Their superiority consists not only in their fruity odor, but also in their delicate taste.

A monument is proposed at Kingston, N.Y., to Lieutenant Chipp, who lost his life in the arctic regions.

Try it Yourself.

The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity to the article yourself. Sharp Bros., No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Parmacy, opposite National Hotel, and A. J. Pinson, the druggists, have a free trial bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for each and every one who is afflicted with Cough, Colds, Asthma, Consumption or Lung Affection.

It is rumored that for the next few years very few expensive houses will be built by rich men.

CINCINNATI, O., April 14, 1884. S. B. SMITH & Bro., Covington, Ky.—*Esteemed Sirs:* I have been troubled with a serious kidney affection, and seeing your advertisement, concluded to try a bottle of your May Flower, though without much hope of being benefited by it. The first bottle worked splendidly, and persevering with its use, I am entirely relieved of my painful illness. Any one can write to me, and I will reiterate what is here written.
MRS. E. WITHER,
Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O.

Some one has taken trouble to figure it out that American hens lay 9,000,000,000 eggs a year.

Another Life Saved.

J. C. Gray, of Dadeville, Ala., writes us: "I have been using your DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and I can say, of a truth, it is far superior to any other lung preparation in the world. My mother was confined to her bed four weeks with a cough, and had every attention by a good physician, but he failed to effect a cure; and when I got one bottle of your DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, she began to mend right away. I can say in truth that IT WAS THE MEANS OF SAVING HER LIFE. I know of five cases that DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM has cured, and my mother is better than she has been for twenty years."

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO.

TUTT'S PILLS
TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.
From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: **Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Flattering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION,** and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine **TUTT'S PILLS** have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "**scavengers of the system,**" producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. **TUTT'S PILLS** cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect
ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.
HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.
"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and **TUTT'S** are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.
Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.
TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE

HARTER'S IRON TONIC
THE ONLY TRUE
Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.
LADIES Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion.
Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.
Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co. St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.
OFFICES AND ROOMS IN THE
New Constitution Building
IN SUITS OR SINGLE ROOMS.
HEAT AND ELECTRIC LIGHT FURNISHED WITH EACH ROOM.
AN ELEGANT OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATOR
Running constantly. Also
A Handsome and Large Store,
Adjoining Constitution Business office.
Diagrams of the building can be seen at The Constitution office. Parties applying now can have rooms arranged as desired.
W. A. HEMPHILL, Business Manager.

J. J. McDONOUGH, Savannah, Ga. M. F. AMOROUS, Atlanta, Ga.
M. F. AMOROUS & CO.
48 MARIETTA ST.,
ATLANTA, GA.
Long Leaf Yellow Pine Lumber,
Shingles and Laths.
Framing, bridge and trestle timbers sawed to order at short notice.
Kiln dried, dressed and matched flooring and ceiling.
Cypress shingles and cedar post.
7 Chicago lumber dryers.
Capacity planing mills, 70,000 feet per day.
Daily mill capacity, 200,000 feet.
Will quote prices delivered in any part of the United States.

Notice to Bridge Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the Commissioners of Streets and Sewers until Wednesday, July 23d, at 2 o'clock p. m., for furnishing all the materials, and erecting a bridge under the Railroads at Calhoun street.

Bents to be of iron, with stringers of wood, capable of sustaining 66 ton engine, and floor of 80 pounds per square foot.

Plans and specifications at City Engineer's Office. The Commissioners of Streets and Sewers reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
t h sat su td

WANTED--THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL LIVE Stock Insurance company, of Baltimore, Maryland, want first class general agents. The company is nearly three years old, stands second to none, and proposes extending its business into the state of Georgia. We refer to the Maryland Insurance commissioner or any banker, merchant or insurance firm in the city of Baltimore. Address with reference.
E. W. FREE, Sec'y.
Corner South and Water sts.
sat tu th Baltimore, M

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—John M. McGuirk, administrator of Edward Hicks, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINAY'S office, July 4, 1884.—Patrick Lynch, administrator of John Mann, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, July 4, 1884.—Edward Mercer, guardian of Henry P. and Mary Fleck, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said Edward Mercer should not be discharged from said guardianship.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, May 2d, 1884. J. H. Gammel, administrator on the estate of Almeda Lauter, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in August next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, May 2d, 1884. John T. Austin, administrator of the estate of Thomas F. Austin, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust and, prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in August next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884—W. E. Treadwell has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Kate Beaty Mosely, minor, under the age of fourteen years.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884—Augustus Thompson has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Mary and Ida Pollard, minors under the age of fourteen years.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—Asa G. Candler has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Josiah J. Willard, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—Alfred G. Chisolm has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Harrison, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—W. E. Hanye, administrator of W. J. Small, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—Sidney Root, executor of the will of Eliza M. Glenn, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—Minnie H. Barrett has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Robert T. Barrett, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, July 4th, 1884.—J. R. Simmons and J. A. Anderson, executors of R. C. Robson, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their trust, and pray for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said executors should not be discharged from said executorship.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 4th, 1884.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Ellen E. Tucker, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in August next, unless valid objection is made thereto.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 4th, 1884.—Edward S. McCan dies has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John Broad, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 4th, 1884.—Walter H. Weems has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Pricilla Y. Hudson, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

ADVERTISEMENTS
Promptly and cheaply placed in all newspapers by T. E. Hanley & Co., Advertising Agents, 155 S. Broad St., Philadelphia. Send for new 64 page list.

2 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

THE GENERAL COUNCIL HAS AUTHORIZED a discount of two per cent on all city taxes paid between this date and the 9th of August next, which is equivalent to the three per cent paid in June. After the 8th of August no further discount will be allowed.
D. A. COOK,
Atlanta, July 9th, 1884. City Tax Collector.
su wed frf

Catoosa Springs.

MUSIC AND DANCING EVERY NIGHT AT Catoosa Springs.
REGULAR THEATRE ORCHESTRA AT CAtoosa Springs.
ELEVEN O'CLOCK GERMAN EVERY MORNing at Catoosa Springs.
ASK FOR EXCURSION RATES TO CATOOSA Springs via Kennesaw route. Terms in accordance with the times. A. Leyden, proprietor. G. M. Tilton, manager.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS STICK CANDY maker. Address, stating terms, Rogers & Winn, Macon, Ga.
WANTED—Salesmen visiting druggists and grocers, to sell, in connection with their line, a staple article on commission. Ad. Wurmser & Son, Cin.

HELP WANTED—Females.

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—IN CITY or country, to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no stamps for reply. Please address Reliable Man'f'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. tu thu sat sun

SITUATIONS WANTED--Males.

WANTED—A HEARING FROM ANY GOOD house that needs a clerk, bookkeeper or shipping clerk. Best references. Address A. and A., care Constitution.

WANTED—Boarders.

WANTED—20 BOARDERS AT 49 LUCKIE street; fine accommodations; convenient to postoffice and carshed; bath rooms and gas lights. Charges reasonable. Best water in the city. tf
ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE, 143 PEACHtree street, will be open for summer boarders from June 10 to September 1, 1884.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE A FINE PARLOR organ for a good carriage horse. Address box 401 postoffice or call at 106 Smith street.
WANTED—DRY WHEAT STRAW AT THE Southern Spring Bed Co., 135 and 137 Marietta street. lw

AUCTION SALES.

L. B. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER AUCTION SALE of Chickering piano, furniture and millinery furnishing goods at 69½ Whitehall street on Saturday the 19th day July at 10 o'clock—bargains. L. B. Davis.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES 6 AND 7 ROOMS, VERY nice, near Witehall street. Apply to Dr. Marvin, 365 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—2 LARGE AND ELEGANT ROOMS, one minute's walk from car shed; best of locality; privilege of kitchen and bath room allowed; apply 76 East Hunter street, or 55 Alabama street. Ed. Wood.
ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED, LIGHT AND airy, on first floor, gas, bath, etc. Price moderate to desirable party. Address 41 E. Mitchell street. dtf

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—ONE STORE HOUSE WITH TWO nice rooms above. 77 Houston street. lw

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FRESH WATER FISH RECEIVED DAILY AT Arctic Ice House, 51 Peachtree street. tf
FINE COW WITH YOUNG CALF FOR SALE AT C. M. Morris's Wagon Yard, on Decatur street. W. F. Howell.
ICE AT WHOLESALE—SPECIAL RATES FOR car load lots and by the ton at Arctic Ice House. Capacity 20 tons a day. 51 Peachtree street. tf

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Wagons.

FOR SALE—ONE HORSE DRAY AT NO. 18 E. Hunter.
FOR SALE—A GOOD MULE WILL BE SOLD cheap. Apply 188 Decatur street.

WATERMELONS.

WATERMELONS AND CANTALOUPES—WE are prepared to handle them on this market or to forward to other good markets. Elam Johnson Son & Co. tf

Instruction.

PENMANSHIP—SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FROM 2½ to 3½ o'clock, p. m., daily at Moore's Business university, Nos. 26 and 28 East Alabama st.
TELEGRAPHY AND R. R. AGENT'S BUSIness taught at Moore's Business university, Nos. 26 and 28 East Alabama st.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—IN ONE BLOCK OF CAR SHED and Kimball house, hotel and bar-room, doing a good business. Will sell one without the other. Address Business, 366 Decatur street. 4t

FOR SALE---Real Estate,

WILL SELL ON INSTALLMENTS OR EXchange for city property—nine small farms, ten to fourteen acres, and only one and a half miles from city limits and close to Georgia railroad. J. K. P., 31 South Broad street.

FINANCIAL.

TO LOAN—A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS ON real estate. Address B. J., care Constitution. tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOT AND COLD BATHS AT NATIONAL Hotel Barber shop. Clean towels, clean water, industrious rubber and good jumping off place. 4t
SMOKE THE CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS Segar. Can be found with other good things at National Hotel Bar and Billiard Saloon, the very coolest place in city. 3t

FOR SALE—Building Material.

LOOK—CONCRETE AND BUILDING STONE furnished cheaper than any body, out of the old Lynch quarry. S. H. Venable & Co. 1w

FOR SALE---Machinery.

FOR SALE—COTTON MACHINERY.—7,000 RING and Mule Spindles, 40 Cards, Speeders, and everything comprising a first-class Yarn or Hosiery Mill. James D. Rhodes, Wilmington, Del.

Fruits, Vegetables, Groceries, Meats, etc.

TALK ABOUT HARD TIMES. BOSH! IF YOU want the necessities of life or luxuries call at 12 Decatur street, where you will find it coming by every express wagon and every railroad, on country wagons and every way. The genuine Augusta Canteloupe, half dozen varieties of peaches, eggs, poultry, butter, hams egg plants. Almost everything. Melons handled by car load. Elam Johnson, Son & Co.

Bulwer Lytton's Bridge.

Where it Touches the Shores and the Great Columns in Midstream.

"What a beautiful bridge between old age and childhood is religion. How intuitively the child begins with prayer and worship on entering life, and how intuitively, on quitting life, the old man turns back to prayer and worship, putting himself again side by side with the infant," remarks Sir E. Bulwer Lytton, in his "Strange Story."

Yes, but between its distant abutments the bridge of life has many high and awful arches, through which the wild waters dash and roar in wrath and desolation. Prayer and worship alone do not sustain these. Nature's solid rocks must lie unshaken beneath, and human art and skill must rear and solidify the structure overhead. God's will is best exemplified in the laws He has made for the creatures whom He has placed under their control. Neither the child's trustful "Our Father," nor the old man's "Forget me not in the midst of mine infirmities," will alter this by the weight of a single grain.

Science and art first—then faith and prayer—is the order of Heaven itself. Divinity heals through its agents, and those agents are the discoveries of man; not the vague announcements of prophets or seers. Is life a burden to you? Does time drag? Is your power to cope with life's problem and duties weakened? You are not well. Your blood is sluggish and tainted, perhaps: or some important organ is torpid or overworked. This fact may have taken the form of dyspepsia, rheumatism, gout, malaria, pains in the stomache, chronic headache, or any of a dozen other ills. PARKER'S TONIC will invigorate you, as fresh air invigorates those who have been shut up in damp, fetid cells. It is powerful, pure, delicious, scientific, safe—the keystone of the central arch of the bridge of life.

The Constitution:

Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia

ATLANTA, JULY 19, 1884.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlates states to-day, local showers and partly cloudy weather, southerly winds, stationary temperature.

THE colored people of West Point have shown themselves equal to an emergency. If their proceedings in lynching a criminal associate were not in accordance with law, they were at least decisive.

BEN BUTLER spent yesterday in New York, discussing his presidential opportunities, and left in the evening for Boston. He is waiting to be retained by Mr. Blaine to conduct a diverting canvass in one of the close states.

THE appearance of a vessel in the Mersey with two fatal cases of cholera on board, is bringing the plague close enough for the sanitary authorities to be on the alert. It might as well be in New York harbor. There is only one duty left—the enforcement of cleanliness.

LIEUTENANT GREELY, who was rescued by Commander Schley, is about forty years of age. He is not a graduate of any of the military academies. He served through the war as a private in the federal army. His present rank is that of first lieutenant in the Fifth cavalry.

MR. BLAINE has presented his letter of acceptance. It will prove quite a disappointment to his friends, who expected a thrilling effort, "characteristic of the man," but instead are given a cold, uninteresting document, which makes a good pair with the platform of the party.

THE story of Sergeaant Long, who was th first man to spy the dark object in the Arctic waters which proved to be the ship of relief, is thrilling and pathetic. Weakened and debilitated, he had just strength enough left to hoist the flag for a moment, when it fell from his nerveless grasp, and the relief came not a moment too soon.

THE committee of the English house of commons has agreed to recommend a loan to the Indian government of $140,000,000 for the purpose of making extensions of their railroad system. This grant is based upon the report of the famine commission of 1879, which stated that it would be necessary to build 5,000 miles of railways in order to prevent a recurrence of the famine.

AS WILL be seen by the notice elsewhere, arrangements have been made for the excursion of the Georgia press association to Baltimore. The authorities of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia have made every effort to perfect a pleasant trip, and will take charge of the party after it leaves Atlanta. The kindness of the road is duly appreciated by the press of the state.

THE TARIFF STEW.

Some of our esteemed democratic friends threaten to engage in a small controversy among themselves as to the meaning of the tariff paragraph in the Chicago platform. Messrs. Hurd and Bookwalter regard these paragraphs as embodying free trade doctrine, while other democrats look upon them as favorable to protection. These symptoms of controversy are not to be interpreted as showing that the tariff plank of the democratic platform is doubtful. They show, rather, that it has a sort of a Shakspearian vitality, which, while it may trouble the doctrinaires, is altogether satisfactory to the people. The commentators are not at all agreed as to the meaning of certain phrases and passages in Shakspeare; but the commentators pass away one by one, and Shakspeare still lives.

The meaning of the tariff plank in the democratic platform runs between the desires of the doctrinaires, and strikes the purposes and desires of the people. The theory of free trade is a perfect theory, the arguments upon which it is based are unanswerable. Protection, as a theory, is indefensible and all the arguments are against it as a theory. But the doctrinaires should bear in mind that parties in this country are compelled to deal with protection as a fact. It is an easy matter to dispose of or to establish a theory—a very few arguments will answer; but something more than an argument is required to dispose of a fact. England is a free trade country in a measure; but the United States are not England. The conditions here are not to be compared to those in England. They may be comparable after awhile, but that remains to be seen.

Meanwhile, what is to be done while we are waiting to see whether the conditions in this country will ever be similar to those in Great Britain? We can do but one thing, and that is to accept facts as we find them. Protection in this country is a fact and a very important fact. It is a fact that every statesman must recognize whether it pleases him or not. The business of the whole country is affected more or less by the fact of protection. Vast interests in every section of the country are affected by it. The majority of our industries are concerned with it. The great bulk of our manufacturing interests have been built up under it. Whatever the arguments for or against protection, these are facts that must be recognized and taken note of.

That they are so recognized in the democratic platform must be clear to every thinking man. That they were intended to be so recognized is well known to those who had a hand in shaping the business of the Chicago convention. Taking into consideration the condition of affairs, free trade arguments are foolish in the extreme. Every thinking man knows that free trade is impracticable at this time. The theorists would say that it is idle for a traveler who desires to go east to travel westward; as a matter of fact the east is easily reached by traveling westward. The democratic platform preaches practical and practicable tariff reform—nothing more, nothing less.

THE FRANCHISE BILL.

The house has refused to consider the franchise bill even on the condition extended by the government that a redistribution of seats shall be presented at the autumn session. The tory vote was 182, and the vote 132. The matter now goes over to the autumn session, when Mr. Gladstone proposes with blood in his eye to attack the franchise bill as it stands to-day in the lords. What the lords will then do, after thinking over the dangers of a contest with the real rulers of England can only be conjectured, but it is probable they will then be ready to accept whatever the ministry demands in the way of electoral reform.

The conservatives know that the distribution of seats in the interest of the two parties is an absurdity. The constituencies are gerrymandered by one party, by the tories, in both parties at one and the same time. They demand therefore that an acceptable redistribution plan shall accompany the franchise bill was therefore not in earnest when the conservatives want, in the first place, the postponement of the right of franchise. But they must come, they want it delayed in order to enable them to try conclusions with the liberals under the existing distribution of seats. If two millions of agricultural laborers permitted to vote, the conservatives in the house of lords go down together. Lord Salisbury knows this better than Lord Hartington, who resolutely supported the franchise amendment. The conflict has begun, and unless the lords are overthrown in the autumn, Mr. Gladstone will be unable to push the reform bill with old-time zeal. He knows that no redistribution bill can obtain in advance the approval of both parties, and he will not dicker with the lords on that point. He will send the franchise bill to the lords, give the ballot to two million more voters, and demand its passage. The consequence of the upper house as a legislative institution will be involved in the struggle. Its useless existence at the old stand will be prolonged in the old way. The tories have eaten crow many times in the last few years, and they will undoubtedly have to eat their accustomed diet next fall.

LAND TITLES AND REGISTRATION.

In every considerable city the annual expenses connected with title searches are becoming burdensome, and in many cases commission is engaged in finding remedies for existing evils. The indexing of conveyances under the names of grantors and grantees is too antiquated, cumbersome and uncertain to be much longer tolerated. The indexes become in large communities volumes themselves; and if a clerk misspells a name incorrectly, or puts it out of its proper place, and there is endless perplexity, confusion and possible loss. The searcher himself may pass the name as his eye hurries down a page. The chances for mistakes under the system in common use are numerous. And then when a chain of title is found, there follows a new trouble in looking up the records of liens in the shape of mortgages and judgments and the like. Every time the piece of property, or any part of it, is transferred, this tedious and uncertain process is repeated; and if the property passes through many hands and is not centrally located, it probably yields larger dividends to the conveyancers than to the owners.

In New York it is proposed to abolish this tax and cloud upon title by improvements of two sorts: first, to change the method of indexing, so that each deed shall be put under the particular lot of land to which it relates; and secondly, to have searches conducted in such a way that the result of one examination would be always available when a new one had to be made, so that the work to be done upon the latter would be limited to the period which had elapsed since the date of the former.

The New York commission does not propose to let title companies absorb all the sense and organization applicable to the subject; they propose to bring to the people the benefits that attend a reform in title searching. They proposed to do in a public way just what has long been done by private enterprise. The feasibility of the new plan has been established by the title companies in the large eastern cities. These companies are able in a few minutes to present the exact status of a given piece of property. The entire plan of these companies may not be needed in the public offices, but it is certain that very considerable changes in the manner of indexing records of land transfers are needed. The result of the labors of the New York commission will for this reason be awaited with interest by all who have been heavily taxed and perplexed under the old-fashioned index and searching system.

HALSTEAD, M.—HIS PLANS.

Mr. M. Halstead, of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, is growing restless and uneasy. He hears the rustling of a dragon's wings in his dreams and snuffs odors in his leep that are far from wholesome. He gets up in the morning with a bitter taste in his mouth and feeling bad generally. Instead of ascribing these things to the verdigris night cap, which all genuine western editors dote on, he ascribes them to the south—the ssolid south. He is afraid of the southern bosses, as he is pleased to term them, and of their northern allies.

Thus it happens that this good and able man is in a very bad way nearly every day in the year. He regrets, we have no doubt, that the Southern railroad, built by Cincinnati, should, in its name, pander to the assassins and red-handed murderers who trade with Cincinnati, and it does seem a little hard on the patriots that an important trunk line should seem to truckle to the savage instincts which republicanism finds in the south.

Mr. Halstead's remedy for all this is to raise the cry of the bloody shirt, declare that Hayes was lawfully and actually elected and trust the rest to an army of gifted campaigners. This is a pretty good remedy, too, and we hope to see Mr. M. Halstead put it in execution. We have sometimes more than half suspected that Mrs. Hayes's excellent husband contributes freely to the editorial columns of Mr. M. Halstead's paper, and it may be that he is the author of the fiercely inspired editorial which declares that he was actually elected president of these united and corruption-ridden states.

But, be that as it may, we should be glad to see the Commercial Gazette hoist the bloody shirt and send his campaigners amongst us. Little Billy Chandler has already been disposed of, and the unterrified democracy is waiting for a fresh victim.

[redacted]

make its appearance in this country sometime in the latter part of the summer or possibly as late as November. Taking the worst view of the situation the sanitary authorities of this country have several weeks in which to make their preparations. Thorough cleanliness and a rigid quarantine are the only safeguards.

OLD man Folger could give Blaine some points in regard to Cleveland.

IN CALIFORNIA they put out fires with claret. This shows that everybody should have a jug of claret in the back parlor.

MRS. HAYES'S excellent husband is like a mole in a turnip patch—enjoying a hole and hearty obscurity.

THE Bartholdi statue of liberty for the bay of New York has at last been turned over to the United States government, and will soon be transported in pieces to this country. The dimensions of this colossal statue are almost incredibly large. The figure alone stands 105 feet; the extreme length from the sole of the foot to the end of the torch in the outstretched hand is 137 feet, 9 inches; the pedestal of granite will be 83 feet high, and the two together will give a grand total of 220 feet for the entire work. The monument on Fish street hill is only 202 feet high, and the famous colossus of Rhodes stood only 140 feet without his stockings. Some people predict that the statue will never stand, and that the winds and waves will play havoc with it. The engineers, however, are of the opinion that it is sufficiently substantial to hold its own. The artistic merit of the figure is considerable. The pose is theatrical, the drapery massive and fine, and the general effect imposing. It is certainly a magnificent gift, worthy of France, and worthy of America.

GOUGH is famous as a temperance lecturer, but he will have to yield the first place to General Sam Carey. A few nights ago Carey delivered a temperance lecture in Halifax. In the audience was a liquor dealer who was so much affected by what he heard that he went home and died in two hours. His friends are satisfied that his death was caused by excitement resulting from the lecture. If Carey continues his desolating career he will in time put an end to the liquor traffic by talking the liquor dealers to death. How the man acquired such phenomenal power is not stated, but it is to be presumed that he was once a book agent.

Now that Judge Lochrane has whirled in and elected Blaine, the probability is that the campaign clubs and committees will have a very dull time of it from now until the fourth of next March.

MRS. LANGTRY has adopted a thirteen year old Chinese boy. Mrs. Langtry is wise. An American boy at thirteen is looking around for a family.

ONE of the laborers in a West Virginia coal mine, which is partly owned and managed by Jas. G. Blaine, gives a doleful picture of affairs under the plumed knight's business administration. It seems that the miners have to buy their coal from their employers at $1.25 a ton, while outside parties are able to get it at 90 cents. If a miner owns a cow he has to pay one dollar a month for the privilege of allowing it to run out. Every miner is compelled to keep his mouth shut unless his politics agree with those of his employers. Free speech is unknown. The laborer who utters the above complaints says that Mr. Blaine is familiar with the state of things at the mines, but has never interfered in behalf of the laborers. This picture of Blaine as a tyrant and monopolist will not win votes among the horny handed sons of

only eleven are alive, and of the [illegible] four are stationed at the same army post in Texas.

SARAH BERNHARDT appeared at George Watts' concert in London and recited "The Last Rose of Summer" in English. She is said to have surprised even her warmest admirers by her exquisite reading of the poem, and was four times recalled.

NEWPORT is in a twitter over the arrival of Lord and Lady Exmouth, aged respectively 22 and 19. Americania has a strong hold on Newport, and Society has been insufferably dull before the advent of these titled youngsters. Something had gone.

C. SPURGEON'S household is a happy one. He and his friends assembled to celebrate his fifth birthday that he and his wife had never missed except on one question. He did not think of it for a while to go across the road to hear himself preach, while Mrs. S. was of the contrary opinion.

JOHN MCCULLOUGH, the tragedian, is reported to have reached Carlsbad, and entered upon a course of its waters. The hot baths were earnestly recommended by physicians here, as they feared he might be attacked with paralysis. The actor's friends continue to feel very uneasy about his condition, and do not believe he will, at best, be able to play again for two years.

A CORRESPONDENT of the San Francisco Chronicle tells a funny story of how he used to go fishing with Joaquin Miller in Washington. That before Joaquin cut his hair, and then he carried it all carefully fixed up with hairpins. They would reach the house and ring the bell; if the girls was out, they would go away. If she were at home, Joaquin would take off his hat, carefully pull out the hairpins, let the hirsute mass fall over his shoulders and march into the drawing room with the poetic stride of Walker of Nicaragua.

DONOVAN ROSSA said to a reporter in New York yesterday: "A son of mine, twenty-one years of age, came out to America last year. I had not seen him since he was three months old. But when I saw him last year he was six feet high. He, with his grandfather at home, grew up an idle gentleman, but, coming to America without a trade, he found he could do nothing here but be a idle gentleman and he went back again. He is now on the Wisconsin a few weeks ago. I hope he has the dynamite spirit in him, that is all I have to say." The arrival of young Rossa at Skibbereen, Ireland, has caused a stir there.

THE little Princess Mercedes, eldest daughter of the king and queen of Spain, and called after her first wife, is much admired and talked about. She is said to like her mother, Queen Christina. The princess appears daily in public, when her outriders are seen in the streets or the queen promenades every one stops to get a glimpse of the pretty little thing. Summer and winter her ponies pure white, and even the small chair which is fixed upon the seat of her carriage is covered with white satin upholstery. Her equerry always rides beside the carriage door, and her governess, the duchess of Medina de las Torres is always beside her on the left. Her nurse is an English woman.

ECHOES OF THE PEOPLE.

Why We Sleep.

M. M., Ga.: Is there any known cause for sleep? If so, what is it?

There are several natural causes. Among them are fatigue, stillness, the absence of light and monotonous low noises.

Remedy for Freckles.

Country Girl, Gerry, Ga.: Please give me a sure remedy for freckles.

We know of no sure remedy. Rusty nail water is frequently used with good effect.

The Mines of Golconda.

R. W., Eufaula, Ala.: 1. Do you answer questions written on postal cards? 2. Where are the mines of Golconda situated, and for what are they noted?

Yes. 2. In India, and they are noted for their diamonds.

A Cholera Remedy.

J. S., Greenville, S. C.: What is the recipe for the famous "sun cholera medicine?"

Take equal parts tincture cayenne, tincture of camphor, tincture of rhubarb, essence of peppermint and spirits of camphor. Mix well. Dose from ten to thirty drops in a wineglass of water, according to age and the vjolence of the attack. Repeat every fifteen or twenty minutes until relief is obtained. This medicine has stood the test of forty years.

Tilden's Majority.

J. T. P., Thomson, Ga.: What was Tilden's popular majority in 1876?

Tilden's popular vote was 145,919 over that of all the other candidates.

A Card Concerning the James Creditors.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I have been a citizen of Atlanta for many years and now for the first time ask the privilege of a portion of space in your valuable columns.

About two months ago the announcement of the failure of John H. James startled this city. Over thirteen hundred families became suddenly and painfully conscious that the hard-earned savings of years were in danger—perhaps entirely gone. I was among the unfortunate number. The news almost paralyzed me for a short time. I saw my family left almost penniless by a man who had squandered our little all, with that of hundreds of others, in reckless speculations. Men were panic stricken. Women ran wildly here and there, scarcely knowing what they did. Children looked into the anxious faces of loving parents and wondered what terrible disaster had happened. The air was laden with maledictions and curses, not loud but deep, against the man who had so foully wronged the vast number of persons who had with childlike confidence placed their money in his hands. A ray of hope appeared. It was found that all was not gone. Brave men, honest and true, came to the rescue and labored faithfully day and night without compensation to help the interests of all concerned. It soon became apparent that in a short time we would have secured to us at least half of our claims. Everything was moving along in the most satisfactory manner. A change had been applied for when all at once it became known that one Thomas B. Neal, of the state of Louisiana, had brought an action that would carry the concern before the federal courts.

I wonder now any man could be so unwise as to deliberately endanger the large interests that were at stake by such a course. Upon making inquiry I learned that Thomas B. Neal was only a figure head, being used by parties in the city of Atlanta, whose claim if entirely lost would not seriously damage them. What their object may be in pursuing such a suicidal course is a puzzle to me, in view of the fact that it can be easily proven that the claim was offered for sale at fifty cents on the dollar.

Now, I will submit to over thirteen hundred creditors that if they were wronged by John H. James in the first place some restitution was made by his placing all that he had left in their hands. Now, to have that wrested from them, deliberately and intentionally, would certainly seem to be a greater wrong than that perpetrated by John H. James. There are over a thousand families interested in this matter, representing directly over five thousand persons, and I see by a statement in your paper yesterday morning that the board of directors say that they will be ready to commence paying out at least a hundred thousand dollars by the first of August. Let this be done, is the wish of a hard-working

MECHANIC.

THREE famous ocean racers are now crossing the Atlantic bound for New York. They are the Cunarder Wemyssia, formerly the Oregon, the Anchor liner Austral and the Guion's Arizona. They all left Queenstown on Sunday last, and with good weather and no accidents are expected at New York Sunday afternoon next. The Cunarder, it is almost certain, will distance her rivals, but much money is being placed on the result between the Austral and Arizona. Odds are given on the Austral, which has twice proved herself superior to the Guion steamer.

The Political Maud.

Ben Butler, on a summer's day,
Stood in the convention making hay;
The hay was sweet and the hay was dry,
But it wasn't as cocked as old Ben's eye,
For old Ben saw on a gelding gay
Judge Nomination ride that way.

When the Judge saw Ben in the hay at work,
He stopped his horse with a sudden jerk,
And he rolled his eye on the winsome face
And the buxom form and the airy grace
And the wealth of cheek and the mesh of hair
Of sweet Ben Butler a-working there.

"Oh," sighed the Judge, "that the fate were mine
To wed with a creature so divine!
With Ben for a mate my life would seem
Like a poet's song or an artist's dream;
But when they heard of my marital pick,
How like a steer my folks would kick!"

So, fearful of what his folks might say,
Judge Nomination rode away,
And left Ben Butler standing there
With her wealth of cheek and her mesh of hair;
And of all sad words of tongue and pen
The saddest are these—"He wouldn't have Ben."

—Chicago News.

POLITICAL NOTES.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND sounds well.

BOTH Blaine and Cleveland were nominated on Friday.

NEW YORK democrats will meet in state convention at Albany, July 23.

THE Boston independents have chosen fifty-two delegates to the national independent conference at New York, July 22.

MR. CLEVELAND'S record is much shorter than Blaine's. It is also much cleaner.

AFTER November Blaine need not necessarily be idle. He can go into the magnetic exhibition business with Miss Hurst.

THE Boston Post finds much pleasure in considering what an excellent secretary of state Mr. Bayard will make.

MISS MARY F. SEYMOUR has been recently appointed commissioner of deeds for New Jersey by Governor Abbett. She is the first woman who ever took testimony in a New Jersey court.

MR. DORSHEIMER is looming up as the democratic historian. He has a life of Martin Van Buren in press, and now he is going to write a campaign life of Cleveland.

THE trouble with General Butler, according to an old acquaintance, is that "he is the embodiment of communism in the country, backed by a degree of intelligence that makes him excessively dangerous."

ONE of the strongest points in favor of Governor Cleveland is that he has the confidence of the business community in New York city and Buffalo, the two places where he is best known.

A SAN FRANCISCO dispatch says: The national anti-monopoly greenback labor and national union parties met in joint state convention today. Resolutions supporting Butler were unanimously adopted. Eight Butler electors will be placed in the field.

HURRAH, now, for Cleveland and Hendricks,
In their race for the temple of fame!
Hurrah—how my measly old pen sticks,
At a regular rhyme for each name!
Three cheers, now, for Cleveland and Hendricks,
We'll accord them the highest acclaim.
Three cheers—I must seek an appendix,
To hunt up a rhyme for each name.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

BUCHANAN, Tilden and Cleveland, all bachelors.

"OUIDA," the novelist, is nearly sixty years of age.

MR. GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS is sixty years of age.

MRS. MACKAY, before leaving Paris, sent 2,500 francs to the office of the Figaro for the Little Sisters of the Poor, of Toulon, and the families of victims of the cholera in that city.

PRINCE KRAPOTKINE will be liberated, it is said, from his French prison during the present month. He has decided to take up his residence in England and has accepted a number of commissions from English editors.

OF the West Point class of '53, which gave to one of the other side in the war Generals McPherson, Sheridan, Schofield, Hood and Bowen,

MACON MATTERS.

FORD WILL WALK IN ATLANTA THE 25TH.

Other Entries from the Central City—A Spider Bites a Child—Capturing a Thief—Return of Officer Brown—General Wyly's Photo—Cotton Season—Macon at the Resorts.

MACON, July 18.—[Special.]—Macon is again worked up on the walking match question. The announcement that the Atlanta Athletic club would arrange a match between the cracks of the different cities caused some discussion among our sporting men. The arrival of Messrs. John H. Loyd and S. B. Edwards, two representatives of the club, in the city last night, and when their business became known the affair became the chief subject of discussion throughout the place. The two gentlemen came down to Macon to secure entries for the walk of the 25th.

FORD WILL ENTER.

Ford, the Macon champion, tripped by the party standing opposite the Brown house. He was going at a five mile to the hour gait, when he was hailed and asked to enter. He shook his head significantly, and the thought was caught at once. Loyd said: "Oh, that woman business is all right. I am authorized by every member of the club to say that she won't be in the way, and that she would not be allowed to be present. I am also authorized by Messrs. Paul Jones, Mark Berry, myself and others to say that any bond needed would be furnished in case of the law interfering. We want you bad." He then said, "I will enter and win. I have been wanting to go into this thing, for I want Prater's scalp. I know I can beat him, and if I go there I will do it. Rome's nothing, Augusta's nothing; nobody here is no good. I want Prater beat, and I am going to do it." Ford says he would have won the late match but for that woman, and is anxious to have a go at him. The only trouble now is that the fear of loosing his position as collector for F. B. Gartrell, who opposes these sports, and objects to his entering.

HASKINS.

The next entry was John R. Haskins, who made a fine record in the fourth July match here. He is a "get there Eli" goer, and says he it afraid of no one. He is after Prater also.

HARRIS.

Harris, the famous bailiff walker, was secured. He objected to the ten dollar entrance fee; it scared him; but when told the money would be there when he won, hanging over the track in little bags waiting to be taken down with his own hands, he gave under and said he would enter. He is just the least more modest than the other men, and don't want to beat any particular man, but wants to get in to reach for one of those little bags.

FARMER.

Farmer, another Macon crack winner, announced his intention of entering, and put his name in the pot. He has entered several matches and made a good record in each. He is plucky, and has a good form. He said: "I have made up my mind to win that race, or come near enough to touch the winner. Put me down; here is your entrance fee, and tell them to look out for me."

JACOBUS.

The impromptu little meeting was about to break up when a man was seen rushing frantically up Fourth street, waving his hands and shouting to be heard. He looked like a crazy man, but the party soon discovered that he was not. It was Charles Jacobus, a cigar man, who wanted to enter, and for fear of being left out, pulled out his ten dollars for entrance fee and handed it to Mitchell. He said, "I want to beat Ford; he has beat me and I will see that he is badly beat this time. Who is Prater, anyhow?"

The city is worked up to a lively standpoint, and a good crowd will go to see the match.

The Cotton Season.

THE PROBABILITY OF THE BIBB MANUFACTURING COMPANY CLOSING DOWN FOR THE PRESENT.

MACON, July 18.—[Special.]—Mr. C. B. Willingham, a prominent cotton man, said to-day: "We will have some 9 cent cotton here in four weeks. I believe it will open low. The crops are fine and will open at once. The season promises large, and the receipts will be more than usual."

It is probable that the Bibb manufacturing company will close down at an early date. Major J. F. Hanson leaves for New York to-morrow.

A Spider Bite.

MACON, July 18.—[Special.]—A negro girl named Blount, aged seven years, living near the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia freight depot, was badly bitten by a large spider this morning. The child was asleep and its parents were startled by cries. On approaching the bed a large black spider was seen to leave it. The child had been bitten on the upper lip and it had swelled beyond its natural size. Much pain was caused and the shrieks of the child alarmed the neighborhood. A physician was called and medical assistance rendered. To-night the child is resting well.

Williams Captured.

MACON, July 18.—[Special.]—Bennie Williams, the coon who made the raid on the Moore residence last night in Collinsville, was to-day arrested by Chief of Police Wiley and Mr. Frank S. Johnson, who were out driving. The boy was pointed out to them and he was told to follow. He was placed in the barracks and a warrant sworn out for him for larceny from the house. Quarters have been prepared for him in Bibb county jail.

Officer Brown's Return.

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BLAINE ACCEPTS.

Continued from Second Column, First Page

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We seek the conquests of peace. We desire to extend our commerce, and in an especial degree with our friends and neighbors on this continent. We have not improved our relations with Spanish America as wisely and as persistently as we might have done. For more than a generation the sympathy of those countries has been allowed to drift away from us. We should now make every effort to gain their friendship. Our trade with them is already large. During the last year our exchanges in the western hemisphere amounted to three hundred and fifty millions of dollars, nearly one-fourth of our entire foreign commerce. To those who may be disposed to underrate the value of our trade with the countries of North and South America, it may be well to state that their population is nearly or quite 50,000,000, that, in proportion to aggregate numbers, we import nearly double as much from them as we do from Europe. But the result of the whole American trade is in a high degree unsatisfactory. The imports during the past year exceeded six hundred and twenty-five millions, while the exports were less than one hundred and twenty-millions—showing a balance against us of more than one hundred millions of dollars. But the money does not go to Spanish America. We send large sums to Europe in coin or its equivalent to pay European manufacturers for the goods which they send to Spanish America. We are but paymasters for the enormous amount annually to European factors an amount which is a serious draft, in every financial depression, upon our resources of specie.

Cannot this condition of trade in great part be changed? Cannot the market for our products be greatly enlarged? We have made a beginning in our effort to improve our trade relations with Mexico, and we should not be content until similar and mutually advantageous arrangements have been successively made with every nation of North and South America. While the great powers of Europe are steadily enlarging their colonial domination in Asia and Africa it is the special province of this country to improve and expand its trade with the nations of America. The field promises so much. No field has been cultivated so little. Our foreign policy should be an American policy in its broadest and most comprehensive sense—a policy of peace, of friendship, of commercial enlargement.

The name of American which belongs to us by our national capacity must always exalt the just pride of patriotism. Citizenship of the republic must be the panoply and safeguard of him who wears it. The American citizen, rich or poor, native or naturalized, white or colored, must everywhere walk secure in his personal and civil rights. The republic should never accept a lesser duty, it can never assume a nobler one, than the protection of the humblest man who owes it allegiance—protection at home, and protection wherever he shall follow him abroad, into whatever land he may go upon a lawful errand.

THE SOUTHERN STATES.

I recognize, not without regret, the necessity for speaking of two sections of our common country. But the regret diminishes when I perceive that the elements which separated them are rapidly disappearing. Prejudices have yielded and are yielding while a growing cordiality warms the southern and the northern heart alike. Can any one doubt that between the sections confidence and esteem are to-day more marked than at any period in the sixty years preceding the election of President Lincoln? This is the result in part of time and in part of the republican principles applied under the favorable conditions of uniformity. It would be a great calamity to change these influences under which southern commonwealths are learning to vindicate civil rights, and adapting themselves to the conditions of political tranquility and industrial progress. If there be occasional and violent outbreaks in the south against this peaceful progress, the public opinion of the country regards them as exceptional and hopeful trusts that each will prove the last.

The south needs capital and occupation, not controversy. As much as any part of the nation the south needs the full protection of the reserved laws, which the republican party offers. Some of the southern states have already entered upon a career of industrial development and prosperity. These, at least, should not lend their electoral votes to destroy their own future.

Any effort to unite the southern states upon issues that grow out of the memories of the war will summon the northern states to combine in the assertion of that nationality which is their inspiration in the civil struggle. And no great energies which should be united in a common industrial development will be wasted in hurtful strife. The democratic party shows its foe to southern prosperity by always invoking and urging southern political consolidation. Such a policy quenches the rising instinct of patriotism in the heart of the southern youth; it revives and stimulates prejudice; it substitutes the spirit of barbaric vengeance for the love of peace, prosperity and harmony.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The general character of the civil service of the United States under all administrations has been honorable. In the one supreme test—the execution and disbursement of revenue—the record of fidelity has never been surpassed in any nation. With the almost fabulous sums which were received and paid during the late war, scrupulous integrity was the prevailing rule. Indeed, it turned out that trying period, it can be said to the honor of the American name, that unfaithfulness and dishonesty among civil officers were as rare as misconduct and cowardice on the field of battle.

The growth of the country has continually necessarily enlarged the civil service, until now it includes a vast body of officers. Rules and methods of appointment which prevailed when the number was smaller have been found insufficient and impracticable. Many changes of law have been made to separate the great mass of ministerial officers from partisan influence and personal control. Impartiality in the mode of appointment to be based on qualification and security of tenure to be based on faithful discharge of duty are the two ends to be accomplished. The public business will be benefited by separating the legislative branch of the government from all control of appointments, and the executive department will be relieved of the [illegible] of injecting appointments to fixed [illegible] and removing them from the caprice [illegible] there should be rigid observance of the law which gives full assurance of equal opportunity and confidence to the soldiers who risked [illegible] in the defense of the union.

I entered congress in 1863, and in a somewhat prolonged service I never found it expedient to request or recommend the removal of a civil officer except in four instances, and then for non-political reasons which were instantly conclusive with the appointing power. The officers in the district appointed by Mr. Lincoln in 1861 upon the recommendation of my predecessor, served, as a rule, until death or resignation. I was elected at the beginning of my service to a test of competitive examination for appointments to West Point and maintained it so long as I had the right by law to nominate a cadet. In the case of many officers I found that the power of law, which arbitrarily limits the term of the commission, offered a constant temptation to change for mere political reasons. I have always professed the belief that the essential modification of that law would be in many respects advantageous.

My observation in the department of state confirmed the conclusions of my legislative experience, and impressed me with the conviction that the rule of impartial appointment might without disadvantage be carried beyond any existing provision of the civil service law. It should be applied to appointments in the consular service. Consuls should be commercial sentinels—encircling the globe with watchfulness for their country's interests. Their intelligance and competency become, therefore, matters of great public concern. No one should be appointed to an American consulate who is not well instructed in the history and resources of his own country, and in the requirements and language of commerce in the countries to which he is sent. The same rule should be applied to even more rigidly to secretaries of legation and diplomatic service. The people have the right to the most officient agents in the discharge of their business and the appointing power should be held to this as the prior and ulterior consideration.

THE MORMON QUESTION.

Religious liberty is the right of every citizen of the republic. Congress is forbidden by the constitution to make any law "respecting the establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof." For a century and under this guarantee, Protestant and Catholic, Jew and Gentile, have worshipped God according to the dictates of conscience. But religious liberty must not be perverted to the justification of offences against the law. A religious sect, strongly intrenched in one of the territories of the union and spreading rapidly into four other territories, claims the right to destroy the great safeguard and monument of social order, and to practice a

MACON MATTERS.

FORD WILL WALK IN ATLANTA THE 25TH.

Other Entries from the Central City—A Spider Bites a Child—Capturing a Thief—Return of Officer Brown—General Wyly's Photo—Cotton Season—Macon at the Resorts.

MACON, July 18.—[Special.]—Macon is again worked up on the walking match question. The announcement that the Atlanta Athletic club would arrange a match between the cracks of the different cities caused some discussion among our sporting men. The arrival of Messrs. John H. Loyd and S. B. Edwards, two representatives of the club, in the city last night, and when their business became known the affair became the chief subject of discussion throughout the place. The two gentlemen came down to Macon to secure entries for the walk of the 25th.

FORD WILL ENTER.

Ford, the Macon champion, tripped by the party standing opposite the Brown house. He will go-ing at a five mile to the hour gait, when he was hailed and asked to enter. He shook his head significantly, and the thought was caught at once. Loyd said: "Oh, that woman business is all right. I am authorized by every member of the club to say that she won't be in the way, and that she would not be allowed to be present. I am also authorized by Messrs. Paul Jones, Mark Berry, myself and others to say that any bond needed would be furnished in case of the law interfering. We want you bad." He then said, "I will enter and win. I have been wanting to go into this thing for I want Prater's scalp. I know I can beat him, and if I go there I will do it. Rome's nothing, Augusta's nothing; nobody here is no good. I want Prater beat, and I am going to do it." Ford says he would have won the late match but for that woman, and is anxious to have a go at him. The only trouble now is that the fear of loosing his position as collector for F. B. Gartrell, who opposes these sports, and objects to his entering.

HASKINS.

The next entry was John R. Haskins, who made a fine record in the fourth July match here. He is a "get there Eli" goer, and says he it afraid of no one. He is after Prater also.

HARRIS.

Harris, the famous bailiff walker, was secured. He objected to the ten dollar entrance fee; it seared him; but when told the money would be there when he won, hanging over the track in little bags waiting to be taken down with his own hands, he gave under and said he would enter. He is just the least more modest than the other men, and don't want to beat any particular man, but wants to get in to reach for one of those little bags.

FARMER.

Farmer, another Macon crack winner, announced his intention of entering, and put his name in the pot. He has entered several matches and made a good record in each. He is plucky, tried and game. He said: "I have made up my mind to win that race, or come near enough to touch the winner. Put me down; here is your entrance fee, and tell them to look out for me."

JACOBUS.

The impromptu little meeting was about to break up when a man was seen rushing frantically up Fourth street, waving his hands and shouting to be heard. He looked like a crazy man, but the party soon discovered that he was not. It was Charles Jacobus, a cigar man, who wanted to enter, and for fear of being left out, pulled out his ten dollars for entrance fee and handed it to Mitchell. He said, "I want to beat Ford; he has beat me and I will see that he is badly beat this time. Who is Prater, anyhow?"

The city is worked up to a lively standpoint, and a good crowd will go to see the match.

The Cotton Season.

THE PROBABILITY OF THE BIBB MANUFACTURING COMPANY CLOSING DOWN FOR THE PRESENT.

MACON, July 18.—[Special.]—Mr. C. B. Willingham, a prominent cotton man, said to-day: "We will have some 9 cent cotton here in four weeks. I believe it will open low. The crops are fine and will open at once. The season promises large, and the receipts will be more than usual."

It is probable that the Bibb manufacturing company will close down at an early date. Major J. S. Hanson leaves for New York to-morrow.

A Spider Bite.

MACON, July 18.—[Special.]—A negro girl named Blount, aged seven years, living near the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia freight depot, was badly bitten by a large spider this morning. The child was asleep and its parents were startled by cries. On approaching the bed a large black spider was seen to leave it. The child had been bitten on the upper lip and it had swelled beyond its natural size. Much pain was caused and the shrieks of the child alarmed the neighborhood. A physician was called and medical assistance rendered. To-night the child is resting well.

Williams Captured.

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The claim of the Mormons that they are divinely authorized to practice polygamy should no more be admitted than the claim of certain heathen tribes, if they should come among us, to continue the rite of human sacrifice. The law does not interfere with what a man believes; it takes cognizance only of what he does. As citizens, the Mormons are entitled to the same civil rights as others and to these they must be confined. Polygamy can never receive national sanction or toleration by admitting the community that upholds it as a state in the union. Like others, the Mormons must learn that the liberty of the individual ceases where the rights of society begin.

OUR CURRENCY.

The people of the United States, though often urged and tempted, have never seriously contemplated the recognition of any other money than gold and silver—and currency directly convertible into them. They have not done so, they will not do so, under any necessity less pressing than that of desperate war. The one special requisite for the completion of our monetary system is the fixing of the relative values of silver and gold. The large use of silver as the money of account among Asiatic nations, taken in connection with the increasing commerce of the world, gives the weightiest reasons for an international agreement in the premises. Our government should not cease to urge this measure until a common standard of value shall be reached and established; a standard that shall enable the United States to use the silver from its mines as an auxiliary to gold in settling the balances of commercial exchange.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

The strength of the republic is increased by the multiplication of land holders. Our laws should look to the judicious encouragement of actual settlers on the public domain, which should henceforth be held as a sacred trust for the benefit of those seeking homes. The tendency to consolidate large tracts of land in the ownership of individuals or corporations should, with proper regard to vested rights, be discouraged. One hundred thousand acres of land in the hands of one man is far less profitable to the nation in every way than when its ownership is divided among one thousand men. The evil of permitting large tracts of the national domain to be monopolized and controlled by the few against the many is enhanced when the persons controlling it are aliens. It is but fair that the public lands should be disposed of only to actual settlers and to those who are citizens of the republic, or willing to become so.

OUR SHIPPING INTERESTS.

Among our national interests one languishes—the foreign carrying trade. It was very seriously crippled in our civil war, and another blow was given to it in the general substitution of steam for sail in ocean traffic. With a frontage on the two great oceans, with a freightage larger than that of any other nation, we have every inducement to restore our navigation. Yet the government has hitherto rendered its help. A small share of the encouragement given by the government to railways and to manufactures, and a small share of the capital and the zeal given by our citizens to those enterprises would have carried our ships to every sea and to every port. A law just enacted removes some of the burdens upon our navigation and inspires hope that this great interest may at last receive its due share of attention. All efforts in this direction should receive encouragement.

SACREDNESS OF THE BALLOT.

This survey of our condition as a nation reminds us that material prosperity is but a mockery if it does not tend to preserve the liberty of the people. A free ballot is the safeguard of republican institutions, without which no national welfare is assured. A popular election, honestly conducted, embodies the very majesty of true government. Ten millions of voters desire to take part in the pending contest. The safety of the republic rests upon the integrity of the ballot, upon the security of suffrage to the citizen. To deposit a fraudulent vote is no worse a crime against constitutional liberty than to obstruct the deposit of an honest vote. He who corrupts suffrage strikes at the very root of free government. He forgets that in trampling upon the rights of others he fatally imperils his own rights. "It is a good land which the Lord our God doth give us," but we can maintain our heritage only by guarding with vigilance the source of popular power. I am, with great respect, your obedient servant.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

Riddled With Bullets.

BIRMINGHAM, July 18.—[Special.]—The negro Andy Burke, who waylaid the thirteen year old daughter of a prominent citizen of Tuscaloosa, Ala., Tuesday while she was returning from school, and attempted rape, was found late last night two miles from Tuscaloosa, in a cabin with the doors and windows barricaded, and provisions enough to last several days. The posse carried him before the little girl. She identified him. He then confessed the crime, was put in the guardhouse and just before day was taken out by a mob and swung to a tree in front of the Presbyterian church. While in the death throes the mob riddled him with bullets.

A YOUNG MAN SPIRITED AWAY.

Unknown Agencies—The Capture of the Private Secretary of a Wealthy Lady.

From the Chattanooga Times.

North Alabama and the region of country in the proximity of Anderson, Tenn., is in a tumult of excitement over the most singular disappearance recorded in this section in many years. A young man was spirited away by the most mysterious agencies and totally disappeared, leaving no vestige or clue to his whereabouts and no evidence whatever of a cause for his absence.

The young man whose absence is so remarkable is named John A. Neal. His home is at Huntsville, Ala., where he is well known and his family is held in high esteem. He is also well known in Chattanooga. He is about 34 years of age, tall and slender. He was private secretary of Miss Maud St. Pierce. This lady came to Huntsville from Washington city about a year ago. She is exceedingly wealthy and has invested very extensively in southern mining and timber lands. About two months ago she purchased 22,000 acres of land lying near Anderson, in Franklin county, Tennessee, from Colonel Anderson for seventy-eight thousand dollars. Mr. Neal left for Anderson about five weeks ago to look after the property. While there he fell ill, but soon recovered. Sunday June 15th, he left the hotel at Anderson for a short walk through the forest. He was in good spirits and chatted pleasantly and good humoredly with the guests. He proceeded up the mountain, and when last seen, was sitting on a stone by the roadside, plucking flowers. Scarcely twenty minutes thereafter the hotel clerk, noting his long absence, started in search of him, and proceeded straight to the stone where he was seen, but no trace could be found. There were no evidence of a struggle. The grass had not been trampled. Not a stone was upturned and no footmark anywhere. The neighborhood was aroused and the mountain top searched without any result. Miss St. Pierce was telegraphed to and came at once. She employed twenty-five men to search the country carefully. Boats were built and every stream for ten miles was dragged. Every canon, gulch and abyss on the mountain was searched with torches. Skilled detectives were sent to Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, and Huntsville. Trains were watched. Ticket agents and conductors put on their guard, but nothing whatever developed to unravel the deep mystery.

Mr. Neal's family are well nigh distracted. They offered a reward of $100, Miss St. Pierce added $50 thereto, but it has brought no intelligence. A few days since the remark was made in a crowd at Stevenson that if Miss St. Pierce would offer $1,000 as a ransom, Neal would be returned. Every effort to ascertain who made this remark has proved unavailing. The lady thinks that it was merely a casual observation and puts no faith in it whatever.

Miss St. Pierce was in Chattanooga yesterday and was interviewed at the Read house by a Times reporter. She is a lady of commanding presence, has a strikingly intellectual face, and gives evidence of a thorough familiarity with the most intricate business details. She said to the reporter that Neal's accounts were all right; not one cent was missing. Her papers were left in perfect shape, and when he disappeared he did not have one cent of money belonging to her. She can give no theory for his singular disappearance. She put no faith in the remark regarding the $1,000 ransom. She expresses confidence that he is still alive, and believes the mystery will yet be solved. The search has now been in progress every day for five weeks and still continues. Not the remotest trace has been found, nor even the slightest clue to give the searchers encouragement.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE,
A Valuable Nerve Tonic.

Dr. C. C. Olmstead, Milwaukee, Wis., says: "I have used it in my practice ten years, and consider it a valuable nerve tonic."

Office of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16, 1884.

To whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that Wm. H. Harris is no longer in the service of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company, and that any payments made to him for account of said company, or insurances therein, after this date, will not be recognized by it, but be at the risk of the person or persons so paying.

SAMUEL C. HUEY, President.

ESSENCE OF DIXIE.

The Bank of Mobile went under after sixty-five years existence, owing to the money pressure.

Oxanna, Alabama, contains about five hundred inhabitants.

The Alabama State Sportsman association, will be held this year in Mobile, somewhere between the first and tenth of September. The tournament will last for six days.

Dr. Uriah Terrill, of Virginia, who is ninety-two years old, was the oldest delegate to the Chicago convention. He served in the war of 1812.

Mr. M. P. Blue, of Montgomery, Alabama, exhibits from his garden a cucumber of the variety known as White German. It measures two feet in length, ten inches in circumference and weighed four pounds and two ounces.

Hunt county, Texas, population has increased in the last year 8,000 to 10,000.

Twenty-one thousand pounds of wool was sold in one lot in Martin, Texas, a few days ago.

The public bridge at Selma, across the Alabama river, is to cost $17,000.

Tennessee and Alabama are the only states that hold county elections in August.

The Alabama state Baptist convention will convene in Tuscaloosa 18th July.

Twenty thousand pounds of tomatoes are shipped nightly from Chattanooga.

There are 1,87 postoffices in North Carolina.

Rine figs sell in Jacksonville, Fla., at $2 per bushel.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 cents. Pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

Decatur county, Ia., has a girl who captured and sold fifteen wolves during the last season.

A Great Triumph.

As the result of long years of patient and careful application, aided by all the discoveries and improvements in modern chemical appliances, the process by which the fragrance of the richest tropical flowers is extracted and concentrated in Murray and Lanman Florida Water has reached a state of perfection which leaves nothing to be desired. To distinguish the genuine article from its numerous imitations look out for the "Trade Mark" which consists of a narrow white strip label bearing the facsimile signature of Lanman & Kemp, sole proprietors.

Letting a Contract.

Yesterday Mr. C. W. Hunnicutt contracted with Mr. J. G. Thrower for the plastering of his new and beautiful residence.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Wholesale by Boynton Bros., Atlanta, Ga

FUNERAL NOTICE.

CROSS—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cross are invited to attend the funeral of their only child to-day at ten a. m. from their residence 589 Marietta street, July 18, 1884.

HATHORN WATER

Flows from the Maximum Mineral Fountain of Saratoga Springs, and is in the opinion of the most eminent medical men Nature's Sovereign **Cure for Constipation, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Inactive Condition of the Kidneys**, and a most salutary alterative in scrofulous affections. With ladies, gentlemen, and bon vivants every where it das become the standard of dietary expedients, fortifying the digestive functions and enabling freelivers to indulge with impunity at table. The world of wealth, intelligence and refinement testifies to its sparkling, naturally pure, and delightful qualities as the beverage incomparable, and accredit is with being the surest and speediest source of clear complexions, high health, and exhuberant spirits. **Hathorn Springs Water** is sold only in glass bottles; four dozen pints are packed in a case. It may be obtained at all hotels, and of druggists, wine merchants, and grocers everywhere. fri

SHERIFF'S SALES FOR AUGUST, 1884.—WILL be sold, before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to wit:

One pianoforte, of "Hallett & Crampton" make, now in the boarding house of Mrs. Hewie, No. 108 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga., levied on as the property of J. E. Wheat, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of C. C. Nelson vs. J. E. Wheat.

Also at the same time and place, a house and lot, No. 25 Parson street, city of Atlanta, Fulton county, and being the house and lot whereon defendant now lives with her husband, John Elam, said lot fronting 130 feet on Parson street, and running back to Vine street, along said street 70 feet, thence to Parson street; and containing one-fourth acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of defendant, Margaret Elam, to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of W. J. Willingham vs. Margaret Elam.

A certain tract or parcel of land situated and lying in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., being part of land lot number 47, commencing at Brumby's, southeast corner on Blackburn street, in the city of Atlanta and running south fifty feet thence west one hundred feet, thence north fifty feet to the south line of Brumby's lot, thence east along the south line of Brumby's lot one hundred feet to the beginning point. Levied on as the property of Mrs. T. H. Edwards to satisfy an execution issued from justice court, 1234 district G. M. of said county upon an attachment for purchase money upon three past due installments for said lot, in favor of M. C. Adair and John C. Evans, transferer vs. T. H. Edwards.

Also at the same time and place, a certain lot in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, fronting fifty-three (53) on the east side of Yonge street, and running back 150 feet to city lot No. 8, and bounded on the north by city lot No. 4, and on the south by city lot No. 6; the said premises described being designated as city lot No. 5, as shown in printed hand bill plat of Bell & Goldsmith, dated 1872, part of lot No. 22 in land lot 46, 14th district of said county; levied on as the property of Andrew T. Finney, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of F. R. Mayer & Co. vs. Andrew T. Finney.

A. J. PERKERSON, Sheriff.

1884.
CULMINATION OF THE SERIES!
12TH
CINCINNATI
INDUSTRIAL
EXPOSITION
Opens Sept. 3rd—Closes Oct. 4th.
A WONDERFUL DISPLAY OF
Manufactures-Arts-Inventions-Products
OPEN TO THE
COMPETITION OF THE WORLD.
Admission 25 Cents.
Exhibitors from every State in the Union and Foreign Countries.
No charge for space or steam power. Special arrangements made for transportation of exhibits and visitors. For full particulars, address, J. P. WALTON, Sec'y.
1884.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure **CONTAIN AMMONIA.**

THE TEST:

Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
CHICAGO. - ST. LOUIS

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE MIDSUMMER HOLIDAY. CENTURY.

This magazine for August is, as usual, the Midsummer Holiday Number. It is especially notable for the beauty of its illustrations, for short stories, anecdotal papers, out-of-door sketches, etc., adapted to the vacation season. It contains the

OPENING CHAPTERS OF TWO NOVELETTES by Henry James and H. H. Boyesen.
HUMOROUS SHORT STORIES, by Frank R. Stockton and "Ivory Black."
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES, on
British Wild Flowers, by John Burroughs; with over a dozen illustrations of fox-glove, primrose, daisy, daffodil, etc., etc., by Alfred Parsons.
Recent Architecture in America, III, Commercial buildings, by Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer.
On the Track of Ulysses, by W. J. Stillman. Illustrated by Harry Fenn. The first of a series of papers of rare archæological interest, describing a cruise in the Mediterranean, undertaken at the expense of The Century Magazine.
SKETCHES OF PERSONAL INTEREST, concerning
Chinese Gordon.
General Sam Houston, (Portraits.)
Queen of Romania, (Portraits.)
DR. SEVIER, by George W. Cable. This part contains stirring descriptions of the Confederate troops leaving New Orleans and of the march of the 7th Regiment down Broadway, June, 1861.
OTHER CONTRIBUTORS are:
Washington Gladden, W. D. Howells, Edith M. Thomas, Edward Egleston, Maurice Thompson, George Parsons Lathrop, and others.
Topics of the Time. Open Letters. Bric-a-Brac.

Price, 35 cts; $4.00 a year. Sold everywhere.

THE CENTURY CO., New York, N. Y.

BLOOD

And its unparalleled abuses, are fully and freely discussed in a neat 32 page book, mailed free to any address, by Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Drop a postal for it, as every man and woman needs it and will be delighted with its valuable and entirely new revelations.

SMALL VOICES

Sometimes shake a Nation of people and arouse them to action. Expressions similar to the following, from a well-known Druggist of Atlanta, pour in from sections where B. B. B. has been used.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

It is our firm belief that B. B. B. is the BEST Blood Purifier on the market. We are selling four or five bottles of it to ONE of any other preparation of the kind. It has failed in no instance to give entire satisfaction. Merit is the secret.

W. P. SMITH & CO., Druggists.

This is the only blood medicine known that combines quick action, certain effect, cheap price and unbounded satisfaction.

WE PROVE

That one single bottle of B. B. B. will do as much work in curing Blood Poisons, Skin Affections, Scrofula, Kidney Troubles, Catarrh and Rheumatism as six bottles of any other preparation on earth.

One 50-year-old chronic ulcer cured; Scrofula of children, cured with one bottle. Blood Poisons cured with a few bottles. It never fails. We hold home proof in book form. Send for it. Large bottle for $1.00, six for $5.00.

Expressed on receipt of price, if your Druggist can't supply you. Address

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

tu th sa su wky nx rd mat

AMUSEMENTS.

The Champions to Meet!

THE GRAND MEETING OF THE MOST FAMOUS GEORGIA PEDESTRIANS IN THE

Georgia Championship Race!

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

Atlanta Athletic Club!

—AT—

KELLY & FOSSER'S WAREHOUSE

—ON—

Friday, July 25th, 1884.

THE PEDESTRIAN CONTESTS OF THE PAST several months have developed some very fleet runners in Georgia. The record for 12 hours go-as-you-please match, set at 48 miles in the Reporter's match has raised in successive races until

62 6-10 Miles was Made by Piper & Aycock, of Rome, Georgia.

It is now proposed to have a

Grand Championship Struggle

between the winners of the various matches, and such others as may be entered

FOR THE CHAMPION PEDESTRIAN BELT

for the State of Georgia.

The race will be a 12 hours go-as-you please match, run under the strictest rules and with the best of judges on the stand.

Music, Electric Lights, Ice-Water, Cushioned Chairs, Reserved Seats, Perfect Ventilation.

This will be the greatest contest ever witnessed in the state.

Admission 50 cents. Special rates will be given on all the roads and excursion trains run.

No one should miss seeing this great test of speed and endurance.

The prizes for this match are as follows:

First man	$300 00.
Second man	150 00.
Third man	100 00.

The Prize Money has been deposited with Messrs. W. M. & R. J. Lowry, to whom the managers respectfully refer.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 16, 1884.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH ME Mr. T. W. Baxter, under the firm name of

BOYD & BAXTER,

For the purpose of manufacturing furniture at Nos. 535 and 535 Marietta street.

As the successor to Boyd & King, would respectfully solicit a continuation of the patronage heretofore given to the late firm.

ISAAC S. BOYD, Successor to Boyd & King.

ISAAC S. BOYD. T. W. BAXTER.

NEW FIRM.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED OURselves together for the purpose of

MANUFACTURING FURNITURE,

At the Atlanta Furniture Factory (formerly Geo. Hinman's), Nos. 533 and 535 Marietta street. We are now prepared with every facility to supply the trade with Poplar and Walnut Suits, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, etc.

We kindly solicit the patronage of the public.

BOYD & BAXTER.
Wholesale Furniture Manufacturers.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY IN BUYING

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS

It will pay you to inspect my stock of

Business & Dress Suits,

EXTRA PANTS,
ALPACA, SICILLIAN AND SEERSUCKER COATS
AND WHITE VESTS.
FANCY HALF HOSE,

NECKWEAR

Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Etc.

ALL WILL BE SOLD AT LOW FIGURES.

A. B. ANDREWS,

NO. 16 WHITEHALL STREET.

SMITH'S

Extract of May Flower

FOR WOMEN.

CRANSTON BROS.

WE PUBLISH ABOVE A CUT OF THE

R. T. Davis & Faucett Full Roller Mill

AT ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI.

And notify our trade and the citizens of Atlanta that they can buy this Flour at WHOLESALE from

JOHN CAREY & SONS,

45, 47 and 49 Alabama street, and at RETAIL from ROBERT DOHME, 88 Whitehall street, and SHROPSHIRE & JOHNSON, 10 West Mitchell street.

Housekeepers who buy The Davis No. 1 Flour

and Bake it, if they can say they ever used a better Flour, can get their money by leaving their names and empty sacks with us.

CRANSTON BROS.,
24 Alabama Street, Sole Agents for Georgia.

WATCHES WATCHES
WATCHES WATCHES

LARGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH

AT PRICES THAT ALL CAN AFFORD.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.

$1,000

WILL BE PAID TO ANY ONE WHO WILL find a particle of Mercury, Potash, Iodine, Arsenic, or any poisonous substance in

SWIFT'S SPECIFICS

"I have cured Blood Taint by the use of Swift's Specific after I had most signally failed with the Mercury and Potash treatment."
F. A. TOOMER, M. D., Perry, Ga.

"Swift's Specific has cured me of Scrofula of 12 years standing. Had sores as large as my hand, and every one thought I was doomed. Swift's Specific cured me after physicians and all other medicine had failed."
R. L. HIGH, Louoke, Ark.

"Give like a Christian, speak in deeds;

Hoarding on Both Sides.

From the New York Journal of Commerce.

Some of the banks we understand, complain of the withdrawal of their deposits by a few of their wealthiest customers who have stored the currency thus obtained in the rented vaults of the Safe Deposit companies. It is said that twenty-five or thirty millions have thus been hidden away from public gaze for possible use in case of a sudden emergency. The hoarding is probably exaggerated, but the banks cannot mend it by persisting in the course of which the mercantile world has so justly complained. When business paper was scarce, or wholly wanting, there was some excuse for the managers of these institutions if they loaned their money in the street to mere speculators.

But now when the business community needs the accommodation, and merchants and dealers are asking for it, it is not wise for the banks to refuse it, and either hoard their cash means or loan their surplus on call to those whose operations contribute nothing to the common benefit. The great bulk of the reserve is in reality owned by the customers of the banks. It is their balances which supply the funds, and when they see what they deem the misappropriation of the money it is not strange that some of them are tempted to withdraw the deposits and hoard them for their own use.

It appears to us that not a few of our banks have yet to learn the distinction between caution and timidity. The former is consistent with the truest courage; the latter takes counsel of its fears. For years it has been possible to borrow any amount of money upon collaterals which not one of the lenders would purchase for his own investment upon any consideration. In the hour of trial, when the repayment of these loans was demanded, it was found that the borrowers had made no provision whatever for such a contingency. They had not invested the borrowed capital as merchants do, to facilitate the operations of business, out of which it can be returned when wanted, but had spent it absolutely and beyond recovery, depending upon answering the demand only by a fresh loan or leaving the lender to sacrifice the collaterals.

A call for loans when it comes is apt to be general, and when it grows active such borrowers always come to grief and the lenders suffer with them. There is no one to furnish the debtor with the means of repayment which he has spent, and no one to buy the collaterals which the holder would sacrifice if he could to satisfy his claim.

The whole system of call loans on paper collaterals, as recently practiced, is wrong, and ought to be abandoned. It is an entire departure from the true principles of banking. The old-time method was the one recommended by a long experience. The bank invested their own capital, and such of their deposits as were not likely to be drawn out, in promissory notes maturing at a given date. Every day a certain portion of these bills receivable became due and were succeeded. These daily receipts the board of directors invested in fresh discounts.

This was a most flexible system. If the banks anticipated a fresh demand for their deposits they had only to diminish by a little the daily volume of discounts, and the maturing papers soon filled up their coffers. The notes were given for goods purchased, and the makers expected to resell the property and use the proceeds to pay their obligations when due. These were indorsed to the bank by its customers, so that the notes represented the capital of two firms, and payment of them was dependent not on borrowing the money when they were due, but on returning the property for which they were given.

Instead of returning as far as possible to this system and encouraging their customers to revive it by selling their goods once more for notes to their own order and offering them for discount instead of selling them in the street, a large portion of the banks have only revised their old system of call loans. They have simply resolved that they will not accept third rate stocks or bonds, but they will demand a higher class of collaterals. This is a mistake; it is not so much the kind of securities as the whole method of business that is at fault. If all the loans are made on government bonds, and the money is spent or used by the borrowers with no definite provision for the means of repayment, the effect will be nearly the same.

A man who borrows money for ninety days or four months to bring grain or pork to market, or to buy cotton for manufacturing, or to anticipate by discount the dues for goods already sold, makes his arrangements to turn the property and furnish himself with the cash to meet his obligations or is confident that his debtor will do it for the paper he has indorsed. But the most of those who borrow on call postpone the provision for repayment until the call is made, and in general have no other reliance but to reborrow elsewhere, or sacrifice the collateral. Neither of these will avail either borrower or lender when the call becomes general.

Instead, therefore, of hoarding the reserves in the banks or cautiously lending a portion of them on call with selected collaterals to speculators in the street, let these institutions accept the offer of their customers who are entitled to the profits of trade and resume their old habit of investing the bulk of their funds in business paper. There was a time when there was a community of feeling between the banks and their depositors, strengthened by mutual confidence and helpfulness in all the years of their intercourse. There is a splendid opportunity to revive this cordial friendship, and we hope it will be improved to the common advantage.

Cure for Piles.

The first symptom of Piles is an intense itching at night after getting warm. This unpleasant sensation is immediately relieved by an application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy. Piles in all forms, Itch, Salt Rheum and Ringworm can be permanently cured by the use of this great remedy. Price 50 cents. Manufactured by the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua O. Sold by Sharp Bros., No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Pharmacy, opposite National Hotel, and A. J. Pinson.

There are now 155 women students in Boston university.

Opening the Fountains.

In numberless bulbs beneath the skin is secreted the liquid substance which gives the hair its texture, color and gloss. When this secretion stops, the hair begins at once to become dry, lustreless, brittle and gray, is that the condition of your hair? If so, apply Parker's Hair Balsam at once. It will restore the color, gloss and life by renewing the action of nature. The Balsam is not an oil, not a dye, but an elegant toilet article, highly appreciated because of its cleanliness.

Fifty-seven American women writers were born in Maine.

YOUNG MEN!—READ THIS.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich. offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated phamphlet free.

Switzerland hotel keepers have a mutual protection society.

To make a good salad dressing in the ordinary way good condiments, plenty of time and no little skill are essential. Durkee's Salad Dressing supplies all these requisites. Sold everywhere.

Mrs. A. T. Stewart is 84 years old and the richest widow in the world.

"A Single Fact is Worth a Ship-Load of Argument."

MR. W. B. Lathrop, of South Easton, Mass., under date of January 7, 1884, says: "My father had for years an eating cancer on his under lip, which had been gradually growing worse until it had eaten away his under lip down to the gums, and was feeding itself on the inside of his cheek, and the surgeons said a horrible death was soon to come. We gave him nine bottles of Swift's Specific and he has been entirely cured. It has created great excitement in this section."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., 159 W. 23d St., N. Y., and 1205 Chestnut St., Phila.

Rufus Choate once advised a young lawyer never to cross-examine a woman.

A Pure and Effective Hair Dressing.

Cocoaine, a compound of Cocoanut Oil, beautifies the hair and is sure to allay all itching and irritation of the scalp.

THE superiority of **Burnett's Flavoring Extracts** consists in their perfect purity and strength.

In Boston there are 20,000 working women whose wages average only $4 to $5 a week.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN
BROKER AND DEALER IN
STOCKS AND BONDS,
OFFICE
6 City National Bank Building.
(Pryor Street Entrance.)

BANK
OF THE
STATE OF GEORGIA.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND.....60,000.00
STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) Individually liable.

W. H. PATTERSON,
Bond and Stock Broker
24 PRYOR STREET,
JACKSON BUILDING.
FOR SALE.
Central Railroad Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Stock.
Georgia Pacific Railroad Bonds.
Atlanta 6 per cent, 7 per cent and 8 per cent, Bonds.
Atlanta Street Railroad Stock.
Atlanta Gas Light Co Stock.
Georgia Railroad Bonds.

CLARKE, HARRISON & CO.,
BROKERS IN
Cotton, Produce, Stocks & Bonds
No. 9 and 11 N. Broad Street,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.
THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF COTTON, Grain, Provisions, Petroleum and Coffee, for future delivery on margins, in the New York Exchanges and on the Chicago Board of Trade a Specialty.
ALSO BUY AND SELL STOCKS & BONDS.
Daily market quotations furnished on application.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 18, 1884.

Money is slightly easier, and we look for a material improvement in that direction in the immediate future.

Securities are firm but the week opens with light demand.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50 ₰ 1,000 premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s	102	104	Atlanta 7s, 1899	102	105
Ga. 7s, 1886	101	103	Atlanta 6s (L. D.)	99	102
Ga. 7s gold	106	109	Atlanta 6s (S. D.)	97	100
Ga. 7s, 1896	115	117	Atlanta 5s	80	82
S.C.(Brown)	100	102	Augusta 7s	102	104
Savannah 5s	79	81	Augusta 6s	97	100
Atl'ta 8s	1902	109	Macon 6s	100	103
Atl'ta 8s	1892	103	Columbus 5s	79	81
Atl'ta 7s	1904	103			

ATLANTA BANK STOCK.

Atlanta Na'l	200	Bk State of Ga.	100
Atl'ta B'k	100	Gate City Nat.	100

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. R. 6s	1897	99	101	Atlanta & Char. inc.	70
Ga. R. 6s	1910	100	102		75
Ga. R. 6s	1922	100	103	M. & Aug. ind.	97
Cen. R. 7s	1893	106	109	W. R. of Ala.	1st 104
C. C. & A.	1st	100	103	do.	2d 106
At. & Char.	1st	101	105	Ga. Pac. ind.	85

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	140	143	Central debent	86	89
At. & Char.	62	65	Aug. & Sav.	116	118
Southwestern	108	110	A. & W. P.	90	93
South'n Cl'na.	20	25	do. debent.	89	92
Central	70	72	C., C. & A.	15	18

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, July 18—While strong in tone during the early part of the day, with a moderate advance in quotations in the entire list, the market presented no specially new features, except such slight reactions as occurred, which invariably brought in buying orders which promptly restored quotations. During the afternoon, however, this quiet condition of affairs gave place to an active and buoyant market. The bears became alarmed and made efforts to cover, but were afforded little opportunity, as prices advanced rapidly. St. Paul and Missouri Pacific were favorably affected by reports of increased earnings. Lackawanna was also strong on account of the improvement in the coal trade. This stock is controlled by the same parties who have made several remarkable movements in shares during the past few months. Union Pacific, Northwest, Western Union, Northern Pacific, Pacific Mail and Vanderbilts all attracted attention and advanced sharply. The improvement varied from ¼ to 3¼ per cent. In the final sales there was a reaction of ⅛ to ½ per cent from the highest point. Sales 240,000 shares.

Exchange 483¼. Money 1. Sub-treasury balances: Coin $119,237,000; currency $9,750,000. Government strong: 4s 120¾; 4s 100¾.

State bonds firm.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	79	Mobile & Ohio	8½
do. Class B 5s	99	N. & C.	37½
Ga. 6s	102	N. O. Pac firsts	103
Ga. 7s mortgage	102¾	N. Y. Central	103¼
North Carolinas	129	Norfolk & W'n pre.	24¾
do. new	118	Northern Pac.	18½
do. funding	99	do. preferred	45⅞
S. C. con. Brown	102¾	Pacific Mail	46¼
Tennessee 6s	39½	Reading	25⅞
Virginia 6s	33	Rich. & Allegheny	2
Virginia consols	43	Richmond & Dan.	32
Chesap'ke & Ohio	8	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	13⅛
Chicago & N. W.	92⅛	Rock Island	109¾
do. preferred	128	St. Paul	72⅝
Den. & Rio Grande	9	do. preferred	105¼
Erie	13¾	Texas Pacific	9¾
East Tenn. R. R.	3⅞	Union Pacific	34½
Lake Shore	75½	Wab. St. L. & Pac.	12½
L. & N.	28⅝	do. preferred	12½
Memphis & Char.	42¼	Western Union	54¾

†Bid ‡Ex-dividend ◊Offered ₴Asked

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 18, 1884.

New York—Cotton dull. Futures unchanged. Spots steady; middling 11c.

Net receipts for the week ending to-day 3,804 bales, against 6,588 bales last week and against 9,149 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports for the week 36,673 bales; same time last 22,519 bales; stock 284,540 bales; same time last year 349,176 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
July	10.97@11.00	July	11.02@11.03
August	11.03@	August	11.05@11.06
September	10.34@	September	10.95@10.96
October	10.58@10.60	October	10.59@10.60
November	10.43@10.45	November	10.44@10.45
December	10.44@10.45	December	10.45@10.46
January	10.53@	January	10.54@10.56
February	10.65@10.67	February	10.68@10.69

Closed barely steady; sales 47,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed quiet and steady. Spots—Uplands 6¼d; Orleans 6⅝d; sales 10,000 bales, of which 7,000 bales were American; receipts 1,000; American 200.

Local—Cotton nominal at quotations: Good middling 11c; middling 10⅞c; strict low middling 10¾c; low middling 10⅝c; strict good ordinary 10¼c; tinges 11⅛c; stains 9@9¾c.

NEW YORK, July 18—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending to-day:

Net receipts at all United States ports	3,804
Same time last year	9,149
Showing a decrease	5,345
Total receipts	4,831,873
Same time last year	5,903,263
Showing a decrease	1,071,390
Exports for the week	26,673
Same time last year	22,816
Showing an increase	3,857
Total exports to date	3,7c9,913
Same time last year	4,572,801
Showing a decrease	852,888
Stock at all United States ports	256,422
Same time last year	347,176
Showing a decrease	90,754
Stock at interior towns	15,096
Same time last year	31,032
Showing a decrease	15,936
Stock at Liverpool	861,000
Same time last year	991,000
Showing a decrease	130,000
American cotton afloat for Great Britain	47,000
Same time last year	38,000
Showing an increase	9,000

NEW YORK, July 18.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September, 1, 1883:

Galveston	591,768
New Orleans	1,513,434
Mobile	253,143
Savannah	653,959
Charleston	425,080
Wilmington	91,268
Norfolk	578,296
Baltimore	55,706
New York	115,534
Boston	184,338
Providence	6,117
Philadelphia	58,994
West Point	177,142
Brunswick	8,084
Port Royal	11,198
Pensacola	32,339
City Point	2,387
Indianola	8,467
Newport News	2,124
Minor Ports	21,115
Total	4,831,876

NEW YORK, July 18.—The Post's cotton market report says: Future deliveries, after losing 4@2-100, recovered the loss, and exhibited much steadiness at the third call, when no sales were made. Immediately after the call 11.05 was bid in vain for August, 10.60 for October and 10.46 for December. Futures closed quiet but steady at about yesterday's quotations.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 18—Cotton quiet and in fair inquiry; middling uplands 6⅝; middling Orleans 6⅝; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 1,000; American 200; uplands low middling clause July and August delivery 6 14-64; August and September delivery 6 16-64; September and October delivery 615-64; October and November delivery 6 4-64; November and December delivery 5 63-74; September delivery 6 58-64, 6 19-64, 6 18-64; futures opened quiet at the decline.

Weekly—Sales 59,000; American 40,000; speculation 1,600; export 3,400; actual export 2,700; import 36,000; American 17,000; stock 861,000; American 538,000; afloat 141,000; American 47,000.

LIVERPOOL, July 18—2:00 p.m.—Sales of American 7,000 bales; uplands low middling clause July delivery 6 14-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6 14-64, buyers; August and September delivery 6 16-64, sellers; September and October delivery 6 16-64, sellers; October and November delivery 6 5-64, sellers; November and December delivery 5 63-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5 62-64, buyers; September delivery 6 18-64, value; futures dull.

LIVERPOOL, July 18—4:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause July delivery 6 14-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6 14-64, buyers; August and September delivery 6 16-64, sellers; September and October delivery 6 14-64, buyers; October and November delivery 6 5-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5 63-64, value; December and January delivery 5 63-64, value; September delivery 6 18-64, sellers; futures closed quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, July 18—Cotton firm; sales 2,131 bales; middling uplands 11; middling Orleans 11¾; net receipts 50; gross 50; consolidated net receipts 178; exports to Great Britain 13,185; to France 4; to continent 1,400.

GALVESTON, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts 36 bales; gross 36; sales none; stock 1,530; exports coastwise 183.

NORFOLK, July 18—Cotton steady; middling 10¾; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; stock 763; sales none; exports coastwise 203.

WILMINGTON, July 18—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 10¼; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 755.

SAVANNAH, July 18—Cotton nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; sales none; stock 362.

NEW ORLEANS, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 10 13-16; net receipts 12 bales; gross 13; sales none; stock 42,271; exports to Great Britain 2,568.

MOBILE, July 18—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts 7 bales; gross 8; sales none; stock 3,775.

MEMPHIS, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 11; net receipts 21 bales; shipments 683; sales 75; stock 9,975.

AUGUSTA, July 18—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts none; shipments —; sales 252 bales.

CHARLESTON, July 18—Cotton nominal; middling 11; net receipts 4 bales; gross none; sales none; stock 1,420.

NEW YORK, July 18—Cotton firm; sales 2,560 bales; middling uplands 11; middling Orleans 11¾; net receipts 10; gross 252.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,235; gross 4,147; exports to Great Britain 1,501; to France 4; to continent 3,685; sales 15,588; stock 181,603.

GALVESTON, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 1,530.

Weekly—Net receipts 107; gross 107; sales 82; exports coastwise 353.

NORFOLK, July 18—Cotton steady; middling 10¾; net receipts 46 bales; gross 46; stock 754; sales —.

Weekly—Net receipts 197; gross 197; sales 16; exports coastwise 844.

WILMINGTON, July 18—Cotton steady; middling 10¾; net receipts 6 bales; gross 6; sales none; stock 761.

Weekly — Net receipts 7; gross 7; sales none; exports coastwise 92.

SAVANNAH, July 18—Cotton nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts 83 bales; gross 83; sales none; stock 361.

Weekly—Net receipts 355; gross 355; sales 25; exports coastwise 316.

NEW ORLEANS, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 10 13-16; net receipts 227 bales; gross 227; sales 500; stock 42,936.

Weekly—Net receipts 590; gross 909; sales 3,900; exports to Great Britain 3,950; coastwise 2,905.

MOBILE, July 18—Cotton nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts 26 bales; gross 26; sales none; stock 3,720.

Weekly—Net receipts 48; gross 49; sales 150; exports coastwise 477.

MEMPHIS, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 11; net receipts 49 bales; shipments 163; sales none; stock 9,861.

Weekly—Net receipts 271; shipments 1,285; sales 300.

AUGUSTA, July 18—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts 1 bales; shipments —; sales none; stock 983.

Weekly—Net receipts 28; shipments 125; sales 319; to spinners none.

CHARLESTON, July 18—Cotton nominal; middling 11; net receipts 2 bales; gross 2; sales 10; stock 1,425.

Weekly—Net receipts 67; gross 67; sales 25; exports coastwise 85.

MONTGOMERY, July 18—Cotton steady; middling 10¾; net receipts of the week 12 bales; shipments 142; stock of 1884, 1,334; 1883, 1,768; sales 142.

MACON, July 18—Cotton nominal; middling 10¼; net receipts of the week 1 bales; sales none; stock of 1884, 2,201; 1884, 137; shipments —.

COLUMBUS, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts of the week 3 bales; shipments 430; sales 315; stock 779.

NASHVILLE, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 11; net receipts of the week 200 bales; shipments 217; sales 239; to spinners 212; stock of 1884, 2,954; 1883, 857.

SELMA, July 18—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts of the week 2 bales; shipments —; stock 711.

ROME—Not received.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movements in Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, July 18—Wheat to-day opened strong and advanced to under an active demand, then weakened, ruling rather quiet. In the last hour prices advanced sharply and closed 1⅛c above the opening. Foreign markets were reported firmer early, and a good many buying orders were received here from southern and southeastern points, where old winter wheat is turning out less than was expected. It was also reported that the farmers in Kansas were stocking their wheat, being unwilling to sell it at present prices. The local crowd were also more inclined to be bullish, and followed the market up, some of them trying to sell out at top prices, which caused a temporary weakness. Later advices were helped by firmer private cables and a demand from the short interest. There was some inquiry for vessel room for wheat, and flour was wanted for export.

Corn followed wheat, with considerable trading in the speculative market and a moderate demaud for cash.

Oats were rather firmer but quiet.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, July 18, 1884.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

WHEAT.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
August	84	85	84	84⅞
September	84⅞	86¾	84¼	86⅜

PORK.

July	23 50	23 50	23 50	23 50
August	23 50	23 50	23 50	23 50

CLEAR RIB SIDES.

August	7 57½	7 72½	7 57½	7 72½

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, July 18—Flour—Patent process $6.50@6.75; fancy $5.50@5.75; extra family $5.25; family $5.00; southern flour 25@50c ₰ bbl higher; new flour lower. Wheat—Market quiet; millers buying lightly; lower prices are looked for; Tennessee and Kentucky 97@$1.00; Georgia wheat 90@95c. Corn—White milling, car lots bulk, 81c; do. sacked 84c; dray lots 88@90c; mixed, car lots bulk, 76c; do. sacked 74c; dray lots 77@80c. Corn Meal—85@90c. Stock Feed—$1.35 ₰ 100 lbs. Oats—Western, car lots bulk 40@43c; sacked 45½c; dray lots 50c; Georgia raised in 50 bushel lots and upwards 40@43c. Rye—None. Hay—No fancy offering; choice timothy ₰ ton $19.00; ₰ 100 lbs $1.05; prime ₰ ton $18.00; ₰ 100 lbs $1.00; no clover on market. Wheat Bran—Car lots 90; dray lots $1.00. Grits $3.85 ₰ bbl.

BALTIMORE, July 18—Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and western superfine $2.75@$3.25; extra $3.35@$4.00; family $4.25@$5.50; city mills superfine $2.75@$3.15; extra $3.35@$4.00; Rio brands $5.37@$5.62. Wheat, southern steady and active; western higher; southern red 98@$1.00; amber $1.00@$1.02; No. 1 Maryland $1.00@$1.01; No. 2 western winter red spot 95¾@95¾. Corn, southern steady and quiet; western dull; southern white 73@75; yellow 65@68.

NEW YORK, July 18—Flour, southern firm; common to fair extra $3.40@$4.50; good to choice $4.55@$6.25. Wheat, spot ½c higher; ungraded red 70@96½; new red southern $1.00; No. 2 red spot 99¼@99⅝; July nominal. Corn, spot advanced to 101½; ungraded white 48@63; No. 2 spot 60¾; July nominal. Oats ¼@¾c higher; No. 2 35¼@37. Hops dull; common to choice 23@32.

ST. LOUIS, July 18—Flour unchanged. Wheat higher but closed below top figures; No. 2 red fall 86@87 cash; 87¼@89¾ July. Corn higher but inactive; No. 2 mixed 47¾@48¾ cash and July. Oats higher but slow; 36 bid cash; 29¼ July.

CHICAGO, July 18—Flour unchanged. Wheat opened firm and closed ⅞@1⅛c above yesterday; July 83@84⅞. Corn unsettled; closed 1½@1⅝c higher; cash 53½@53¾; July 53¾@54¼. Oats quiet and easy; cash 30¼; July 30½@30⅝.

CINCINNATI, July 18—Flour easier; family $4.05@$4.50; fancy $4.90@$5.25. Wheat strong and higher; new No. 2 red winter 89½@90. Corn strong; No. 3 mixed 54½@55. Oats stronger; No. 2 mixed 34.

LOUISVILLE, July 18—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 red winter new 82@85. Corn, No. 2 mixed 55. Oats, No. 2 western mixed 34.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, July 18—Market comparatively quiet. Coffee—Rio 10@12; old government Java 26c. Sugars—Standard A 7¼c; granulated 7¾c; white extra C 7¼c; no demand for New Orleans sugars. Molasses—Black strap in barrels 25c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 50c; prime 45c; fair 35@40c; common 30c. Teas—Black 40@60c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 20c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 80c. Pepper 18c. Crackers—Milk 8c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 7c; X soda 6c; XXX do. 6¼c. Candy—Assorted stick 9¾c. Mackerel—Market about bare of 1s and 2s; No. 3 kits, L.W., 55c; do. ¼ bbls, 80 lbs, $2.75@$3.75; do. ¼ bbls, 100 lbs, $4.50. Soap $2.50@$7.00 ₰ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 10c. Matches—100 box $1.50; 200 $4.50; 300 $4.75. Soda, in kegs, 4¾c; in boxes 5¾@6¼c. Rice 6@7c.

NEW YORK, July 18—Coffee, spot fair Rio steady at 10; No. 7 Rio spot 8.35; July 8.25. Sugar firm; English Island 5; Barbadoes 5¼; muscovado 5¼; centrifugal 5 13-16; fair to good refining 5½; refined weak; C 5⅝@5¾; extra C 5¾; white extra C 6; yellow 4⅞@5⅛; off A 6¾; mould A 6⅞@7; standard A 6 7-16@6½; confectioners A 6 11-16; cut loaf 7⅜@7½; crushed 7⅜; powdered 7⅛@7⅜; granulated 6⅞; Cubes 7@7⅛. Molasses steady; Cuba 16; New Orleans 30@36. Rice steady; domestic 5¾@7; rangoon 4⅞@5.

CINCINNATI, July 18—Sugar unchanged; hards refined 7¾@8; New Orleans 5@6.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Sugar unchanged; granulated 7⅞@8; loaf 7¾.

Provisions.

CHICAGO, July 18—Pork dull but steady; cash $16.00@$17.00; July $23.50. Lard irregular and receded 2½@2¾ points, but closed tame; cash and July 7.15@7.17½. Bulk meats easier; shoulders and short rib 7.70; short clear 8.25.

LOUISVILLE, July 18—Provisions steady. Mess pork $16.50. Bulk meats, shoulders 5¾; clear rib 8¾; clear sides 9. Bacon, shoulders 6½; clear rib 9½; clear sides 9½; hams, sugar-cured 13½. Lard, steam leaf 9¼.

NEW YORK, July 18—Pork very quiet but held firm; family mess $16.00; old mess spot $15.75@16.00. Middles nominal; long clear 8¾. Lard opened steady, closing strong; western steam spot 7.40@7.50.

CINCINNATI, July 18—Pork firm; mess $16.00@$16.25. Lard firm at 7.00. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 5¼; short ribs 8¼. Bacon firm; shoulders 7¾; short ribs 9¼; short clear 9¾.

ST. LOUIS, July 18—Provisions firmer but slow. Pork, jobbing $16.00. Bacon, long clear 8¾; short rib 8¾; short clear 9.10@9.15. Lard slow 6¾.

ATLANTA, July 18—Market quiet; clear rib sides 9@9¼c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 13@13¼c. Lard—Tierces, refined 8¾c; tubs 9¼c.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, July 18—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $.150@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, July 18—Whisky steady at $1.07.

LOUISVILLE, July 18—Whisky quiet at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, July 15—Whisky steady at $1.08.

CHICAGO, July 18—Whisky steady at $1.10.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, July 18—Apples—None. Peaches—Market supplied mostly from country wagons. Prices range from 75c@$1.30 ₰ bushel. Watermelons, large average $120@$1.30 car lots on track; small $90@$110; ₰ 100 $18.00@$25.00; small $10.00@$15.00. Canteloupes ₰ dozen 75c@$1.00. Lemons—$3.00@$3.25 ₰ box. Oranges—None. Cocoanuts—None on market. Pineapples—$1.50@$2.50 ₰ doz. Bananas—$1.50@$2.50 ₰ bunch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins—New ₰ box $2.75; new London $3.00; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—None on market. California Pears—None. Citron—20c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—11c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 7½c; Virginia 11c; roasted 12½c ₰ lb extra.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, July 18—Turpentine firm at 29½; rosin firm; strained 97½; good strained $1.02½; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine steady; hards $1.00; yellow dip and virgin $1.85.

SAVANNAH July 18—Turpentine firm at 29¾; sales 750 barrels; rosin active; strained and good strained $1.00@$1.10; sales 200 barrels.

CHARLESTON, July 18—Turpentine steady at 29½ bid; rosin steady; strained and good strained $1.02½.

NEW YORK, July 18—Rosin du'l at $1.22½@$1.25; turpentine firm at 32. Petroleum 65.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, July 18—Eggs—8@9c; market amply supplied. Butter—Jersey 22½@25c; choice Tennessee 18c. Poultry—Young chickens 12½@22½c; hens 25@27½c; cocks 15c; ducks 15c. Irish Potatoes—New, small $1.50@$1.75; small $2.00@$2.50 ₰ bbl; $1.75@$2.00. Sweet Potatoes—None; no demand. Dried Fruit—Dull; season about over; peaches, peeled 6@10c; no demand; unpeeled 5@7c; sundried apples 6@7c; evaporated not wanted. Honey—Strained 9@12½c; in the comb 15@15c. Onions—$2.00@$2.50. Feathers—Choice 54@60; prime 50@55. Cheese—Skims 11. Peanuts 8½@12c.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, July 18—Market very quiet. We quote: Horse shoes $4.50; mule shoes $5.50; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $5.00. Trace-chains 40@70. Ames' shovels $10.50. Spades $10.50@$12.00. Axes $7.00@10.00 ₰ doz. Cotton cards $4.00. Well-buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $3.00. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₰ lb 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 7c; shot $2.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, July 18—The demand for mules is very moderate, and very few on market. Horses are in fair request at the following prices: Good combination horses $1.50@$2.50; good plug $1.15@$1.3; driving horses $1.50@$1.75. The supply of horses is in excess of demand.

CINCINNATI, July 18—Hogs active and firm; common and light $4.25@$5.20; packing and butchers $5.15@5.75.

Leather.

ATLANTA, July 18—Market quiet; G. D. 24@26c; P. D. 21@24c; best 25@28c; whiteoak sole 40c; harness leather 30@33c; black upper 35@40c.

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If you don't believe this, come and see for yourself. We have come here to do business.
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announce that we deny in toto the right of any one to
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Mountain coal company. Consumers are thoroughly
sold by Stocks & Brazleton,
them. They are sole agents for it in the south, and
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coming from Jellico mountain. Stocks & Brazelton
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RE. LARGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.
20 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

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MEDICAL DISPENSARY
31 West 9th St., Cincinnati, O.
The physicians of this Dispensary have secured a world-wide reputation for speedily curing Sexual Diseases, Gleet, Stricture, Liver, Kidney and Urinary Troubles, Blood and Skin Diseases.
YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN,
who are suffering from the terrible effects of Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Manhood, Youthful Indiscretions, Self-abuse, or Excess of any kind, and who now Have Pale Faces, Nervous weakened, bar lascivious dreams, and nocturnal emissions, is debilitated, emaciated, weak, melancholy, absent-minded, dull, P. I. S., and finds his life a burden.
A Cure is guaranteed in every case, as our remedies act quickly and cure permanently.
Patients treated in all parts of the world.
DR. BETTS, the consulting physician, is a graduate from four medical colleges, 25 years experience and extensive practice in England, France and America. Pamphlets and list of Questions mailed free.

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NO CURE NO PAY.

DR. T. B. LITTLE.
Gate City National Bank Building, corner Alabama and Pryor streets, Atlanta, Ga.

BOHEMIAN BITS.

WANDERING JEWS AND THEIR ONE DAY'S FIND.

Gossip of the Gate City Gathered up Here and There—Events Discussed on the Street Corners and About the Curbstones—What the Scribes Find to Write Up, Etc.

A slight sprinkle of rain about half past six yesterday afternoon cooled the atmosphere considerably.

The livery and sale stable are now handling a good line of saddle and driving horses. The prices are good.

Anderson street is being improved and beautified. It will soon be one of the best drives in the city.

Marietta street boasts of a mocking bird that can whistle "The Elephant Walks the Rope" to perfection.

The merchants on Peters street spend the dull afternoons over a checkerboard. The street claims to have the best player in the city.

Serenades are becoming frequent. Every night a half dozen parties are out. The Knickerbockers paid their friends a visit last night.

The improvement work on Alabama street has been commenced. The street between Whitehall and Broad will be paved with belgian block.

Since the extreme eastern end of Harris street has been christined "Highland avenue," the building fever has gone that way with a rush.

The board of street commissioners are now negotiating for two or three street sweepers. The sweepers will be put to use on the streets which have belgian blocks.

Night before last a freight engine ran into a box car which had been left standing on one of the side tracks near the Central depot and knocked it to pieces. The car was loaded with grain, and the grain was scattered about promiscuously.

Yesterday afternoon the ell of Mr. Wm. Stevens's residence on Frazier street caught fire from the stove pipe, and when the blaze was detected the roof was disappearing rapidly. Several neighbors responded to Mr. Stevens's call for aid, and by the copious use of water succeeded in extinguishing the fire before a great deal of damage was done.

THE ARTESIAN WELL

To Be Located at the Intersection of Peachtree and Marietta Streets.

Yesterday a CONSTITUTION man asked Councilman *Dunning* if the committee on artesian well had decided where they would locate the well.

"We have," he replied. "The artesian well will be located where the fountain now is at the intersection of Marietta and Peachtree streets. The committee has not taken formal action on the subject, but I consider it certain that the well will be located there."

"Is there room enough there for the machinery which will be used in boring the well?"

"Plenty of room. That has all been looked after."

"When will the machinery be here?"

"The contract provides that it shall be delivered by the middle of August and we expect to have it in position and ready to begin work by the first of September."

The Warren, Pa., Sunday Mirror has this to say of the well machinery:

Colonel John W. Baum, one of our oil drillers and oil producers, is to furnish Atlanta, Ga., with water by artesian wells. While on a visit to Atlanta some two months ago, Mr. Baum completed arrangements with that city to superintend the drilling of artesian wells for supplying the city with water, and is now here to procure the necessary machinery, tools and employ men for that purpose—Struthers, Wells & Co. to furnish the machinery, the Oil Well Supply company to furnish the tools. Mr. Baum has procured the most experienced drillers in this country and with his long experience in this business we feel confident he will meet with success. He tells us Atlanta is one of the most flourishing cities in this country, it has more than doubled in population and business in the past eight years and now is in a flourishing condition. A fine hotel, the H. I. Kimball house, now being built to cost $650,000, the furniture to cost $100,000. We wish Mr. Baum every success in his new enterprise.

MISS BYRD'S CONDITION.

The Young Atlanta Lady Who Was Injured in Little Rock.

The special telegram to THE CONSTITUTION, yesterday morning, from Little Rock, telling of the serious accident which happened Miss Nellie Byrd in that city created quite a sensation throughout the city. Miss Byrd is widely and favorably known in Atlanta. She numbers her friends by the hundred, and the intelligence of her misfortune caused profound sympathy among those who know her. On every side great anxiety was exhibited by her acquaintances, and throughout the entire day the family was beseiged by friends who wanted to know the extent of Miss Byrd's injuries. Early yesterday morning telegrams of inquiry were sent to Little Rock and during the day replies were received detailing the accident and containing the gratifying intelligence that the young lady's injuries were not half so bad as the press dispatches indicated. On the day of the accident Miss Bird had completed her arrangements to start to Atlanta. She had made quite a success in Little Rock and drove out that evening for a last look at the city. While passing over one of the busiest avenues her horse became frightened, and by a sudden and unexpected jump, threw the buggy around. Miss Byrd lost her balance and fell out. She struck the hard street with great force, and her hip was badly bruised, but was not broken. The accident was witnessed by scores of people, and Miss Byrd was quickly picked up and carried into Mrs. Tanps' residence near by. The best physicians in the city were called in and every possible attention was given her. She states in her message to her family that the physicians say she will be able to be up in a day or two, and that she will start home next week. She is being shown every kindness and attention that can be bestowed upon her. Miss Byrd has been traveling for the SUNNY SOUTH for a long time and has proven a most successful canvasser. She left Atlanta in January last, and has been through Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Colorado, Texas and Arkansas. She would have been home the last of this week had not the accident happened her.

CURIOUS PETS.

Several Hundred Texas Horned Frogs the Property of a Lady.

Mrs. Parker, a lady who resides at 106½ Peachtree street, has a box of curious pets. Yesterday she showed them to a CONSTITUTION man and an ugly crew they seemed to the scribe. In two or three dry goods boxes were several hundred Texas horned frogs. The frogs were of all sorts and sizes, and in some places in the boxes were three deep, scales bristled all over their bodies while their horns stuck up savagely. Cold chills ran up and down the scribes' back as he looked at the wriggling mass of curious looking little animals.

"These frogs run or walk, they do not hop," remarked the lady as she put a frog out on the floor and let him crawl off like a small alligator.

"Oh, isn't he a beauty!" she said as she picked up the "horrid thing" and tenderly stroked his rough back. "Under a magnifying glass his rough skin would shine with the brilliancy and beauty of a thousand gems."

"What are you going to do with them?" asked the reporter.

"I will take them north and sell them for pets or to use in gardens for the destruction of insects."

"How much?"

"Fifty cents apiece."

"What do you feed them on?"

"Insects of any kind. I can feed them once a week, once a month or once in three months, it's all the same to the frogs."

Mrs. Parker has a few centipedes, tarantulas, snakes and other hideous reptiles that the scribe was glad enough to get away from.

A MATTER OF TAX.

Differences Between the Comptroller General and a Railroad.

There seems to be some trouble over taxing the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern railroad.

Some time ago Comptroller General Wright declined to accept the return of the road, the road which is a narrow gauge, having been returned at only $1,200 a mile. The comptroller general assessed it at $3,500 a mile. The road refused to accept the assessment, and asked that the differences be referred to a board of arbitrators. Mr. Wright appointed Colonel Tyler M. Peeples, of Gwinnett county, to act for the state, and the road appointed Captain J. N. Bass, of Augusta. These gentlemen went over the road carefully and examined it fully but they failed to agree. It thus became their duty to call in an umpire. Several names were proposed on each side, but they all declined to act. The thirty days having expired, in which under the law the report was to be made, it became the duty of the comptroller general to notify the governor. Yesterday Comptroller-General Wright notified the governor of the failure to select an umpire and requested him to appoint arbitrators to meet the arbitrator on the part of the road to make the assessment. Their assessment will be final. The governor has not appointed the arbitrators.

THE TAX ASSESSOR.

The Election by the City Council Next Monday Night—A Warm Time.

The city council will convene in regular session Monday night and will wrestle with the election of a city tax assessor. Mr. McCreary's term as assessor has expired, and at the last session of the council an ineffectual effort to elect his successor was made. Mr. Malone, who has worked in the assessor's office was a candidate, Mr. Dimmick, at one time deputy city marshal, was also in the race, as was Mr. Gaines Chisholm, too. Each of these candidates had good following, but neither one had enough to secure his election. There were other candidates in the race, but after the third or fourth ballot all names except Malone, Dimmick and Chisholm were dropped. Then for thirty-four ballots the council attempted to make a choice. It required eight votes to elect and each man received seven several times. Since the council adjourned each of the candidates have been working hard to secure the needed number, and the contest Monday night will be a lively one. During the past week a half dozen new candidates have sprung up, and when the race opens Monday night it will be a grandge-as you-please race as far as the number of candidates is concerned. It is said by knowing ones that the friends of Malone, Dimmock and Chesholm will stick to them until there is no possible chance of an election, when they will flock to one of the new candidates. Each of the many candidates are confident of success.

"SOUTHERN VIEWS."

A Picture That a LaGrange Photographer Has Just Made.

THE CONSTITUTION is in receipt of a picture that rather takes the cake.

The public will recollect the hanging of Hardin, the brutal negro who outraged a widow near LaGrange. He was hanged to a tree and left swinging there. An enterprising LaGrange photographer who has made a number of very handsome stereoscopic views went out to the place and photographed the spectacle left by the enraged mob that sent Hardin to his long sleep. The negro dangles from the tree limb and lifeless. The knot appears to be a genuine hangman's knot, and is on the side of the head next to the observer. The negro's head is turned to one side. The locality is very pretty in a picture, the trees and shrubbery looking as peaceful and serene as a summer twilight. A little fence trails away through the bushes. The colored citizen swinging to the limb makes a blood curdling spectacle, however. There is no explanation on the card, except that across one end is printed "Southern Views," and on the other the card of the photographer. The photographer makes a business of taking stereocopic views, and had put this photograph on a card, such as was used in all other views. At the same time it is rather grim to see a lynching pictured as a "southern view."

THE ATHLETIC CLUB.

The Bicyclists Join the Club in Force—The Atlanta Gun Club Will Probably Join.

Yesterday added largely to the membership of the Atlanta Athletic club.

The bicyclists made up a list of thirteen names and had them added to the list. They will increase this list to-day to 25, which covers all the wheelmen. A "meet" will be had at the club grounds next week, and this delightful sport will be given new impetus.

Captain Langston, of the Atlanta Gun club, has called a meeting of the glass ball shooters for Monday evening at 5:30 o'clock, when they will go to the new Athletic club grounds and test their adaptation for trap shooting. The grounds of this club were sold last season, and the club has done no shooting this summer. The enclosed Athletic grounds will furnish excellent field for shooting—much superior to the old grounds, quite as retired and much more convenient. As soon as the club is satisfied with the grounds, it is probable that the whole membership of fifty marksmen will be added to the Athletic.

A large number of people went out yesterday to see the new grounds, and found special interest in watching the large squads of workmen grading and building. The work will be practically finished by Monday night, and the grounds will be opened formally about Thursday.

CAPITOL CITY CLUB.

Removed to the James Mansion Next Week —The Money Subscribed.

Next week the Capitol City club will take possession of its new home, the elegant James mansion on Peachtree street. It will be fitted up in the completest style, so as to give the club the most perfect club house in the south outside of New Orleans. The governing committee met yesterday afternoon and perfected the arrangements for the removal from the present quarters to the new and permanent house. All who have subscribed to the bonds of the club, which are to be issued at once, are expected to pay the amount due to the committee to-day or Monday. Subscriptions for the bonds due January and July next are rapidly coming in, and it is now certain that all the payments will be promptly met. Several new members have recently been elected, extending the total membership of the club to 135. The present club house will be sub-let to one of the several applicants for possession as soon as the exchange to the James mansion is perfected. The price paid by the club for the James mansion was $30,000. The house itself cost $45,000, and the lot is one of the most valuable in the city.

Notaries Public.

Yesterday the governer commissioned the following notaries public: For Gwinnett county 404th district, A. G. Harris; 406th district, A. H. Martin; 5408th district, Edward W. Nash; 444th district, Wm. L. Andrews; 544th district, James R. Noel; 550th district, John M. Posey; 462d district, Caleb B. Pool; 1263d district, Marion Roberts. For Chatham county the following were commissioned: 1st district, Michael Naughtin; 2nd district, Waring Russell, Jr.; 3d district, John S. Tyson; 4th district, S. Elsinger; 5th district, A. Bonand; 6th district, James T. Buckner; 7th district, McLeod King; 8th district, Van R. Winkler.

The Tax Digests.

Tax digests are coming in quite rapidly, and Comptroller-General Wright reports increased values in all the counties. The digests show very considerable increase in some of the counties.

Captain A. M. Jackson Dead.

Captain Andrew M. Jackson, of Gainesville, died yesterday morning of consumption. Captain Jackson was father of Mrs. William Harralson, of this city.

DEEDS OF DARKNESS.

THE MANY CRIMES THAT CRIMINALS COMMIT.

What Became of the Young Man who was Arrested Day Before Yesterday on a Telegram from Augusta—A Few Burglaries and Some Stealing—Patrolmen and Politics.

The state docket at the city prison was not opened at all yesterday, except by the hungry news hunters. Up to midnight not a single name was inscribed on the book, and the keepers became terribly despondent. The city docket was brought into use only a few times during the day, and the cases entered were trivial ones, and will be disposed of by the recorder this morning in quick time.

C. W. Conner, alias Will Ferguson, the young man who was arrested in Mr. Abe Fry's jewelry store day before yesterday on a telegram from Augusta was released yesterday afternoon. The telegram asking for Ferguson's arrest was signed by W. E. Cosgrove, and the discription of Ferguson given in the telegram was exactly a photograph of the man who was arrested and gave his name as Conner. Immediately after Captain Crim arrested Conner he telegraphed Cosgrove, asking for the number of the watch and for instructions concerning the prisoner. In response to this telegram Cosgrove wired Captain Crim that he had mailed a letter containing full particulars. The prisoner was held until two mails from Augusta reached Atlanta, but no letter came and the captain decided that further detention was useless. He then released the prisoner. Conner still says that he knows no cause for his arrest and that he is going on to St. Louis, where he expects to secure work.

Night before last a thief entered Mr. Wm. Powell's residence on Baker street, and stole a quantity of wearing apparel and some jewelry. The thief entered the house through a rear window, which he forced open.

The patrolmen have commenced talking politics. They spend their idle moments at the city prison just now discussing the congressional campaign. Some few of the wisest politicians have begun to talk about the coming race for mayor. Patrolman Holland has an idea of offering for the mayor's chair himself.

On Clark street, near the corner of Capitol avenue, resides Horace Payne, a colored citizen who is out of town. His wife occupies the house alone just at this time. Night before last a negro went to one of the windows and undertook to raise it. He had it up and was slipping off his shoes to enter the house when the woman awoke and demanded:

"Who is there?"

Failing to receive a response she seized a pistol and exclaiming:

"I have something here that will make you talk—" ran to the window and fired two shots at the retreating man, but without success.

ON FRAZIER STREET.

On the same night some one went to two Frazier street houses and attempted to enter by the windows but the persons inside were awakened and the thieves were frightened off.

WHAT WAS IT?

A New Trunk Stained Throughout With Blood Found Near the City Limits.

The citizens residing near the Gate City planing mill, and the hands who work there, as well as the police department, are now the owners of a good sized sensation which they discussed from early yesterday morning until bed time last night.

Early yesterday morning as one of the employes of the mill was going to work, he found a new trunk in an open lot near the road. The trunk was new, and was turned on its side in such a way as to let the lid fall back. It attracted the attention of the workman as he passed by, and caused him to wonder what it meant. But he did not stop to examine it. However, as he went on to the mill his mind dwelt upon the trunk so constantly that he finally decided to go back and examine it. After arriving at that conclusion he hurried back to the trunk, and turning it over, pushed the lid back so as to have a good view of the interior. He found that the trunk was a paper lined one and that the lining was completely stained with blood, while a small pool of the same crimson fluid was in one corner of the trunk. The discovery frightened the man and hurrying on to the mill he notified his associates of what he had seen. Several other men visited the place and when the bookkeeper arrived, the city prison was called up by telephone and an officer asked for. Mounted Officer Joyner, was on duty at the prison and hurried out to the mill from whence he proceeded to the trunk. He found it just as it had been described by the men. It was not even touched except by the one who discovered it, and when it was pulled to one side great quantities of flies were seen to leave. The ground all around was carefully examined but nothing calculated to throw any light upon the mystery was found. The trunk was turned over and over and closely scrutenized, but no marks were found upon it. The interior was thoroughly searched but nothing except the blood stains could be found. There were no scraps of cloth or hair to tell for what purpose the trunk had been used. The trunk was new but was cheap and had evidently been purchased for the use to which it had been put. Mounted Officer Joyner found himself unable to give a solution to the mystery, but expressed the belief that some one had used the trunk for carying away a new-born babe, and that after the burial the trunk was thrown away where it was found. Some of the men who saw it declared that a foul crime had been committed, and that the trunk had been used by the perpetrators for the purpose of hiding the deed. The trunk was left at the mill.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES.

An Announcement by State School Commissioner Orr.

State School Commissioner Orr has issued an announcement touching the teachers' institutes to be held this year.

There will be three this year, one in Macon, one at Norcross and one at Dalton. All three will open simultaneously on the 4th of August, and they will be kept up for four weeks, closing the 29th of that month.

The institute instructors will be as follows: Macon—B. M. Zettler, superintendent of the public schools of the county of Bibb; Charles Lane, principal of the Alexander free school, and Lawton B. Evans, superintendent of the public schools of the county of Richmond; Norcross—W. H. Baker, superintendent of the public schools of the county of Chatham; W. S. Bogart, principal of the Girls' high school, Savannah, and Professor S. C. Caldwell, of Rome female college; Dalton—Rufus W. Smith, president Dalton female college; E. G. Moore, principal Fair street grammar school, Atlanta, and John Neely, principal of a girls' high school, Augusta.

There will be separate schools for teachers of the white and colored races, taught in different houses but by the same instructors, at each of the places. All the teachers of both races are earnestly invited to attend. Instruction will be free, but each teacher will, of course, be expected to pay his own board. The sole object is to prepare earnest teachers to do better work.

The railroads generally have made a liberal reduction in rates. Copies of the circular can be secured by application to Commissioner Orr.

A Sad Death.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Scott died quite suddenly early yesterday morning at their residence, on Highland avenue. The friends of the family tender their profound sympathy.

A Hammond Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the central Hammond club to-night at Concordia hall at 8½ o'clock.

THE GEORGIA PRESS.

Arrangements for the Excursion to Baltimore—Who Will Go?

At the annual meeting of the Georgia press association last year it was determined to take an excursion this year, and a committee was appointed to prepare for it. The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road greatly aided the committee in arranging a pleasant trip as far north as their connections extended. The general superintendent, Major O'Brien, detailed a very efficient agent of his line, Mr. S. H. Hardwicke, who has been unremitting in his attention to the details of the excursion. It has been determined that the excursion will leave here at 11:40 p.m., on the 23d inst., and go directly through to Baltimore without change of cars, and members of the excursion can return when they desire. The authorities of the Peidmont Air-Line will permit parties to return over their route from Baltimore. The authorities of the Western North Carolina road have informed the committee that a ticket will be given for members of the press who desire to go over their road.

Three sleepers have been engaged, and a baggage and passenger car will compose the train, carrying the Georgia editors on the excursion.

Members of the press who have their names on the enclosed list can have berths secured for them by writing at once to Jack W. Johnson, ticket agent East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, Atlanta, Georgia. Excursionists will be required to pay sleeping car fare and hotel bills during trip. Tickets will be good until 7th of August. The excursion will be one of the most pleasant that has left our state in years, and the members of the press, as will be seen by reference to the appended list, will be our best editors and proprietors of leading papers in the state.

As will be seen by the following letter from Superintendent Fry, the officers of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad are arranging for a side trip from Morristown to western North Carolina. Invitations from Mr. Timberlake, proprietor of Howard springs North Carolina, have been also received, and will be submitted to press association at their meeting on 23d instant, at this place.

The following is Colonel Fry's letter:

ATLANTA, Ga., July 18, 1884.—Colonel E. P. Howell, Chairman, Atlanta.—Dear Sir: The general superintendent informs me that he will with pleasure give the excursionists the privilege of passing over our road from Morristown to Point Rock and return on regular trains: He has forwarded the papers to Colonel Andrews, president of Western North Carolina railroad, and as soon as he gets them back I will send them to you.

Yours truly, J. W. FRY, Superintendent

Additional information will be published in THE CONSTITUTION from day to day until meeting of the press convention.

List of members Georgia state press association participating in the excursion Atlanta to Baltimore, as presented by the Virginia, Tennessee and Georgia Air-Line, over East Tennessee Virginia railroad, N. and W. railroad, S. V. railroad, W. M. railroad, leaving Atlanta Tuesday, July 23d, 1884, 11:30 p. m., arriving Baltimore, Friday, July 25th, 1884, 11:30 a. m.:

News and Advertiser, A. W. Miller and lady, Albany, Ga.
Recorder, W. L. Glenn and lady, Americus, Ga.
Banner-Watchman, T. L. Gant, Athens.
Southern Cultivator, J. H. Prather and lady, Atlanta.
Christian Index, H. H. Cabaniss and lady, Atlanta.
Southern Cultivator, J. S. Prather and lady, Atlanta.
Medical and Surgical Journal, Dr. J. A. Gray, Atlanta.
University Reporter, G. N. Wilson, Athens.
Chronicle and Constitutionalist, Patrick Walsh, Augusta.
Democrat, J. M. Brown and lady, Bainbridge.
Advertiser and Appeal, T. G. Stacy and lady, Brunswick.
Herald, W. M. Benns and lady, Butler.
Early County News, W. W. Fleming, Blakely.
Advertiser, D. B. Freeman and lady, Cedartown.
South Georgia Clarion, J. Underwood, Camilla.
Register, A. M. King, Cartersville.
Register, R. H. Barns, Cartersville.
American, Douglass Wikle, Cartersville.
American, W. S. Neel, Cartersville.
Enterprise, S. W. Hawkins and lady, Covington.
Star, J. W. Anderson and lady, Covington.
Weekly Monitor, R. H. Kinnebrew and lady, Dunlieville.
Paulding New Era, W. A. Breckenridge, Dallas.
Douglasville Star, R. A. Sibley, Dallas.
Journal, George W. Cheeves, Dawson.
Dodge County Journal, B. B. Chency, Eastman.
News-Letter, Samuel R. Freeman and W. J. Green, Fairburn.
Monroe Advertiser, M. C. Cabaniss, Forsyth.
Tribune, S. E. Lewis and lady, Fort Gaines.
Dispatch, George P. Woods, Hawkinsville.
Sentinel, P. T. Littlefield and lady, Jesup.
News, E. I. Hanes, Jonesboro.
Walker County Messenger, George M. Napier and lady, LaFayette.
Reporter, S. P. Callaway and lady, LaGrange.
Herald, T. M. Peeples, Lawrenceville.
Henry County Weekly, J. A. Fouche, McDonough.
Christian Advocate, J. W. Burke and wife, Macon.
Telegraph and Messenger, H. C. Hanson, Macon.
Journal, John O. Massey and lady, Marietta.
Recorder, S. H. Christopher, Montezuma.
Jasper County News, T. R. Penn and lady, Monticello.
Georgia College Journal, I. S. Hopkins, Oxford.
Home Journal, John H. Hodges and wife, Perry.
Free Press, J. B. Rounditree, Quitman.
Herald and Georgian, William Park and lady, Sandersville.
Mercury, A. J. Jernigan, Sandersville.
Ishmaelite, R. H. Lewis, Sparta.
Times and Planter, S. W. Roberts, Sparta.
Eagle, W. R. Bromson, Statesboro.
Telephone, W. L. Matthews, Sylvania.
Morning News, J. H. Estill and lady, Savannah.
Times, B. H. Richardson, Savannah.
New Era, W. E. Mumford, Talbotton.
Times, C. R. Pendleton, Valdosta.
Gazette, J. W. Chapman, Washington.
West Point Press, John W. Heidt and lady, West Point.

THE CAPITOL COMMISSION.

The Board Adjourns to Meet on the 24th of September Next.

Yesterday the capitol commission completed its labors and adjourned to meet on the 24th of September at 3 o'clock p. m.

After concluding their examination of the bids General Alexander offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the board reject all the bids received for furnishing material and the construction of the state capitol.

Resolved secondly, That the commission readvertise for further bids for furnishing material and construction for the state capitol to be received until four o'clock p. m., September 24, 1884.

The commissioners then went to work and agreed on the new form of advertisement.

The plans, etc., can be had on application to the commission or at the office of Edbrooke & Burnham, the architects at Chicago. No bids will be considered unless they are made out on the schedule blanks furnished by the commission. In making bids in the competition just closed a number of bids were thrown out because they were not on the schedule blanks, the bidders not appearing to fully understand the requirements of the commission. Bond and security from the bidders will be required in all cases.

The commission passed an order for the advertisement to be inserted once a week for the two months in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, Macon Telegraph and Messenger, Columbus Enquirer-Sun, Savannah Morning News, Augusta Chronicle and Constitutionalist, also in a New York builders' paper, the Baltimore Sun, the Inland Architect, of Chicago; the St. Louis Republican, Cincinnati Enquirer, and Louisville Courier-Journal.

After auditing some accounts, the commission adjourned to meet on the 24th of September.

MR. EDBROOKE'S OPINION.

A CONSTITUTION man asked Mr. Edbrooke what he thought of the action of the commission. He said:

"I think the commission has taken a very wise course. I am confident—I know that the readvertisement will result in bids that the commission will be able to accept. You may depend on it, money will be saved, and the capitol will be built."

Mr. Edbrooke will leave on Monday for Chicago.

The commissioners take a trip up the Marietta and North Georgia road to-day to see the marble quarries of that section of the state.

STILSON, Jeweler.
Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices
53 WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GA.

Colonel Mynatt.

Last night at Middlebrooks hall this popular candidate for congress addressed a goodly number of his friends on the pending canvass, and was frequently applauded. The crowd was with him. It is becoming more apparent daily that Colonel Mynatt will prove the strongest man in the race. His following is solid, earnest and confident. The people will do well to have as their representative such an able and honorable man.

Tate Spring water warranted to cure dyspepsia

New Sweet Potatoes.

T. C. Mayson, No. 3 and 5 Marietta street, has just received a fresh supply of choice, new sweet potatoes, first of the season.

A Small Lot

Of Seersucker pants separate from the suits which we offer for $1 a pair. EISEMAN BROS., 55 Whitehall street.

Give your children Smith's worm oil.

Over 2,000 barrels Tate water shipped annually

We Have Cut Down

Our stock very materially since inaugurating our special bargain sale. But we have a great many rare bargains to dispose of yet, and all being seasonable, fresh goods. EISEMAN BROS., 55 Whitehall street.

The Decisions of the February Term of the
SUPREME COURT
have just been published in pamphlet form.
We will send the Pamphlet, postage paid on receipt of One Dollar.
Address THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

As we are determined to clear out all of our cassimere suits this season, you can find among our $8.50 suits some that are worth nearly double the money. EISEMAN BROS., 55 Whitehall street.

LUBRICATING OILS.
A. P. TRIPOD
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, GLUE,
Painters' and Artists' Supplies,
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
WINDOW GLASS LOOKING
CUT, ENAMELED, GROUND, COLORED, POLISHED AND ROUGH PLATE GLASS.
Also, Agent for the Celebrated
AVERILL MIXED PAINTS
AND SILICATE PAINT CO.'S MANUFACTURES.
13 BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Call on McBride & Co.,
They own the celebrated Gate City Water Filter, avoid sickness by giving your family pure water.
McBride
Has for sale the best refrigerators known. It is economy to buy the best.
McBride keeps the largest stock of Hotel Goods in the south, and their prices defy competition.
McBride keeps only the best silver ware, castors, spoons, forks and knives, Rogers fine cutlery. Housekeepers will save money by buying from McBride.
Ice cream freezers, fruit jars, jelly tumblers, fly fans, at
McBride's.
Latest novelties in decorated china. Bisque and handsome colored glass from the most celebrated factories, now arriving at McBride's.
If you want a perfect light get from McBride the fifty candle-power electric lamp. For the most delightful coffee use the Textin Filter Urn now for sale by McBride.

O. A. SMITH
MANUFACTURER OF
Sulphuric Acid
66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,
AND OTHER CHEMICALS.
Office, 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga
—ALSO.—
DISTILLER OF COAL TAR.
Manufacturer of
Roofing and Paving Materials,
Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts.
PERFECTION BRAND OF
READY ROOFING
Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,
ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc.
No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

DISEASES OF THE BLADDER AND KIDNEYS have always been potent factors in the reaping of Death's harvest. No matter of what nature or how long standing these complaints may be, sure and speedy relief is offered in
Smith's Extract of Mayflower.
The many cures effected by this remedy have gained for it a world-wide popularity. None need suffer, save those who refuse to be relieved. If you would know just exactly what is meant by the term BRIGHT'S DISEASE, and how to cure it, inclose a two cent stamp with your address to
S. B. SMITH & BRO., Covington, Ky.

THE LAST STRAW
That will Break the Back of all Competition.

Another Whack at the Bulls.
SENDS PRICES DOWN 25 TO 60 PER CENT.
We have selected from each department in our store, all lots of suits of every description and price, of which we have not complete line of sizes, and regardless of how greatly the prices may have been already reduced, we have now made a further reduction of 50 per cent to insure their immediate sale.
The very fact that there are but few of each kind left is assurance that they have met with most favor, and are the very choice styles in our stock. In the aggregate there are several hundred suits, comprising all sizes for men, boys and children, and every suit is marked below cost.
Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,
THE FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS,
41 WHITEHALL ST.

CURE THE EFFECT OF INDIGESTIBLE FOOD.
YOU CAN EAT
WATERMELONS,
PLUMS,
GREEN APPLES,
VEGETABLES.
In fact anything that is tempting at this season of the year, and which so often results in a disordered condition of the bowels, and take a dose of Dr. BIGGER'S SOUTHERN REMEDY and you will counteract any evil effects, as it not only aids digestion but acts as a neutralizing agent.
Children Teething.
My little girl had a very high fever last week and was threatened with Cholera Infantum. I gave her Dr. Biggers' Southern Remedy. A few doses acted like magic and relieved her entirely. No family should be without it. Gratefully yours,
WM. S. PARKS, Druggist.
The General Attorney of the Pullman Sleeping Car Company, says that old Dr. Biggers could leave no better legacy than his Southern Remedy for bowel affections, and in all his travels he has never found anything to equal it for the relief of Diarrhœa, Dysentery and the restoration of the little ones whose system is suffering such a drainage from the effect of teething.
Father!
Loss of sleep sustained in the anxiety spent in nursing the little darling so slowly and pitifully wasting away by the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething, nearly unfits you for business. We suggest that if you will try a bottle of Dr. Biggers' Southern Remedy you will have a panacea for all bowel troubles, and loss of sleep and sickness will be unknown in your house.
For sale by all druggists.

FOR CONGRESS
HARRY JACKSON.
DELEGATES.
HENRY W. GRADY,
SAMUEL M. INMAN,
JOHN J. DOONAN,
B. S. IVY,
SAM. F. PARROTT,
MARK L. TOLBERT,
LEVI COHEN,
GEORGE HILLYER,
GEO. W. WINBURN,
JAMES M. WILSON,
W. C. MADDOX,
W. M. CAMP

FOR CONGRESS
P. L. MYNATT,
DELEGATES:
DR. E. J. ROACH,
J. J. BARNES,
J. M. LIDDELL,
MARTIN H. DOOLY,
WHEELER MANGUM,
THOS. J. BOYD,
H. C. SAWTELL,
FRANK E. BLOCK,
TOM CLAYTON
C. J. SIMMONS,
C. Q. ADAMSON,
BENJ. F. McDUFFIE. 7p

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. N. J. HAMMOND.
DELEGATES:
JOHN R. GRAMLING.
SAMUEL WIEL.
FRANK M. POTTS.
WM. A. HAYGOOD.
T. T. SMITH.
JAMES F. BURDETT.
DR. J. D. TURNER.
A. L. HOLBROOK.
ALEX. W. SMITH.
J. H. HARWELL.
MOSES LIPES.
A. B. CULBERSON.

TEACHERS and SCHOOL GIRLS ATTENTION!

We will reduce our price of tuition during the summer months to accommodate ladies desirous of taking advantage of the school vacation. New Art Goods. Cool studio. Call and see specimens or send for circulars. Firing and gilding of China our specialty. Artists' requisites in great variety.

LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL.
67½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO., ARCHITECTS,
9½ Peachtree Street.

FOR INFORMATION AS TO
RAILROAD RATES, ROUTES, TIME, ETC.,
To any Part of the World

Apply to B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger Agent, Kennesaw Route.
Atlanta, Ga.
8m

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 6¼; New York at 11; in Atlanta at 10¾.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, July 18, 10:31 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	29.94	78	72	N W	Light	.00	Clear.
Augusta	29.92	79	...	S E	Light	.04	Clear.
Key West	30.06	82	...	N W	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Savannah	29.87	82	...	N	Light	.00	Cloudy

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.						
6:31 a m	29.98	76	68	N E	Light	.00 Clear.
10:31 a m	29.99	85	68	S W	Light	.00 Fair.
2:31 p m	29.92	88	66	W	Light	.00 Fair.
6:31 p m	29.94	80	72	W	Fresh	.00 Cloudy
10:31 p m	29.94	78	72	N W	Light	.00 Clear.

Mean daily bar..... 29.954 Maximum ther..... 89.0
" " ther..... 80.9 Minimum ther..... 73.0
" " hu'y..... 66.7 Total rainfall..... .00

THEO. H. PRICE, Late of Eure, Farrar & Price. FERGUS REID.

PRICE, REID & CO.,
Cotton Commission Merchants
—NORFOLK, VA.—

Special attention given to the sale of cotton, to arrive or in transit, for both foreign and domestic markets. Correspondence solicited.

WATCH REPAIRING!
SKILLED WORKMEN.
UNEQUALLED FACILITIES

Watches left for repairs made as nearly like new as possible, and all work guaranteed.

J. P. STEVENS & CO., Jewelers.

MEETINGS.

Gate City Loan and Building Association.

I am instructed by the directors to keep the books of the association open for a few days. Any persons wishing stock please call on

W. H. NUTTING,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE LUCKY THIRTEEN.

Their First Annual Banquet at the Markham House Last Night.

Just one year ago the Gate City Guard were enjoying a delightful stay at Moorehead City. One of the chief pleasures of their stay was the afternoon sailing on the beautiful bay. On the afternoon of July 18th, 1883, several boating parties were made up and one of the boats was so unfortunate as to capsize in mid ocean. It contained—

J. P. Culberson, W. T. Kuhns, Louis Weimar, J. P. Felby, E. B. Fletcher, Thomas Flemming, W. M. Camp, Scott Thompson, J. S. Pinson, J. T. Moore, W. J. White, Mr. J. B. Kiser of the Gate City Guard, and Mr. Jacob Elsas, of the firm of Elsas & May, the company's janitor and four sailors. They were landed safely and when the news of the accident reached Atlanta that night there was considerable excitement until it became positively known that every one had escaped. Those who were on the boat became heroes and when the company returned to Atlanta the thirteen "shipwrecked" men a they delighted to call themselves, received a big welcome.

The survivors had been rescued by a little boat, the "Julia Bell," and as their number happened to be that of the famously unlucky thirteen, they agreed to defy superstition and organize a "Society of Thirteen" to hold annual banquets in commemoration of the almost marvellous escape of the thirteen Gate City Guard boys who were picked from the sides of a sinking boat. The banquet last night did honor to the new management of the Markham horse. It was in all respects a model entertainment to the "Thirteen" and their invited guests. The menu gave every delicacy of the season presented in the most delicious fashion. The defiance of superstition was religiously preserved throughout, every one of the "Thirteen" being served on thirteen plates of different kinds. There were thirteen courses, thirteen toasts, and thirteen colors to the beautiful silk which enveloped the cards that lay before each guest. The entire affair was perfectly managed by Mr. Edward Callaway, of the Markham house, and in the dining room C. W. Watson, the headwaiter, did his duty well. Mr. Jacob Elsas was toast master, and the following were the toasts and the responses:

The "State of Georgia" was responded to in an eloquent letter from Governor McDaniel, whom business with the capitol commission prevented from being present. Mayor Goodwin was also unable to be present to respond to the "City of Atlanta."

The Governor's Horse Guard" was a sentiment to which Mr. F. H Gordon devoted his wit and sentiment. "The Press" called forth Mr. F. H. Richardson, of THE CONSTITUTION.

Charles S. Atwood answered "Our Guests" in genial style.

Captain Harry Jackson made a ringing speech in answer to the toast, "The Bar of Georgia," and was heartily applauded.

Lieutenant Charles Sciple paid a modest, but graceful tribute to "The Ladies."

Lieutenant White told what he knew of "Moorehead City," and then the more particular story of the disaster was related by Mr. W. M. Camp, president of the Survivors' association.

Mr. Ed Reinhardt stood up for the "Gate City Guard" in his usual gallant style, expressing himself as well in speech as he does in the manual.

It was very late when the noble "Thirteen" were bidden good night by the friends they had so beautifully entertained and the wish of all who had left them was that they might find a safe voyage to the haven of a goodly success in life, which should give a glowto every recurring anniversary of last year's peril.

A New Thievery Game.

The helpless countryman has encountered a new and very sharp trick which has been extensively played of late. A thief picks his place and with a basket on his arm awaits the approach of a vegetable wagon. When he sees one he walks through a yard, out to the front gate and hailing the countryman says, "the lady," wants a dime's worth of beans or any other vegetable the countryman may have. The vegetables are placed in the basket and the thief remarks:

"The lady says send her 30 cents change and she will send you the dollar."

The unsuspecting countryman hands over the change, the negro enters the yard goes around the house and if he encounters any one proposes to sell the vegetables. At last he disappears through the back gate and the countryman waits long and in vain for his money. The police are on the lookout for perpetrators of this new game of thievery.

Mr. Elmore's Death.

Mr. Theo. J. Elmore, of the firm of Elmore & Krouse, died last night at 12 o'clock at his residence 43 Collins street. Mr. Elmore has been sick only four weeks and until a day or two ago his illness was not considered serious. He was at one time a member of the firm of Goode, Fontaine & Elmore, and was well and favorably known. He leaves a wife to mourn his death.

—FOR—
BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY,
AND ALL OFFICE SUPPLIES,
—CALL AT—
LYNCH & LESTER'S,

C. W. MOTES,
Portrait Photographer,
34 WHITEHALL STREET.

THE BEST GALLERY, FINEST SCENERY AND best light in the city. My scenery has been carefully selected from Seavey, the celebrated New York artist, and is especially suited for young ladies in their graduating dresses. A large and fine assortment of Gold, Plush and Antique Bronze picture frames. Sittings made in cloudy weather. All work done by the instantaneous process.
C. W. MOTES.

David H. Dougherty
SPOT CASH.

July 15th.—On and after this date you will find the prices on many lines of choice goods so astonishingly low that you will be tempted to buy as an investment even should you not need the goods to-day. This is no sensation merely to get you in, I don't believe in such advertising. We are showing the goods and prices to back what we say. An anspection is all that we ask. Our reputation for truthfulness will rise or full by your decision and we know it.

The Peters Street Jackson Club.

Last night there was a large and interesting meeting in favor of Captain Jackson at Middlebrooks' hall, and the enthusiasm in Captain Jackson's favor was very great. Speeches were made by Mr. Hoke Smith, Colonel Reuben Arnold, Captain Jones and Mr. J. H. Lumpkin. Several of the representatives of different mechanical interests made short but earnest talks, pledging their active support to the cause. Many names were added to the already long list of members of the club.

To-night there will be a meeting at the Red Men's hall, on Marietta street. Captain Jackson will address the meeting. Mr. B. H. Hill and other able speakers will also be present.

A Card From Mr. Conner.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I was on yesterday arrested at the instance of A. Fry, whom you stated had turned detective, kept in the city prison and to-day honorably released. I am a gentleman of Detroit, Mich., and now more intimately connected in Charleston, S. C.

I refer you to Nordell, 91 King street, P. P. Toale, sash and door manufacturer, Fritz Mallenhow, of Charleston; Bockus & Frost and H. B. Elam of Detroit, Mich., and many others whom I can name as to my character.

Respectfully, C. W. CONNER.

Church Music.

The choir of the First Baptist church has been perfected as follows: Professor S. P. Snow, organist; Mrs. Dow, soprano; Mrs. Wallace, alto; Professor Goldsmith, tenor; Mr. John Hall, basso. The choir is composed of some of the very best material in the city and will give general delight to church goers.

Melon Report for July 18, 1884.

New Orleans	7	Atlanta	6
Chicago	2	Louisville	1
Anniston	1	Chattanooga	1
Cincinnati	3	Birmingham	1
St. Louis	1		
Nashville	1	Total	26
Indianapolis	2		

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF BOYD AND KING, FURNITURE Manufacturers, 535 Marietta street is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Isaac S. Boyd assumes all the liabilities and will collect all amounts due the late firm.

ISAAC S. BOYD,
JOS. L. KING.

July 11, 1884.

REFERRING TO THE ABOVE CARD, THE UNdersigned having sold his interest in the business of Boyd & King to Captain Isaac S. Boyd, desires to return thanks to our friends and customers for the liberal patronage given our house and to ask for his successor a continuance of their favors.
1w JOS. L. KING.

SAWMILL CLUB.

AT A MEETING OF THE SAWMILL MEN'S Club, held at Tallapoosa, Ga., June 21st, 1884, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That we respectfully solicit the cooperation of all persons engaged in the production or sale of lumber in Georgia and Alabama, and we recommend that clubs be organized in each county, city and town in said states and send delegates to meet in the city of Atlanta at 2 o'clock p.m. on the 31st day of July next, the object of said meeting to take into consideration such matters of facts as appertains to the interest of its members, particularly to try to regulate prices of lumber.

J. K. LISCHTENWATER, Chairman.
G. O. SMITH, Secretary.
june29—4&wkvlm

KENNESAW ROUTE.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

The following time card in effect Sunday, June 15, 1884.

NORTHBOUND.
NO. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta..... 8 20 a m
Arrive Dalton..... 12 06 n'n
" Chattanooga..... 1 30 p m
Stops at all important stations.

NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta..... 2 35 p m
Arrive Dalton..... 6 22 p m
" Chattanooga..... 8 00 p m

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Atlanta..... 3 45 p m
Arrive Rome..... 6 50 p m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

No. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays

Leaves Atlanta..... 7:05 a m
Arrives Marietta..... 8:15 a m
Stops at all way stations, and by signals.

NO. 11, EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta..... 11 40 p m
Arrives Chattanooga..... 5 15 a m
Stops at all important stations when signalled.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS

No. 3 has Parlor Chair Cars Atlanta to Nashville.

No. 1 has Pullman Palace cars Atlanta to Louisville, via Nashville, New Orleans to Washington, and Pullman cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati.

No. 14 runs solid to Rome.

No. 11 has Pullman car Atlanta to Nashville.

SOUTHBOUND.
NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Chattanooga..... 8 00 a m
Leave Dalton..... 9 47 a m
Arrive Atlanta..... 1 40 p m
Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Chattanooga..... 2 55 p m
Arrive Atlanta..... 8 40 p m

NO 12, EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Chattanooga..... 10 15 p m
Arrive Atlanta..... 3 40 a m
Stops at all important way stations.

No. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Rome..... 8 30 a m
Arrive Atlanta..... 11 45 a m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

GAINESVILLE ACCOMMODATION—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta..... 5 15 p m
Arrive Gainesville..... 7 25 p m
RETURNING.
Leave Gainesville..... 6 00 a m
Arrive Atlanta..... 8 20 a m

NO. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Marietta..... 7 05 a m
Arrive Atlanta..... 8 15 a m

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 4 has Pullman Palace cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville, New Orleans to Washington, and Nashville to Atlanta.

No. 2 has Parlor Chair car Nashville to Atlanta.

No. 12 has Pullman car Louisville to Atlanta via Nashville.

B. W. WRENN,
Pass. and Ticket Agent.
A. R. ANDERSON,
General Superintendent.

HIRSCH BROTHERS.
HAVE MARKED DOWN THEIR
ELEGANT LINE OF CLOTHING FOR MEN BOYS' AND CHILDREN,
To Prices to Suit the Times.
We still have a choice line of Goods in our Merchant Tailoring Deparment, at greatly reduced figures
HIRSCH BROS.
42 and 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

THIN SUMMER GOODS
IN GREAT VARIETY AT VERY LOW FIGURES.
OUR BOYS' and CHILDREN'S SUITS
WE ARE SELLING OUT AT REDUCED PRICES.
A No. 1 Stock of Fine Dress Suits, Worsteds, Granites, &c., Kept Constantly on Hand.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER AT POPULAR PRICES.
MUSE AND SWIFT
38 WHITEHALL ST.

A Large stock of Watches
—AT—
Greatly Reduced Prices.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW'S,
31 Whitehall street.

SUMMER CLOTHING

The warm season has at last fairly set in, and the old winter suit, having done faithful service for nine solid months, but now threadbare, and no longer presentable, must in defereuce to common decency be laid aside and a genteel summer outfit substituted therefor.

We have full lines of Alpaccas, Mohairs, Sicilian Cloths, Surges, Creoles, Seer-Suckers, etc., and will sell them at at the lowest prices ever named for similar goods.

If you have a few dollars left that you are afraid to deposit in Bank for fear you may lose it, you cannot do better than invest in Summer Clothing. Our prices are rock bottom.

A. O. M. GAY,
Clothier and Tailor,
35 WHITEHALL STREET.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

July 15th.—On and after this date you will find the prices on many lines of choice goods so astonishingly low that you will be tempted to buy as an investment even should you not need the goods to-day. This is no sensation merely to get you in, I don't believe in such advertising. We are showing the goods and prices to back what we say. An inspection is all that we ask. Our reputation for truthfulness will rise or fall by your decision and we know it.

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FLORIDA!

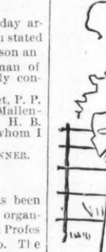
FOR SALE—A FINE STOCK FARM IN FLORida. 32 head fine Jersey and Holstein Cattle, Horses, Mules and farm implements, a large bennery, houses, barns, and other buildings; 25 acres all ready for planting an orange grove. This is an excellent opportunity for a home and good business in Florida. For further particulars address,
GRIFFIN & CLARKSON.
tues Jacksonville, Fla.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

ALL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF MARY Caroline Munday, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

CARRIE ROBERTS, Executrix.
Atlanta, June 14, 1884. tues

THE ONLY GENUINE
JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT
is the BEST HEALTH BEVERAGE, Tonic and Nutritive known. The Genuine CONTAINS ONE-THIRD MORE to the bottle than the Imitation, and is SUPERIOR in quality.



"I have used Johann Hoff's Genuine Malt Extract during the last 6 years in my medical practice, and have found it an admirable food and tonic in convalescence, in cases of Dyspepsia, for the weak and debilitated, especially Nursing Mothers, Weakly Children, Lung and Throat Diseases."
W. O. STILLMAN, A.M., M.D., Phila.

I have brought suit against Messrs. Tarrant & Co. for bottling and selling another preparation upon the reputation of my Genuine Malt Extract, for which I have received 58 Medals from Exhibitions, Medical societies, etc. etc.

Beware of Imitations!
None genuine without signature of "Johann Hoff" & "Moritz Eisner," on the neck of every bottle.
JOHANN HOFF,
Berlin, Germany.
EISNER & MENDELSON, Sole Agents for the U. S., 338 & 320 Broadway St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PAUSE & SCHROETER,
Fresco and Scenic Artists,
Office, 31 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.
Sketching, Drawing and Designing.
References—GOVERNOR'S MANSION, CHAS. BERMANN, BENJ. CRANE, ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH, GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK.
Out-of-town orders executed in the best style

Georgia Pacific Railway

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

THROUGH SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 17TH, 1884.

WESTWARD. (Central Standard Time.)	No. 1. NOrle'ns Express, Daily.	No. 2 Accom'n
Lv. Atlanta, Union Depot	7.10 a m	4.05 p m
*Howell, Ga	7.23 a m	4.30 p m
*Peyton, Ga	7.33 a m	4.48 p m
Chattahoochee, Ga	7.36 a m	4.53 p m
*Concord, Ga	7.46 a m	5.00 p m
Mableton, Ga	7.53 a m	5.22 p m
Austell, Ga	8.00 a m	5.36 p m
Salt Springs, Ga	8.08 a m	5.47 p m
Douglasville, Ga	8.21 a m	6.12 p m
Winston, Ga	8.34 a m	6.25 p m
Villa Rica, Ga	8.50 a m	7.12 p m
Temple, Ga	9.06 a m	7.43 p m
Bremen, Ga	9.27 a m	8.21 p m
Tallapoosa, Ga	9.51 a m	9.03 p m
Muscadine, Ala	10.08 a m	9.31 p m
Edwardsville, Ala	10.25 a m	10.04 p m
Heflin, Ala	10.42 a m	10.35 p m
Davisville, Ala	10.56 a m	11.00 p m
Choccolocco, Ala	11.04 a m	11.12 p m
DeArmanville, Ala	11.13 a m	11.26 p m
Oxford, Ala	11.25 a m	11.48 p m
*Oxanna, Ala	11.50 a m	11.50 p m
Anniston, Ala	12.00 a m	12.10 a m
*Berclair, Ala	12.25 p m	12.50 a m
Eastaboga, Ala	12.35 p m	1.05 a m
Lincoln, Ala	12.52 p m	1.33 a m
Riverside, Ala	1.06 p m	1.55 a m
Seddon, Ala	1.12 p m	2.05 a m
Eden, Ala	1.25 p m	2.30 a m
*Cook's Springs, Ala	1.43 p m	2.56 a m
*Bromton, Ala	2.00 p m	3.24 a m
Leeds, Ala	2.10 p m	3.40 a m
*Irondale, Ala	2.45 p m	4.30 a m
Ar. Birmingham	3.00 p m	5.00 a m
Lv. Birmingham, A. G. S	3.20 p m	.....
Ar. Meridian	10.20 p m	.....
New Orleans	6.00 a m	.....
Jackson	3.30 a m	.....
Vicksburg	5.00 a m	.....

EASTWARD.	No. 2. Atlanta Express, Daily.	No. 4. Accom'n Daily.
Lv. Vicksburg	8.00 p m	.....
Jackson	10.35 p m	.....
New Orleans	10.00 p m	.....
Meridian	5.20 a m	.....
Ar. Birmingham	12.20 p m	.....
Lv. Birmingham	12.45 p m	6.00 p m
*Irondale, Ala	1.05 p m	6.25 p m
Leeds, Ala	1.40 p m	7.15 p m
*Bromton, Ala	2.00 p m	7.31 p m
*Cook's Springs, Ala	2.16 p m	7.58 p m
Eden, Ala	2.33 p m	8.25 p m
Seddon, Ala	2.46 p m	8.48 p m
Riverside, Ala	2.51 p m	8.56 p m
Lincoln, Ala	3.03 p m	9.18 p m
Eastaboga, Ala	3.16 p m	9.45 p m
*Berclair, Ala	3.25 p m	10.00 p m
Anniston, Ala	3.47 p m	10.45 p m
*Oxanna, Ala	4.07 p m	10.50 p m
Oxford, Ala	4.10 p m	10.56 p m
DeArmanville, Ala	4.20 p m	11.26 p m
Choccolocco, Ala	4.28 p m	11.43 p m
Davisville, Ala	4.35 p m	11.58 p m
Heflin, Ala	4.47 p m	12.25 a m
Edwardsville, Ala	5.01 p m	12.05 a m
Muscadine, Ala	5.16 p m	1.30 a m
Tallapoosa, Ga	5.30 p m	2.00 a m
Bremen, Ga	5.50 p m	2.40 a m
Temple, Ga	6.09 p m	3.20 a m
Villa Rica, Ga	6.24 p m	3.52 a m
Winston, Ga	6.37 p m	4.20 a m
Douglasville, Ga	6.50 p m	4.43 a m
Salt Springs, Ga	7.04 p m	5.09 a m
Austell, Ga	7.10 p m	5.20 a m
Mableton, Ga	7.17 p m	5.35 a m
*Concord, Ga	7.24 p m	5.48 a m
Chattahoochee	7.35 p m	6.06 a m
*Peyton, Ga	7.38 p m	6.11 a m
*Howell, Ga	7.48 p m	6.30 a m
Ar. Atlanta, Union Depot	8.00 p m	6.45 a m

*Flag Stations.

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EASTWARD—Connect at Atlanta with R. & D., Ga. R. R., Cent. R. R. of Ga., E. T., Va. & Ga., W. & A. and A. & W. P. R. R.

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Macon, Ga.

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With great pleasure I certify to the efficacy of that truly excellent preparation—Brewer's Lung Restorer. It has indeed proven to be a sovereign remedy in my family. For many months my wife has suffered from weak lungs, and has experienced great difficulty in breathing, so much so that she could not sleep at all at night; she also lost her appetite, and, in fact, her condition was truly alarming. The Lung Restorer having been recommended by several friends, I resolved to get it and test its virtues, which I did, and with the most happy effect. She has taken but two bottles, and the result is wonderful. She now experiences no difficulty in breathing, her appetite is good, and she is rapidly regaining her strength and I am convinced its continued use will effect a permanent cure. I would, therefore, cheerfully recommend it to all who have weak lungs, as it cannot fail to be of great benefit to all who may give it a trial. Yours truly,
GEO. W. SIMS.

The above testimonial was given in 1880. Hear what the same gentleman says after an interval of four years:

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1	do	do		10,000
2	PRIZES OF	$5000		12,000
5	do	2000		10,000
10	do	1000		10,000
20	do	500		10,000
100	do	200		20,000
300	do	100		30,000
500	do	50		25,000
1000	do	25		25,000
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9	Approximation Prizes of			$750 6,750
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Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time)	8 40 a m	4 40 p m
" Lula	11 04 a m	7 40 p m
" Greenville	2 59 p m	11 45 p m
" Charlotte	6 55 p m	4 20 a m
" Salisbury	8 40 p m	6 50 a m
" Greensboro	10 25 p m	8 05 a m
Arrive Danville	12 00 m	10 20 a m
Leave Danville	12 20 a m	10 35 a m
" Lynchburg	2 40 a m	1 50 p m
" Charlottsville	4 55 a m	4 35 p m
Arrive Washington	9 20 a m	9 20 p e
Leave Washington	9 40 a m	9 50 p m
Arrive Baltimore	10 50 a m	11 25 p m
" Philadelphia	1 23 p m	3 45 a m
" New York	3 50 p m	6 25 a m
" Boston		4 40 p m
Leave Danville	10 20 p m	10 35 a m
" Burkville	5 20 a m	1 44 p m
Arrive Richmond	7 00 a m	3 50 p m

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